

INVESTMENT SERVICES RULES FOR INVESTMENT SERVICES PROVIDERS

**PART BIII: STANDARD LICENCE CONDITIONS
APPLICABLE TO INVESTMENT SERVICES LICENCE
HOLDERS WHICH QUALIFY AS **ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT
FUND MANAGERS****

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REVISIONS LOG

VERSION	DATE ISSUED	DETAILS
1.00	22 July 2013	-
2.00	16 January 2018	-
3.00	10 June 2019	See: Feedback Statement on SRDII
4.00	4 May 2020	See: Circular dated 4 May 2020 on the MMF Guidelines
5.00	3 July 2020	See: Circular dated 3 July 2020 on the updates made to the ISP and CIS Rulebooks & Circular dated 3 July 2020 on the Fitness and Propriety Assessment of Committee Members involved with ISPs and CIS'
6.00	13 August 2020	See: Circular dated 13 August 2020 on the ESMA Guidelines relating to the MiFID II compliance function requirements
7.00	12 October 2020	See: Circular dated 12 October 2020 on the Update to Investment Services Rulebooks
8.00	21 December 2020	See: Circular dated 11 December 2020
9.00	4 January 2021	See: Circular dated 4 January 2021 on the Update to Investment Services Rulebooks
10.00	7 January 2021	ESMA Guidelines on outsourcing to cloud service providers
11.00	12 April 2021	See: Circular dated 12 April 2021 on the Annual Fund Return
12.00	24 June 2021	See: Circular dated 24 June 2021 on the Revisiting of the MFSA Notified AIF Regime
13.00	13 August 2021	See: Circular dated 13 August 2021 on the Update to Investment Services Rulebooks
14.00	20 October 2021	See: Circular dated 20 October 2021 on the Update on Central Bank of Malta Reporting and Appendix 2B Financial Return for Fund Managers
15.00	28 March 2022	See: Circular dated 28 March 2022 on Amendments to the Investment Services Rulebooks
16.00	23 May 2022	See: Circular dated 23 May 2022 on Amendments to the Investment Services Rulebooks to transpose and implement EU Directives, Regulations and EBA Guidelines
17.00	4 October 2022	See: Circular dated 4 October 2022 on Amendments to the Investment Services Rulebooks to implement the revised ESMA Guidelines on stress test scenarios under the MMF Regulation

18.00	12 April 2023	See: Circular dated 12 April 2023 on Amendments to the Investment Services Rulebooks to implement the revised ESMA Guidelines on stress test scenarios under the MMF Regulation
19.00	4 September 2023	See: Circular dated 4 September 2023 on Various Amendments to the Investment Services Rulebooks
20.00	5 February 2024	See: Circular dated 5 February on Various Amendments to the Investment Services Rulebooks
21.00	28 March 2024	See: Circular dated 28 March 2024 on Amendments to the Investment Services Rulebooks in relation to the Money Market Funds Regulation
22.00	20 November 2024	See: Implementation of Various EBA & ESMA Guidelines
23.00	4 December 2024	See: Transposition of Directive (EU) 2022/2556 on Digital Operational Resilience for the Financial Sector – Amendments to the Authority’s Rules
24.00	12 December 2024	See: Implementation of the MiCA Regulation and Its Corresponding Guidelines
25.00	7 August 2025	See: Amendments to the Investment Services Rulebooks in relation to the Money Market Funds Regulations
26.00	30 April 2026	See: Various Amendments to the Investment Services Rulebooks for the Purposes of Directive 2024/927(EU)

INTRODUCTION

Part Bill of the Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers applies to Investment Services Licence Holders which provide services in terms of the AIFMD. Therefore, Part Bill does not apply to Investment Services Licence Holders which qualify as MiFID Firms, UCITS Fund Managers, or Depositaries.

APPLICABILITY OF REGULATION (EU) NO 345/2013 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL OF 17 APRIL 2013 ON EUROPEAN VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDS AND OF REGULATION (EU) NO 346/2013 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL OF 17 APRIL ON EUROPEAN SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP FUNDS

A Licence Holder which intends establishing and managing an AIF which is:

- [I] a European Venture Capital Fund in terms of Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on European Venture Capital Funds; or
- [II] a European Social Entrepreneurship Fund in terms of Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on European Social Entrepreneurship Funds;

shall also refer to and comply with the applicable provisions of those Regulations in addition to the SLCs prescribed in this Section of the Rulebook applicable to *de minimis* AIFMs.

SECTION 1 – PART BIII: INVESTMENT SERVICES LICENCE HOLDERS – DE MINIMIS AIF MANAGER

[I] INTRODUCTION

1. Licence Holders which satisfy one of the following conditions shall not be subject to this Part of the Investment Services Rules but shall comply with the requirements laid down in this section:
 - a. Either directly or indirectly, through a company with which the Licence Holder is linked by common management or control, or by a substantive direct or indirect holding, manage portfolios of AIFs whose assets under management, including any assets acquired through use of leverage, in total do not exceed a threshold of EUR 100 million; or
 - b. Either directly or indirectly, through a company with which the Licence Holder is linked by common management or control, or by a substantive direct or indirect holding, manage portfolios of AIFs whose assets under management in total do not exceed a threshold of EUR 500 million when the portfolios of AIFs consist of AIFs that are unleveraged and have no

redemption rights exercisable during a period of 5 years following the date of initial investment in each AIF.

Where the conditions prescribed above are no longer met, the de minimis Licence Holder concerned shall inform the MFSA thereof and shall apply for an extension to its de minimis Licence to a full AIFM Licence. This application shall be made within 30 days from the date of notification to the MFSA.

Provided that in complying with the requirements prescribed in SLC 1, the Licence Holder shall further comply with Articles 3 and 4 of the EU Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision.

2. The activities of the Licence Holder shall ordinarily be limited to the management of collective investment Schemes which are not marketed to retail investors. However, the Licence Holder may also, with the approval of the Authority, be allowed to market collective investment Schemes to retail investors, subject to compliance with SLCs 41 to 58 of these Investment Services Rules. The Licence Holder may also, with the approval of the Authority provide other Investment Services.

When the de minimis Licence Holder is also authorised to provide investment advice and/or portfolio management services to retail and/or Professional Clients and/or to Eligible Counterparties it shall:

- a. disclose its interest in any collective investment Scheme(s) in respect of which it provides investment advice;
- b. not be permitted in the course of the provision of portfolio management services, to invest all or part of the investor's portfolio in units of collective investment Schemes it manages or in which it has an interest, unless it receives prior general written consent from the client following disclosure of its interest; and
- c. not be permitted to provide portfolio management services to any Depositary which performs custodial duties for collective investment Schemes in respect of which it acts as Manager.

The *de minimis* Licence Holder shall not use the Scheme's assets for its own purposes.

3. The de minimis Licence Holder shall not benefit from any rights to passport granted in terms of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive unless they choose to apply for a full AIFM Licence, subject to all the conditions prescribed in Sections 1 to 10 of Part BIII of this Rulebook.
4. The de minimis Licence Holder shall comply with the following requirements:
 - a. The Licence Holder shall provide information to the MFSA on the AIFs that it manages including their investment strategies;

- b. The Licence Holder shall regularly, provide the MFSA with information on the main instruments in which it is trading and on the principal exposures and most important concentrations of the AIFs that it manages in order to enable the MFSA to monitor systemic risk effectively:

Provided that in complying with the requirements prescribed in paragraph [4a] above, the Licence Holder shall submit to the MFSA the information prescribed in Annexes 1A and 2B to Appendix 13 to these Rules and shall further comply with:

- a. the applicable provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision; and
 - b. the ESMA Guidelines on reporting obligations under Articles 3(3)(d) and 24(1), (2) and (4) of the AIFMD [ESMA/2013/1339 (revised)].
- c. The Licence Holder shall immediately notify the MFSA in the event it no longer meets the conditions referred to in SLC 1.
 - d. The Licence Holder shall provide the MFSA with any additional information required from time to time. In particular, in respect of each annual accounting period, the Licence Holder shall require its auditor to prepare a management letter in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, which shall be submitted to the MFSA. The auditor must also confirm to the MFSA that the audit has been conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and whether, in the auditor's opinion the methodology used by the Licence Holder to calculate its assets under management complies with the requirements of the Alternative Investment Fund Management Directive.

5. The de minimis Licence Holder shall commence its Investment Services business within twelve months of the date of issue of the Investment Services Licence.

If, for any reason the de minimis Licence Holder is not in a position to comply with this condition, it shall notify the MFSA in writing setting out the reason/s for such a delay together with an updated business plan indicating the proposed date of commencement of business. On the basis of the information provided and the circumstances of the case, the MFSA may decide to suspend or cancel the Licence in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Act.

6. The de minimis Licence Holder shall co-operate in an open, honest and transparent manner with the MFSA and inform it promptly of information relevant to the supervision of the Licence Holder. The de minimis Licence Holder shall supply the MFSA with such information and returns as the MFSA may request.

7. Where a Standard Licence Condition requires that a de minimis Licence Holder notifies the MFSA of any particular event, such notification shall be made to the MFSA formally, in a durable medium. The request to notify the MFSA of an event shall not be satisfied merely by the fact that the information which ought to be notified to the MFSA is included in a standard regulatory return.
8. The de minimis Licence Holder shall notify the MFSA in writing of:
 - a. a change in the Licence Holder's name or business name (if different) at least one month in advance of the change being made;
 - b. a change of address: at least one month in advance;
 - c. any material changes to the conditions for initial authorisation, in particular material changes to the information provided during the application process at least one month in advance of the change being made;
 - d. the ultimate beneficial ownership of any party directly or indirectly controlling 10 per cent or more of the Licence Holder's share capital on becoming aware of the situation;
 - e. any acquisitions or disposals of shares which fall within the disclosure provisions of Article 10 of the Act – immediately upon becoming aware of the proposed acquisition or disposal. It should be noted that MFSA has the right to object to such an acquisition;
 - f. the appointment or the departure of any key function holders whose appointment is not subject to the MFSA approval, upon engagement. The notification of appointment of such officials shall be accompanied by a declaration confirming that:
 - i. the Licence Holder has carried out a due diligence assessment on the appointed individual and is satisfied that he/ she complies with the standards of fitness and propriety required by the MFSA should such individual cease to comply with the mentioned standards;
 - ii. the due diligence exercise undertaken has been fully documented, held at the registered office, and is available upon request by the MFSA; and
 - iii. the due diligence exercise carried out will be updated at periodical intervals as applicable and the updates will be documented and will be made available upon request by the MFSA.
 - g. the departure of a Director or Senior Manager: within 14 days of the departure. The Licence Holder shall also request the Director or Senior Manager to confirm to MFSA that their departure had no regulatory implications or to provide relevant details as appropriate. A copy of such request shall be provided to MFSA together with the Licence Holder's notification of departure;

- h. any evidence of fraud, dishonesty or irregular behaviour by a member of the Licence Holder's staff immediately upon becoming aware of the matter;
 - i. a decision to make a material claim on any insurance policy held in relation to the Licence Holder's Investment Services business. Notification should be provided as soon as the decision is taken;
 - j. any actual or intended legal proceedings of a material nature by or against the Licence Holder immediately after the decision has been taken or on becoming aware of the matter;
 - k. any material changes in the information supplied to the MFSA – immediately upon becoming aware of the matter. This shall include the obligation to notify the MFSA on a continuous basis of any changes or circumstances which give rise to the existence of close links, as defined in Appendix 9, between the Licence Holder and any other person;
 - l. establishing a branch abroad;
 - m. making application to an overseas Regulator to undertake any form of licensable activity outside Malta;
 - n. the fact, where applicable, that it has not provided any Investment Service or carried out any investment activity for the preceding six months, setting out the reasons for such inactivity and providing a business plan for future activity.
9. The *de minimis* Licence Holder shall obtain the written consent of the MFSA before:
- a. making any change to its share capital or the rights of its shareholders;
 - b. acquiring 10 per cent or more of the voting share capital of another company;
 - c. taking any steps to cease its investment services business;
 - d. agreeing to sell or merge the whole or any part of its undertaking;
 - e. appointing a Director or Senior Manager, Compliance Officer, Money Laundering Reporting Officer and any other person responsible for the day-to-day provision of portfolio management, risk management or investment advice, in advance.

Provided that, where a committee is tasked to undertake any such activity, only the person responsible for the respective activity (i.e. the official(s) holding the role of Portfolio Manager, Risk Manager and Investment Advisor respectively, whether the person is also a member of the Committee or otherwise) require the prior approval of the MFSA.

Provided further that, where such Committee is collectively responsible for the day-to-day provision of the respective activity, all its members would require the prior approval of the MFSA.

Where the prior approval of the Authority is required, the request for approval shall be submitted to the Authority together with a Personal Questionnaire duly completed by the person(s) proposed.

For the purposes of (e) above and (f) below, 'Senior Manager' should be interpreted as the person occupying the most senior role following that of Director, so that in the case where there are various management grades, it is the most senior manager who will require the MFSA's authorisation.

- f. the change in the responsibilities of a Director or Senior Manager in advance.
- The request for consent of the change in responsibilities of a Director or Senior Manager shall be accompanied by a PQ unless the individual concerned had within the previous three years submitted a PQ to the MFSA in connection with another role occupied by such individual with the same Licence Holder, in which case it shall be accompanied by a confirmation by the Director or Senior Manager as to whether the information included in the PQ previously submitted is still current, and indicating any changes or updates thereto;

A change in the responsibilities of a Director or Senior Manager should only be notified to the MFSA when such a change is material, which shall include a change in the status or seniority of the person concerned (upwards or downwards);

10. The de minimis Licence Holder shall maintain sufficient records to be able to demonstrate compliance with the conditions of its Investment Services Licence. The records shall be maintained for a minimum period of five years and shall be available to the MFSA upon request.

Additionally records which set out the respective rights and obligations of the de minimis Licence Holder and the client under an agreement to provide services, or the terms on which the Licence Holder provides services to the client shall be retained for at least the duration of the relationship with the client.

However, the MFSA may in exceptional circumstances require the Licence Holder to retain for such longer periods any or all of those records as is justified by the nature of the instrument or transaction, if it is considered necessary for MFSA to exercise its supervisory functions.

11. The records shall be retained in a medium that allows the storage of information in a way accessible for future reference by the MFSA and in such a form and manner that the following conditions are met:
- a. MFSA must be able to readily access the records and to reconstitute each key stage of the processing of each transaction;

- b. it must be possible for any corrections or other amendments, and the contents of the records prior to such corrections or amendments, to be easily ascertained;
 - c. it must not be possible for the records to be otherwise manipulated or altered.
- 12. The de minimis Licence Holder shall co-operate fully with any inspection or other enquiry, or compliance testing carried out by the MFSA, or an inspector acting on its behalf.
- 13. The Annual Supervisory Fee shall be payable by the Licence Holder on the day the Licence is first issued and, and thereafter upon submission of the annual audited financial statements.
- 14. The de minimis Licence Holder shall pay promptly all amounts due to the MFSA.
- 15. The de minimis Licence Holder shall notify the MFSA of any breach of the conditions of the Licence as soon as the Licence Holder becomes aware of the breach.
- 16. If so required by the MFSA, the de minimis Licence Holder shall use all its powers to delay the cessation of its Investment Services business or the winding-up of such business so as to comply with conditions imposed by the MFSA, in order to protect the interests of investors.

[II] ORGANISATION REQUIREMENTS

- 17. The de minimis Licence Holder shall comply with any requirements for local presence which the Authority may issue from time to time in the form of guidance to the industry.
- 18. The de minimis Licence Holder shall have an established place of business in Malta and shall:
 - a. establish, implement and maintain decision-making procedures and an organisational structure which clearly and in a documented manner specifies reporting lines and allocates functions and responsibilities;
 - b. ensure that its relevant persons are aware of the procedures which must be followed for the proper discharge of their responsibilities;
 - c. establish, implement and maintain adequate internal control mechanisms designed to secure compliance with decisions and procedures at all levels of the Licence Holder;
 - d. employ personnel with the skills, knowledge and expertise necessary for the discharge of responsibilities allocated to them;
 - e. establish, implement and maintain effective internal reporting and communication of information at all relevant levels of the Licence Holder;

- f. maintain adequate and orderly records of its business and internal organisation;
- g. ensure that the performance of multiple functions by its relevant persons does not and is not likely to prevent those persons from discharging any particular function soundly, honestly and professionally.
- h. a best effort basis refer to [the Guidance on Technology Arrangements, ICT and Security Risk Management, and Outsourcing Arrangements](#) .
- i. When entering into any and all outsourcing arrangements, the Licence Holder shall make reference to the [ESMA Guidelines on outsourcing to cloud service providers](#).

For these purposes, the de minimis Licence Holder shall take into account the nature, scale and complexity of its business, and the nature and range of Investment and Ancillary Services undertaken in the course of that business.

19. The de minimis Licence Holder shall establish, implement and maintain:

- a. systems and procedures that are adequate to safeguard the security, integrity and confidentiality of information, taking into account the nature of the information in question;
- b. an adequate business continuity policy aimed at ensuring, in the case of an interruption to its systems and procedures, the preservation of essential data and functions and the maintenance of Investment Services and activities, or, where that is not possible, the timely recovery of such data and functions and the timely resumption of its Investment Services and related activities;
- c. accounting policies and procedures that enable it to deliver in a timely manner to the MFSA upon request, financial reports which reflect a true and fair view of its financial position and which comply with all applicable accounting standards and rules.

20. The de minimis Licence Holder shall be a separate person from the Depositary of a Scheme for which it acts as Manager and shall act independently of each other and solely in the interests of the Unit holders. Since independence may be compromised in various ways, any facts, relationships, arrangements or circumstances which arise which may at any stage bring that independence into question shall be declared to the MFSA as soon as the de minimis Licence Holder becomes aware of any such matter.

21. The de minimis Licence Holder shall monitor and, on a regular basis evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of its systems, internal control mechanisms and arrangements and take appropriate measures to address any deficiencies.

22. The de minimis Licence Holder shall establish, implement and maintain adequate policies and procedures designed to detect any risk of failure to comply with its obligations under the Act, the Regulations issued thereunder and these Rules, as well as with its obligations under other applicable legislation, in particular the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 1994, the Prevention of Financial Markets Abuse Act, 2005, and Regulations issued thereunder, as well as to detect the associated risks, and shall put in place adequate measures and procedures designed to minimize such risk and to enable the MFSA to exercise its powers effectively. The de minimis Licence Holder shall, for this purpose appoint a Compliance Officer who shall be responsible for monitoring compliance with the applicable requirements.
23. The de minimis Licence Holder shall establish, implement and maintain adequate risk management policies and procedures in respect of the Schemes under management. The de minimis Licence Holder shall also adopt effective arrangements, processes and mechanisms to manage the risks relating to the Schemes' activities, processes and systems:

Provided that this requirement shall apply in proportion to the nature, scale and complexity of the Schemes managed.

24. In the event that the de minimis Licence Holder wishes to delegate to third parties the carrying out on its behalf of one or more of its functions, it shall first notify MFSA. Such notification shall include details of the nature of functions to be delegated and of the entity or entities to which the de minimis Licence Holder proposes to delegate such functions.
25. A de minimis Licence Holder shall ensure, when relying on a third party for the performance of operational functions which are critical for the provision of continuous and satisfactory service to clients and the performance of investment activities on a continuous and satisfactory basis, that it takes reasonable steps to avoid undue additional operational risk. Outsourcing of important operational functions may not be undertaken in such a way as to impair materially the quality of its internal control and the ability of the MFSA to monitor the de minimis Licence Holder's compliance with all obligations.
26. An operational function of a de minimis Licence Holder shall be regarded as critical or important if a defect or failure in its performance would materially impair the continuing compliance of a de minimis Licence Holder with the conditions and obligations of its authorisation or its other obligations under these Rules, or its financial performance, or the soundness or the continuity of its Investment Services and activities.
27. Without prejudice to the status of any other function, the following functions shall not be considered as critical or important:
 - a. the provision to the de minimis Licence Holder of advisory services, and other services which do not form part of the investment business of the Licence Holder, including the provision of legal advice to the Licence Holder, the training of personnel, billing services and the security of the premises and personnel; and

- b. the purchase of standardised services, including market information services and the provision of price feeds.
28. When the de minimis Licence Holder outsources critical or important operational functions or any Investment Services or activities, the de minimis Licence Holder remains fully responsible for discharging all of their obligations under these.

[III] CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

29. When providing Investment Services, a de minimis Licence Holder shall act honestly, fairly and professionally in accordance with the best interests of its clients and shall comply with the relevant provisions of the Act, the Regulations issued thereunder, these

Rules as well as with other relevant legal and regulatory requirements, in particular those set out in the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 1994, and the Prevention of Financial Markets Abuse Act, 2005 and Regulations issued thereunder. The de minimis Licence Holder is also expected to take due account of any relevant Guidance Notes which may be issued by the MFSA, as well as the Implementing Procedures issued by the FIAU in terms of the Prevention of Money Laundering and Financing of Terrorism Regulations to assist the de minimis Licence Holder in complying with its legal and regulatory obligations.

30. The de minimis Licence Holder shall establish a record that includes the document or documents agreed between it and the Schemes/ funds under management and which set out the rights and obligations of the parties, and the other terms on which the de minimis Licence Holder will provide services to the Schemes/ funds under management. The rights and duties of the parties to the contract may be incorporated by reference to other documents or legal texts.
31. The de minimis Licence Holder shall ensure that accurate clear and appropriate information is provided in a comprehensible form to investors such that they are reasonably able to understand the nature and risks of the Investment Service to be provided. The de minimis Licence Holder shall ensure that all information, including marketing communications addressed to investors or potential investors is accurate, fair, clear and not misleading and contains a statement to the effect that the licence holder qualifies as a de minimis Licence Holder under Maltese law and that its licence is restricted to portfolio management to collective investment Schemes which may only be marketed to professional investors.
32. The de minimis Licence Holder shall ensure that investors in the Schemes under its management are provided with adequate reports on the services to be provided. These reports shall include, where applicable, the costs associated with the transactions and services undertaken on behalf of the investors.
33. The de minimis Licence Holder shall maintain and operate effective organisational and administrative arrangements with a view to taking all reasonable steps designed to prevent conflicts of interest from adversely affecting the interests of investors in the Schemes under its management. These shall include staff dealing

arrangements applicable to persons who are involved in activities that may give rise to a conflict of interest.

34. The de minimis Licence Holder its associates or the Schemes under its management shall not deal with the investors as a Principal unless the terms of the transaction or arrangement are on an arm's length basis.

[IV] FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND REPORTING

35. The de minimis Licence Holder shall maintain financial resources sufficient for the proper performance of its functions. It shall have sufficient financial resources at its disposal to enable it to conduct its business effectively and to meet its liabilities.

Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the de minimis Licence Holder shall have an initial capital of €125,000 which shall be maintained on an on-going basis.

The meaning of own funds and the capital resources requirement applicable to the different categories of Licence Holders, as well as the methodology for calculating a Licence Holder's satisfaction of its Financial Resources Requirement, are set out in annex 1A.

36. The de minimis Licence Holder shall maintain proper accounting records to show and explain the de minimis Licence Holder's own transactions, assets and liabilities.

37. The accounting records shall:

- a. disclose with reasonable accuracy, at all times, the financial position of the de minimis Licence Holder;
- b. enable the financial statements required by the MFSA to be prepared within the time limits specified in the conditions of the Investment Services Licence; and
- c. be retained for a minimum period of ten years. During the first two years they shall be kept in a place from which they can be produced within 24 hours of their being requested.

38. The de minimis Licence Holder shall appoint an auditor approved by the MFSA. The de minimis Licence Holder shall replace its auditor if requested to do so by the MFSA. The MFSA's consent shall be sought prior to the appointment or replacement of an auditor.

39. The de minimis Licence Holder shall make available to its auditor the information and explanations he needs to discharge his responsibilities as an auditor and in order to meet the MFSA's requirements.

40. The de minimis Licence Holder shall submit to the MFSA within four months of the accounting reference date, the audited annual financial statements prepared in accordance with EU International Financial Reporting Standards, together with the Annual Audited Financial Return and a copy of the auditors' management letter and the auditors' report required by SLC 4[iv] above.

The de minimis Licence Holder in receipt of a management letter from its auditor which contains recommendations to remedy any weaknesses identified during the course of the audit, is required to submit to the MFSA by not later than six months from the end of the financial period to which the management letter relates, a statement setting out in detail the manner in which the auditor's recommendations have been/are being implemented. In the instance where the de minimis Licence Holder has not taken/ is not taking any action in respect of any one or more recommendations in the auditor's management letter, the reasons are to be included.

[V] SUPPLEMENTARY LICENCE CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO DE MINIMIS LICENCE HOLDERS MARKETING AIFS IN MALTA TO RETAIL INVESTORS

41. An AIF can only be marketed to retail investors in Malta by a de minimis Licence Holder if it is in possession of an authorisation granted to it for this purpose by the MFSA in terms of the applicable SLCs issued in terms of the Investment Services Act.
42. An AIF falling within the definition of a complex product in terms of MiFID and in terms of the ESMA's "MiFID complex and non-complex financial instruments for the purposes of the Directive's appropriateness requirements" [CESR/09-559] will not be authorised for marketing in Malta.
43. Where an AIF is to be marketed to retail investors in Malta, the AIF or the de minimis Licence Holder on behalf of the AIF shall submit an application to the MFSA requesting authorisation to market the AIF in Malta to retail investors. The application shall be accompanied by the following documentation:
 - a. A prospectus of the AIF;
 - b. A declaration by the Directors of the de minimis Licence Holder that the AIF is not a complex financial instrument in terms of MiFID together with justifiable reasons why the Directors of the de minimis Licence Holder deem the AIF not to be a complex financial instrument.
44. The Application shall be accompanied by such fees as may be prescribed in the Investment Services Act (Licence and other Fees) Regulations.
45. A de minimis Licence Holder wishing to market an AIF to retail investors in Malta shall also be subject to the requirements prescribed hereunder.

Disclosure Requirements for Information to Retail Clients, including Marketing Communications - General

46. All information, including marketing communications addressed by the de minimis Licence Holder to retail investors or potential retail investors is subject to the requirements of Article 11 of the Act and shall be fair, clear and not misleading by complying with the conditions set out below. Marketing communications (which include 'investment advertisements' as defined in Article 2(1) of the Act) shall:

- a. be clearly identifiable as such; and
- b. be considered to be fair, clear and not misleading if they comply with the conditions prescribed in SLCs 48 to 54 of this Section.

For the avoidance of doubt the following are not subject to the rules contained in SLCs 48 to 54 but are still subject to the requirements of this SLC, requiring them to be “fair, clear and not misleading”:

- a. marketing communications which falls within the definition of “advertorial” as defined in the Glossary to these Rules; and
 - b. marketing communications which consist only of one or more of the following: the name of the de minimis Licence Holder, a logo or other image associated with the de minimis Licence Holder, a contact point, a reference to the AIFs managed by the de minimis Licence Holder.
47. The de minimis Licence Holder shall ensure that appropriate records of all issued and/or approved marketing communications are maintained and made available for inspection by the MFSA within 24 hours of its request, for not less than five years from the date of publication or broadcast. Such records should include:
- a. the name of the individual who approved the communications;
 - b. the date of approval of the information;
 - c. the publication/s in which the marketing communication was included; and
 - d. evidence to support any statement made in the information and which is not a statement of fact.

Marketing Information and Other Information for Retail Clients and Potential Retail Clients

For further Guidance as to how these following Rules may be complied with, the *de minimis* Licence Holder may refer to the section entitled: “*Disclosure Requirements for information to clients including marketing communications [Adverts]*” contained in the Guidance Notes for Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers.

48. The de minimis Licence Holder shall ensure that all information it addresses to, or disseminates in such a way that it is likely to be received by retail investors or potential retail investors, including marketing communications, satisfies the following conditions. It shall:
- a. include the name of the de minimis Licence Holder;
 - b. be accurate, and in particular shall not emphasise any potential benefits of the AIF without also giving a fair and prominent indication of any relevant risks;

- c. be sufficient for, and presented in a way that is likely to be understood by, the average member of the group to whom it is directed, or by whom it is likely to be received;
 - d. not disguise, diminish or obscure important items, statements or warnings.
49. Where the information contains an indication of past performance of an AIF the following conditions shall be satisfied:
- a. that indication must not be the most prominent feature of the communication;
 - b. the information must include appropriate performance information which covers the immediately preceding 5 years, or the whole period for which the AIF has been offered, if less than 5 years, or such longer period as the de minimis Licence Holder may decide, and
 - c. in every case that performance information must be based on complete 12 month periods;
 - d. the reference period and the source of information must be clearly stated;
 - e. the information must contain a prominent warning that the figures refer to the past and that past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results;
 - f. where the indication relies on figures denominated in a currency other than that of the country in which the retail investor or potential retail investor is resident, the currency must be clearly stated, together with a warning that the return may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations;
 - g. where the indication is based on gross performance, the effect of commissions, fees or other charges must be disclosed.
50. Where the information relates to future performance, the following conditions shall be satisfied:
- a. the information must not be based on or refer to simulated past performance;
 - b. it must be based on reasonable assumptions supported by objective dates;
 - c. where the indication is based on gross performance, the effect of commissions, fees or other charges must be disclosed;
 - d. it must contain a prominent warning that such forecasts are not a reliable indicator of future performance.
51. Where the information includes or refers to simulated past performance of the AIF, the following conditions shall be satisfied:

- a. the simulated past performance must be based on the actual past performance of one or more Instruments or financial indices which are the same as, or underlie, the AIF concerned;
 - b. in respect of the actual past performance referred in point (a), the conditions set out in points (a) to (c), (e) and (f) of SLC 49 must be complied with;
 - c. the information must contain a prominent warning that the figures refer to simulated past performance and that past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.
52. Where the information refers to a particular tax treatment, it shall prominently state that the tax treatment depends on the individual circumstances of each investor which may be subject to change in the future.
53. The information shall not use the name of the MFSA or other competent Authority in such a way that would indicate or suggest endorsement or approval by that authority of the products or services of the de minimis Licence Holder.
54. Where a marketing communication contains an offer or invitation of the following nature and specifies the manner of response or includes a form by which any response may be made, it shall include such information referred in SLCs 55 to 58 and as is relevant to the offer or invitation:
- a. an offer to enter into an agreement in relation to investment into the AIF with any person who responds to the communication;
 - b. an invitation to any person who responds to the communication to make an offer to enter into an agreement for investment in the AIF.

However, paragraph (a) shall not apply if, in order to respond to an offer or invitation contained in the marketing communication, the investor or the potential investor must refer to another document or documents, which, alone or in combination, contain that information.

55. Where the de minimis Licence Holder AIFM on behalf of the AIF offers or makes the AIF's units available to retail investors or potential retail investors resident in the EEA, it shall follow the requirements laid down by [Regulation \(EU\) No 1286/2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products \(PRIIPs\)](#), as amended from time to time.

Information about the AIFs

These requirements which are similar to the ones emanating from MiFID are being imposed on de minimis Licence Holders which market units of AIFs to Retail investors on the basis that in this case the de minimis Licence Holder will have a direct interface with retail clients and should accordingly be subject to the same marketing requirements established under MiFID for Investment Firms providing similar services.

56. The de minimis Licence Holder shall provide retail investors or potential retail investors with a general description of the nature and risks of the AIFs, taking into account, in particular, the investor's categorisation as either a retail investor. That description must explain the nature of the AIF, as well as the risks particular to that specific type of instruments in which the AIF invests in sufficient detail to enable the investor or potential investor to take investment decisions on an informed basis.
57. The description of risks shall include, where relevant to the AIF concerned and the status and level of knowledge of the investor or potential investor, the following elements:
 - a. The risks associated with the AIF including an explanation of leverage and its effects and the risk of losing the entire investment;
 - b. The volatility of the price of the units in the AIF.
58. Where the AIF being marketed to retail investors or potential retail investors incorporates a guarantee by a third party, the information about the guarantee shall include sufficient detail about the guarantor and the guarantee to enable the retail investor or potential retail investor to make a fair assessment of the guarantee.
59. The de minimis Licence Holder shall provide retail investors or potential retail investors with the following general information, where relevant:
 - a. The name and address of the de minimis Licence Holder, and the contact details, necessary to enable investors to communicate effectively with the de minimis Licence Holder;
 - b. The languages in which the investor may communicate with the de minimis Licence Holder, and receive documents and other information from the de minimis Licence Holder;
 - c. The methods of communication to be used between the de minimis Licence Holder and the client including, where relevant, those for the sending and reception of orders;
 - d. A statement of the fact that the de minimis Licence Holder is licensed by the MFSA together with the address of the MFSA;
 - e. A description, which may be provided in summary form, of the conflicts of interest policy maintained by the de minimis Licence Holder;
 - f. At any time that the client requests it, further details of that conflicts of interest.

[VI] ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

60. The de minimis Licence Holders referred to in SLC 1 above shall, where applicable further comply with the relevant requirements prescribed in the following Regulations of the European Commission namely:

- i. EU Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 447/2013 of 15 May 2013 establishing the procedure for AIFMs which choose to opt-in under Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council; and

The applicable articles of the EU Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision.

APPLICABILITY OF REGULATION (EU) NO 345/2013 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL OF 17 APRIL 2013 ON EUROPEAN VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDS AND OF REGULATION (EU) NO 346/2013 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL OF 17 APRIL ON EUROPEAN SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP FUNDS

A Licence Holder which intends establishing and managing an AIF which is:

- [I] a European Venture Capital Fund in terms of Regulation (EU) No 345/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on European Venture Capital Funds; or
- [II] a European Social Entrepreneurship Fund in terms of Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2013 on European Social Entrepreneurship Funds;

shall also refer to and comply with the applicable provisions of those Regulations in addition to the SLCs prescribed in this Section of the Rulebook applicable to AIFMs.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.01 Each AIF managed shall have a single Licence Holder which shall be responsible for ensuring compliance with the provisions of the Investment Services Act, the Regulations and the Investment Services Rules issued thereunder. The Licence Holder shall either be:

- a. An external manager, which is the legal person appointed by the AIF or on behalf of the AIF and which through this appointment is responsible for managing the AIF; or
- b. Where the legal form of the AIF permits an internal management, and where the AIF's governing body chooses not to appoint an external AIFM pursuant to paragraph (a) above, the AIF itself, which shall be licenced as a self-managed AIF and shall then carry out the function of the Licence Holder.

1.02 Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) above of SLC 1.01, the SLCs prescribed in this Part of the Rules shall not apply to AIFMs in so far as they manage one or more AIFs

whose only investors are the AIFM or the parent undertakings or the subsidiaries of the AIFM or other subsidiaries of those parent undertakings, provided that none of those investors is itself an AIF.

1.03 The Licence Holder shall not engage in activities other than those prescribed hereunder and the additional management of UCITS subject to authorisation in terms of the Act and in terms of Part BII of the Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers. The activities the Licence Holder can be licenced to provide are the following:

- a. Investment management functions which the Licence Holder shall at least perform when managing an AIF:
 - i. Portfolio management;
 - ii. Risk management.
- b. Other functions that a Licence Holder may additionally perform in the course of the collective management of an AIF:
 - i. Administration
 - legal and fund management accounting services;
 - customer inquiries;
 - valuation and pricing, including tax returns;
 - regulatory compliance monitoring;
 - maintenance of unit-/shareholder register;
 - distribution of income;
 - unit/shares issues and redemptions;
 - contract settlements including certificate dispatch;
 - record keeping.
 - ii. Marketing;
 - iii. Activities related to the assets of AIFs, namely services necessary to meet the fiduciary duties of the Licence Holder, facilities management, real estate administration activities, advice to undertakings on capital structure, industrial strategy and related matters, advice and services relating to mergers and the purchase of undertakings and other services connected to the management of AIFs and the companies and other assets in which it has invested.
 - iv. Originating loans on behalf of an AIF;
 - v. Servicing securitisation special purpose entities.

1.04 Without prejudice to SLC 1.03, the MFSA may authorise the Licence Holder to provide, in addition to the activities outlined in SLC 1.03 above, the following services:

- a. management of portfolios of investments including those owned by pension funds and institutions for occupational retirement provision in accordance with Article 19(1) of Directive 2003/41/EC, in accordance with mandates given by investors on a discretionary, client-by-client basis;
- b. non-core services comprising:
 - i. investment advice concerning one or more of the instruments listed in the Act;
 - ii. safekeeping and administration in relation to shares or units of collective investment undertakings;
 - iii. reception and transmission of orders in relation to financial instruments.
 - iv. any other function or activity which is already provided by the Licence Holder in relation to an AIF that it manages, or in relation to services that it provides in accordance with this rule, provided that any potential conflict of interest created by the provision of that function or activity to other parties is appropriately managed.
- c. administration of benchmarks in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds;
- d. credit servicing activities in accordance with Directive (EU) 2021/2167 of the European Parliament and of the Council;

1.05 The Licence Holder shall not be authorised to provide:

- a. Only the services referred to in SLC 1.04 above;
- b. Only the activities referred to in SLC 1.03(b) above; or
- c. The services referred to in SLC 1.03(a)(i) above without also providing the services referred to in SLC 1.03(a)(ii) above or vice versa;
- d. administration of benchmarks in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds, which are used in the AIFs that they manage.

1.06 The Licence Holder shall provide the MFSA with the information it requires to monitor compliance with the conditions referred to in the Act and any Rules and Regulations issued thereunder.

- 1.07 Investment firms authorised under the Investment Services Act and credit institutions authorised under the Banking Act, 1994 shall not be required to obtain an authorisation under these Rules in order to provide investment services such as individual portfolio management in respect of AIFs.
- 1.08 Investment firms shall, directly or indirectly, offer units or shares of AIFs to, or place such units or shares with investors in the European Union only to the extent the units or shares can be marketed in accordance with the provisions of the Investment Services Act (Alternative Investment Fund Managers Passport) Regulations, 2013.
- 1.09 The following SLCs shall apply to the provision of services referred to in SLC 1.04 by Licence Holders:
- a. Rule 10.2 of Part A of the Investment Services Rules for Investment Service Providers;
 - b. Rules R1-1.4.6, R1-1.4.4, R1-1.15.1.2, R1-1.8.13, R1-1.4.7, R1-1.8.1, R1-1.8.2, R1-1.8.3, R1-1.8.4, R1-1.8.5, R1-1.8.6, R1-1.8.9, R1-1.8.10, R1-1.8.11, R1-1.8.12, R1-1.4.11, R1-1.4.8, R1-1.4.9, R1-1.4.1 Chapter 2 of Title 1 of Part BI of these Rules;
 - c. Part CI of the Investment Services Rules for Investment Service Providers; and;
2.17d. R.3.20, R.1.5.5, R.4.1.5, R.2.6, R.2.36, R.4.4.15, R.1.2.6, R.1.3.12, R.1.4.19, R.1.4.17(j), R.4.1.27, R.1.3.12, R.4.4.58, R.4.3.6, R.3.25, R.3.22, R.1.5.12, R.1.5.15, R.3.22, R.3.16, R.1.4.10, R.4.4, R.4.4.19, R.4.4.20, R.4.4.39, R.4.4.40, R.4.4.42, R.4.4.43, R.4.4.5, R.4.5.8, R.4.4.110, R.1.4.20, R.4.4.83, R.3.4, R.2.9, R.2.15, R.2.7, R.2.16, R.2.21, R.5.44 of the Conduct of Business Rulebook.
- 1.10 The Licence Holder shall commence its Investment Services business within 12 months of the date of issue of the Investment Services Licence.
- If, for any reason the Licence Holder is not in a position to comply with this condition, it shall notify the MFSA in writing setting out the reason/s for such a delay together with an updated business plan indicating the proposed date of commencement of business. On the basis of the information provided and the circumstances of the case, the MFSA may decide to suspend or cancel the Licence in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Act.
- 1.11 The MFSA may restrict the scope of the authorisation in particular as regards the investment strategies of AIFs which the Licence Holder is allowed to manage.
- 1.12 Without prejudice to the generality of Article 6(6) of the Act, the MFSA shall inform an applicant for a licence to provide services as an AIF Manager in writing within three months of the submission of a complete application, whether or not authorisation has been granted. The MFSA may prolong this period for up to three additional months, where it considers necessary due to the specific circumstances of the case and after having notified the applicant accordingly.

Provided that for the purpose of this SLC, an application is deemed to be complete if the applicant has at least submitted the information referred to in the Checklist to the

Application Form in Schedule A2 to Part A of these Rules to the satisfaction of the Authority.

- 1.13 The Licence Holder may start managing AIFs in Malta with investment strategies described in accordance with the Application Form submitted to the MFSA as soon as the licence is granted, but not earlier than 1 month after having submitted any missing information referred to hereunder:
- a. Information on arrangements made for the delegation and sub-delegation to third parties of functions referred to in SLCs 4.01 to 4.09;
 - b. The memorandum and articles of association of each AIF which the Licence Holder manages or intends to manage;
 - c. Information on the arrangements made for the appointment of the depositary for each AIF which the Licence Holder intends to manage;
 - d. Any additional information referred to in SLC 7.04 of these Rules for each AIF which the Licence Holder manages or intends to manage.
- 1.14 The Licence Holder shall co-operate in an open and honest manner with the MFSA and inform it promptly of any relevant information. The Licence Holder shall supply the MFSA with such information and returns as the MFSA requires.
- 1.15 Where a Standard Licence Condition demands that the Licence Holder notifies the MFSA of an event, such notification shall be made to the MFSA formally, in a durable medium. The request to notify the MFSA of an event shall not be satisfied merely by the fact that the information which ought to be notified to the MFSA is included in a standard regulatory return.
- 1.16 The Licence Holder's Investment Services Business shall be effectively directed or managed by at least two natural persons who are either employed full-time by that Licence Holder or are executive members of the governing body of the Licence Holder committed full-time to conduct the business of that Licence Holder and who are resident in the European Union, in satisfaction of the "dual control" principle. Such persons shall be of sufficiently good repute and sufficiently experienced so as to ensure the sound and prudent management of the Licence Holder.

Moreover, the Licence Holder shall take reasonable steps to ensure continuity and regularity in the performance of Investment and Ancillary Services. To this end, the Licence Holder shall employ appropriate and proportionate systems, resources and procedures.

- 1.17 The Licence Holder shall notify the MFSA in writing of:
- a. a change in the Licence Holder's name or business name (if different) at least one month in advance of the change being made;
 - b. a change of address: at least one month in advance;

- c. any material changes to the conditions for initial authorisation, in particular material changes to the information provided during the application process at least one month in advance of the change being made.

Provided that if the MFSA decides to impose restrictions or reject these changes, it shall within 1 month of receipt of such notification, inform the Licence Holder;

Provided further, that the MFSA may prolong the afore-mentioned one month period where it considers this to be necessary because of the specific circumstances of the case and after having notified the Licence Holder accordingly.

The changes shall be implemented if the MFSA does not oppose the changes within the relevant assessment period;

- d. a change in the appointment of the external valuer;
- e. the appointment or the departure of any key function holders whose appointment is not subject to the MFSA approval, upon engagement. The notification of appointment of such officials shall be accompanied by a declaration confirming that:
 - i. the Licence Holder has carried out a due diligence assessment on the appointed individual and is satisfied that he/ she complies with the standards of fitness and properness required by the MFSA should such individual cease to comply with the mentioned standards;
 - ii. the due diligence exercise undertaken has been fully documented, held at the registered office, and is available upon request by the MFSA; and
 - iii. the due diligence exercise carried out will be updated at periodical intervals as applicable and the updates will be documented and will be made available upon request by the MFSA.
- f. the departure of a Director or Senior Manager: within 14 days of the departure. The Licence Holder shall also request the Director or Senior Manager to confirm to MFSA that their departure had no regulatory implications or to provide relevant details as appropriate. A copy of such request shall be provided to MFSA together with the Licence Holder's notification of departure;
- g. any changes to the ultimate beneficial ownership of any party directly or indirectly controlling 10 per cent or more of the Licence Holder's share capital on becoming aware of the situation;
- h. any acquisitions or disposals of shares which fall within the disclosure provisions of Article 10 of the Act – immediately upon becoming aware of the proposed acquisition or disposal. It should be noted that MFSA has the right to object to such an acquisition;
- i. any proposed material change to its business (whether that business constitutes licensable activity under the Act or not) – at least one month before effecting the change (where a new or amended Investment Services

Licence is required, the new business shall not begin until the new Investment Services Licence has been granted or the amendment has been approved);

- j. any evidence of fraud or dishonesty by a member of the Licence Holder's staff immediately upon becoming aware of the matter;
- k. a decision to make a material claim on any insurance policy held in relation to the Licence Holder's Investment Services business. Notification should be provided as soon as the decision is taken;
- l. any actual or intended legal proceedings of a material nature by or against the Licence Holder immediately after the decision has been taken or on becoming aware of the matter;
- m. any material changes in the information supplied to the MFSA – immediately upon becoming aware of the matter. This shall include the obligation to notify the MFSA on a continuous basis of any changes or circumstances which give rise to the existence of close links, as defined in Appendix 9, between the Licence Holder and any other person;
- n. the fact, where applicable, that it has not provided any Investment Service or carried out any investment activity for the preceding six months, setting out the reasons for such inactivity and providing a business plan for future activity;
- o. the relevant details required pertaining to any introducers which may be appointed by the Licence Holder.

1.18 The Licence Holder shall obtain the written consent of the MFSA before:

- a. making any change to its share capital or the rights of its shareholders;
- b. establishing a branch in Malta or abroad;
- c. acquiring 10 per cent or more of the voting share capital of another company;
- d. taking any steps to cease its investment services business;
- e. agreeing to sell or merge the whole or any part of its undertaking;
- f. making an application to a Regulator abroad to undertake any form of licensable activity outside Malta;
- g. the appointment of a Director or Senior Manager responsible for the Investment Services business of the Licence Holder or of the Licence Holder's Compliance Officer in terms of SLC 1.28(b) and/ or Money Laundering Reporting Officer in advance. The request for consent of the appointment shall be accompanied by a Personal Questionnaire ("PQ") – duly completed by the person proposed, which shall in the case of a proposed Compliance Officer and/ or Money Laundering Reporting Officer, include sufficient details of the individual's background, training and/ or experience relevant to the post, to

enable an adequate assessment by the MFSA.

For the purposes of the above and (h) below, 'Senior Manager' should be interpreted as the person occupying the most senior role following that of Director, so that in the case where there are various management grades, it is the most senior manager who will require the MFSA's authorisation

- h. the change in the responsibilities of a Director or Senior Manager in advance. The request for consent of the change in responsibilities of a Director or Senior Manager shall be accompanied by a PQ unless the individual concerned had within the previous three years submitted a PQ to the MFSA in connection with another role occupied by such individual with the same Licence Holder, in which case it shall be accompanied by a confirmation by the Director or Senior Manager as to whether the information included in the PQ previously submitted is still current, and indicating any changes or up-dates thereto;

A change in the responsibilities of a Director or Senior Manager should only be notified to the MFSA when such a change is material, which shall include a change in the status or seniority of the person concerned (upwards or downwards);

- i. any persons, whether Directors, Senior Managers or other employees are *responsible* for the day-to-day provision of any of the following activities:
- Portfolio or fund management
 - Risk management
 - Investment advice

Provided that, where a Committee is tasked to undertake any such activity, only the person responsible for the respective activity (i.e. the official(s) holding the role of Portfolio Manager, Risk Manager and Investment Advisor respectively, whether the person is also a member of the Committee or otherwise) require the prior approval of the MFSA.

Provided further that, where such Committee is collectively responsible for the day-to-day provision of the respective activity, all its members would require the prior approval of the MFSA.

Where the prior approval of the Authority is required, the request for approval shall be submitted to the Authority together with a Personal Questionnaire duly completed by the person(s) proposed.

The request for authorisation shall include all relevant details in order to enable the MFSA to assess whether the persons concerned are sufficiently competent to undertake such activities. For this purpose, details of relevant experience, training and/or qualifications will be required. Applicants should also complete Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the Application for an Investment Services Licence (Schedule A2 to these Rules).

- 1.19 The Licence Holder shall maintain sufficient records to be able to demonstrate compliance with the conditions of its Investment Services Licence.
- 1.20 The Licence Holder shall co-operate fully with any inspection or other enquiry, or compliance testing carried out by the MFSA, or an inspector acting on its behalf.
- 1.21 The Licence Holder shall pay promptly all amounts due to the MFSA.
- 1.22 The Annual Supervisory Fee shall be payable by the Licence Holder on the day the Licence is first issued and, and thereafter upon submission of the annual audited financial statements.
- 1.23 The Licence Holder shall notify the MFSA of any breach of the conditions of the Licence as soon as the Licence Holder becomes aware of the breach.
- 1.24 If so required by the MFSA, the Licence Holder shall do everything in its power to delay the cessation of its Investment Services business or the winding up of such business so as to comply with the conditions imposed by the MFSA in order to protect the interests of AIF and of the investors of the AIF.
- 1.25 A request for a variation of a Licence by the Licence Holder shall be submitted to the MFSA in writing, giving details of the variation and the reasons therefore.
- 1.25A The Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision as may be amended from time to time.

Compliance

- 1.26 The Licence Holder shall establish, implement and maintain adequate policies and procedures designed to detect any risk of failure by the Licence Holder to comply with its obligations under the Act, the Regulations issued thereunder and these Rules, as well as with its obligations under other applicable legislation, in particular the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 1994, the Prevention of Financial Markets Abuse Act, 2005, and Regulations issued thereunder, as well as to detect the associated risks, and shall put in place adequate measures and procedures designed to minimize such risk and to enable the MFSA to exercise its powers effectively.

The Licence Holder shall, for this purpose, take into account the nature, scale and complexity of its business and the nature and range of Investment Services and activities undertaken in the course of that business.

- 1.27 The Licence Holder shall establish and maintain a permanent and effective compliance function which operates independently and which has the following responsibilities:
- a. to monitor and, on a regular basis, to assess the adequacy and effectiveness of the measures and procedures put in place in accordance with the requirements of SLC 1.26, and the actions taken to address any deficiencies in the Licence Holder's compliance with its obligations;
 - b. to advise and assist the relevant persons responsible for carrying out Investment Services and activities to comply with the Licence Holder's legal and regulatory obligations.
- 1.28 In order to enable the compliance function to discharge its responsibilities properly, the Licence Holder shall ensure that the following conditions are satisfied:
- a. the compliance function shall have the necessary authority, resources, expertise and access to all relevant information;
 - b. a Compliance Officer shall be appointed and shall be responsible for the compliance function and for any reporting as to compliance required by these Rules;
 - c. the relevant persons involved in the compliance function shall not be involved in the performance of services or activities which they monitor;
 - d. the method of determining the remuneration of the relevant persons involved in the compliance function shall not compromise their objectivity and shall not be likely to do so.

However, MFSA may exempt a Licence Holder from the requirements of points (c) or (d) if the Licence Holder is able to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the MFSA, that in view of the nature, scale and complexity of its business, and the nature and range of Investment Services and related activities, the requirement under that point is not proportionate and that its compliance function continues to be effective.

Moreover, with respect to (b) above, the appointment of an individual as Compliance Officer is subject to MFSA's prior approval. Such person may also act as the Licence Holder's Money Laundering Reporting Officer. Reference should be made to SLC 1.18(g) in this regard.

- 1.29 In complying with SLCs 1.26 to 1.28, a Licence Holder providing ancillary MiFID services in terms of SLC 1.04 is expected to take into account the [Guidelines as issued by ESMA on certain aspects of the MiFID II compliance function requirements](#).
- 1.30 A Licence Holder shall, taking into account the size, nature, scale and complexity of the said undertaking and on a best effort basis, refer to the DORA Regulation.

- 1.31 The Licence Holder shall request its Compliance Officer to prepare a compliance report at least on a six-monthly basis, which shall be presented to the Licence Holder's governing body.
- 1.32 The Licence Holder shall apply the [Guidelines on funds' names using ESG or sustainability-related terms](#), where applicable to the funds it manages.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROL MECHANISMS

- 2.01 The Licence Holder shall at all times use adequate and appropriate human and technical resources that are necessary for the proper management of AIFs.
- 2.02 The Licence Holder shall be required to have sound administrative and accounting procedures, control and safeguard arrangements for electronic data processing, including with regard to network and information systems that are set up and managed in accordance with the DORA Regulation, and adequate internal control mechanisms, in particular, having regard also to the nature of the AIFs managed

In particular these will include rules for personal transactions by its employees or for the holding or management of investments in order to invest on its own account and ensuring at least, that each transaction involving AIFs may be reconstructed according to its origin, the parties to it, its nature, and the time and place at which it was effected and that the assets of the AIFs managed by the Licence Holder are invested according to the memorandum and articles of association, the prospectus and any other legal provisions in force.

- 2.03 The Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision on the requirements prescribed in SLC 2.01 above.

Permanent Risk Management Function

- 2.04 The Licence Holder shall functionally and hierarchically separate the functions of risk management from the operating units including from the functions of portfolio management.
- 2.05 The MFSA shall review the functional and hierarchical separation of the functions of risk management in accordance with SLC 2.04 above in accordance with the principle of proportionality, on the understanding that the Licence Holder shall, in any event, be able to demonstrate that specific safeguards against conflicts of interest allow for the independent performance of risk management activities and that the risk management process satisfies the requirements of SLCs 2.04 to 2.09 and is consistently effective.
- 2.06 The Licence Holder shall implement adequate risk management systems in order to identify, measure, manage and monitor appropriately all risks relevant to each alternative investment fund investment strategy and to which each alternative investment fund is or may be exposed. In particular, the Licence Holder shall not solely or mechanistically rely on credit ratings issued by credit rating agencies as defined in Article 3(1)(b) of Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies, for assessing the creditworthiness of the alternative investment funds' assets.

- 2.07 The Licence Holder shall review the risk management systems with appropriate frequency at least once a year and adapt them whenever necessary.

Provided that the frequency of the periodic review shall be decided by the senior management in accordance with the principle of proportionality given the nature, scale and complexity of the business of the Licence Holder and the AIFs it manages.

- 2.08 The Licence Holder shall at least:

- a. Implement an appropriate, documented and regularly updated due diligence process when investing on behalf of the AIF, according to the investment strategy, the objectives and risk profile of the AIF;
- b. Ensure that the risks associated with each investment position of the AIF and their overall effect on the AIF's portfolio can be properly identified, measured, managed and monitored on an ongoing basis, including through the use of appropriate stress testing procedures;
- c. Ensure that the risk profile of the AIF shall correspond to the size, portfolio structure and investment strategies and objectives of the AIF as provided for in its instruments of incorporation, prospectus and offering document.
- d. for loan-originating activities, implement effective policies, procedures and processes for the granting of loans.

For the purposes of point (d), where Licence Holders manage AIFs that engage in loan origination, including when those AIFs gain exposure to loans through third parties, they shall also implement effective policies, procedures and processes for assessing the credit risk and for administering and monitoring their credit portfolio, keep those policies, procedures and processes up to date and effective, and review them regularly and at least once a year.

Without prejudice to point (b) of SLC 3.01 of these Rules, the requirements set out in point (d), and in the second paragraph of this SLC shall not apply to the origination of shareholder loans where the notional value of such loans does not exceed in aggregate 150 % of the capital of the AIF.

Provided that in complying with SLC 2.08 above, the Licence Holder shall submit to the MFSA the information prescribed in Section 279 of Annex 3 to Appendix 13 to these Rules dealing with results of stress tests and shall further comply with:

- i. the applicable provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision; and
- ii. the ESMA Guidelines on reporting obligations under Articles 3(3)(d) and 24(1), (2) and (4) of the AIFMD [ESMA/2013/1339 (revised)].

- 2.09 The Licence Holder shall set a maximum level of leverage which it may employ on behalf of each AIF it manages as well as the extent of the right to reuse collateral or guarantee that could be granted under the leveraging arrangement, taking into account, inter alia:
- a. The type of the AIF;
 - b. The investment strategy of the AIF;
 - c. The sources of leverage of the AIF;
 - d. Any other interlinkage or relevant relationships with other financial services institutions, which could pose systemic risk;
 - e. The need to limit the exposure to any single counterparty;
 - f. The extent to which the leverage is collateralised;
 - g. The asset-liability ratio;
 - h. The scale, nature and extent of the activity of the Licence Holder on the markets concerned.
- 2.10 In complying with SLCs 2.04 to 2.08 above, the Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision on the following matters namely:
- a. The risk management systems to be employed by Licence Holders in relation to the risks which they incur on behalf of the AIFs that they manage;
 - b. The appropriate frequency of review of the risk management system;
 - c. How the risk management function is to be functionally and hierarchically separated from the operating units including the portfolio management function;
 - d. Specific safeguards against conflicts of interest referred to in SLC 2.05;
 - e. The requirements referred to in SLC 2.08.

Liquidity Management Policy

- 2.11 The Licence Holder shall, for each AIF it manages which is not an unleveraged closed-ended AIF, employ an appropriate liquidity management system and adopt procedures which enable the Licence Holder to monitor the liquidity risk of the AIF and

to ensure that the liquidity profile of the investment of the AIF complies with its underlying obligations.

- 2.12 The Licence Holder shall regularly conduct stress tests, under normal and exceptional liquidity conditions, which enable it to assess the liquidity risk of the AIFs and monitor the liquidity risk of the AIFs accordingly. Testing should be undertaken at least annually and, where appropriate, employed at all stages in a fund's lifecycle. The Licence Holder shall abide by ESMA's [Guidelines on Liquidity Stress Testing](#) in accordance with the nature, scale and complexity of the funds managed.
- 2.13 In complying with SLC 2.11 and 2.12 above, the Licence Holder shall submit to the MFSA the information prescribed in Section 280 of Annex 3 to Appendix 13 to these Rules dealing with results of stress tests and shall further comply with:
- a. the applicable provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision; and
 - b. the ESMA Guidelines on reporting obligations under Articles 3(3)(d) and 24(1), (2) and (4) of the AIFMD [ESMA/2013/1339 (revised)].
- 2.14 The Licence Holder shall ensure that, for each AIF managed, the investment strategy, the liquidity profile and the redemption policy are consistent.
- 2.15 In complying with SLC 2.14 concerning the alignment of the investment strategy, the liquidity profile and the redemption policy, the Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision.
- 2.16 The Licence Holder shall select and include in the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation, at least two liquidity management tools from the list set out in 2.16(i) to 2.16(ix).
- (i) Suspension of subscriptions, repurchases and redemptions: suspension of subscriptions, repurchases and redemptions means temporarily disallowing the subscription, repurchase and redemption of the fund's units or shares.
 - (ii) Redemption gate: a redemption gate means a temporary and partial restriction of the right of unit-holders or shareholders to redeem their units or shares, so that investors can only redeem a certain portion of their units or shares.
 - (iii) Extension of notice periods: the extension of notice periods means extending the period of notice that unit-holders or shareholders must give to fund managers,

beyond a minimum period which is appropriate to the fund, when redeeming their units or shares.

(iv) **Redemption fee:** redemption fee means a fee, within a predetermined range that takes account of the cost of liquidity, that is paid to the fund by unit-holders or shareholders when redeeming units or shares, and that ensures that unit-holders or shareholders who remain in the fund are not unfairly disadvantaged.

(v) **Swing pricing:** swing pricing means a pre-determined mechanism by which the net asset value of the units or shares of an investment fund is adjusted by the application of a factor ("swing factor") that reflects the cost of liquidity.

(vi) **Dual pricing:** dual pricing means a pre-determined mechanism by which the subscription, repurchase and redemption prices of the units or shares of an investment fund are set by adjusting the net asset value per unit or share by a factor that reflects the cost of liquidity.

(vii) **Anti-dilution levy:** anti-dilution levy means a fee that is paid to the fund by a unit-holder or shareholder at the time of a subscription, repurchase or redemption of units or shares, that compensates the fund for the cost of liquidity incurred because of the size of that transaction, and that ensures that other unit-holders or shareholders are not unfairly disadvantaged.

(viii) **Redemption in kind:** redemption in kind means transferring assets held by the fund, instead of cash, to meet redemption requests of unit-holders or shareholders.

(ix) **Side pockets:** side pockets means separating certain assets, whose economic or legal features have changed significantly or become uncertain due to exceptional circumstances, from the other assets of the fund.

2.17 With a view to ensuring that it complies with SLC 2.11 and 2.14, a Licence Holder that manages an open-ended AIF shall select at least two appropriate liquidity management tools from those referred to in SLC 2.16 (ii) to (viii), after assessing the suitability of those tools in relation to the pursued investment strategy, the liquidity profile and the redemption policy of the AIF. The Licence Holder shall include those tools in the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation for possible use in the interest of the AIF's investors. It shall not be possible for that selection to include only the tools referred to in SLC 2.16, (v) and (vi).

By way of derogation from the first paragraph, a Licence Holder may decide to select only one liquidity management tool from those referred to in SLC 2.16 (ii) to (viii), for an AIF it manages if that AIF is authorised as a money market fund in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

The Licence Holder shall implement detailed policies and procedures for the activation and deactivation of any selected liquidity management tool and the operational and administrative arrangements for the use of such tool. The selection referred to in the first and second paragraphs and the detailed policies and procedures for the activation and deactivation shall be communicated to the MFSA.

Redemption in kind as referred to in SLC 2.16 (viii), shall only be activated to meet redemptions requested by professional investors and if the redemption in kind corresponds to a pro rata share of the assets held by the AIF.

By way of derogation from the fourth paragraph of SLC 12.112.17, the redemption in kind need not correspond to a pro rata share of the assets held by the AIF if that AIF is solely marketed to professional investors, or if the aim of that AIF's investment policy is to replicate the composition of a certain stock or debt securities index and that AIF is an exchange-traded fund as defined in Article 2(1) of the Financial Markets Act.

- 2.18 A Licence Holder that manages an open-ended AIF may, in the interest of AIF investors, temporarily suspend the subscription, repurchase and redemption of the AIF units or shares as referred to in SLC 2.16 (i), or, where those tools are included in the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation, activate or deactivate other liquidity management tools selected from SLC 2.16 (ii) to (viii), in accordance with SLC 12.08 of these Rules. The Licence Holder may also, in the interest of the AIF investors, activate side pockets as referred to in SLC 2.16 (ix).

The Licence Holder shall only use a suspension of subscriptions, repurchases and redemptions or side pockets as referred to in the first paragraph in exceptional cases where circumstances so require and where justified having regard to the interests of the AIF investors.

A Licence Holder managing AIFs existing prior to 16 April 2026 and already applying liquidity management tools shall have until 16 April 2027 to comply with [Commission Delegated Regulation \(EU\) 2026/465 supplementing AIFMD specifying the characteristics of liquidity management tools](#) and the [ESMA Guidelines on LMTs of UCITS and open-ended AIFs](#).

- 2.19 A Licence Holder shall, without delay, notify the MFSA, of the following:
- (a) where the Licence Holder activates or deactivates the liquidity management tool referred to in SLC 2.16 (i);
 - (b) where the Licence Holder activates or deactivates any of the liquidity management tools referred to in SLC 2.16, points (ii) to (viii), in a manner that is not in the ordinary course of business as envisaged in the AIF rules or instruments of incorporation.

A Licence Holder shall, within a reasonable timeframe before it activates or deactivates the liquidity management tool referred to in SLC 2.16 (ix), notify the MFSA of such activation or deactivation.

- 2.20 The Licence Holders shall have the liquidity management tools under Section 2.16 of the Rules.

Investment in securitisation positions

- 2.21 The Licence Holder shall comply with the requirements on securitisation as prescribed in the applicable provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision.

Valuation

- 2.22 The Licence Holder shall ensure that for each AIF it manages, appropriate and consistent procedures are established so that a proper and independent valuation of the assets of the AIF can be performed in accordance with SLCs 2.17 to 2.33, the fund rules or the instruments of incorporation.
- 2.23 The rules applicable to the valuation of assets and the calculation of the net asset value per unit or share of the AIF shall be those prescribed in the Investment Services Rules in the case where the AIF is established in Malta and/or the fund rules or instruments of incorporation.
- 2.24 The Licence Holder shall also ensure that the net asset value per unit or share of the AIF is calculated and disclosed to investors in accordance with SLCs 2.17 to 2.33, the fund rules or instruments of incorporation.
- 2.25 The valuation procedures used shall ensure that the assets are valued and the net asset value per unit or share is calculated at least once a year.
- 2.26 If the AIF is of the open-ended type, such valuations and calculations shall also be carried out at a frequency which is both appropriate to the assets held by the AIF and its issuance and redemption frequency.
- 2.27 If the AIF is of the closed-ended type, such valuations and calculations shall also be carried out in case of an increase or decrease of the capital by the relevant AIF.
- 2.28 The Licence Holder shall inform the investors of the valuations and calculations as prescribed in the fund rules or instruments of incorporation.
- 2.29 In complying with SLCs 2.19 to 2.23, the Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision on the following matters:
- a. The criteria concerning the procedures for the proper valuation of the assets and the calculation of the net asset value per unit or share; and

- b. The frequency of valuation carried out by open-ended AIFs which is both appropriate to the assets held by the AIF and its issuance and redemption policy.

2.30 The Licence Holder shall ensure that the valuation function is either performed by:

- a. An external valuer, being a legal or natural person independent from the AIF, the Licence Holder and any other persons with close links to the AIF or the Licence Holder;
- b. The Licence Holder itself, provided that the valuation task is functionally independent from the portfolio management and the remuneration policy and other measures ensure that conflicts of interest are mitigated and that undue influence upon employees is prevented.

The Depositary appointed for an AIF shall not be appointed as an external valuer of that AIF, unless it has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its Depositary functions from its tasks as external valuer and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF.

2.31 Where an external valuer performs the valuation function, the Licence Holder shall demonstrate that:

- a. The external valuer is subject to mandatory professional registration recognised by law or to legal or regulatory provisions or rules of professional conduct;
- b. The external valuer can provide sufficient professional guarantees to be able to perform effectively the relevant valuation function in accordance with SLCs 2.17 to 2.23 above; and
- c. The appointment of the external valuer complies with the requirements of SLCs 4.01 to 4.03.

2.32 In complying with SLC 2.26, the Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision.

2.33 The appointed external valuer shall not delegate the valuation function to a third party.

2.34 The Licence Holder shall notify the appointment of the external valuer to the MFSA which may require that another external valuer be appointed instead, where the conditions prescribed in SLC 2.26, are not met.

2.35 The external valuer shall perform the valuation impartially and with all due skill, care and diligence.

- 2.36 In the case where the valuation function is not performed by an independent external valuer, the MFSA may require the Licence Holder to have its valuation procedures and/or valuations verified by an external valuer, or, where appropriate by an auditor.
- 2.37 The Licence Holder shall be responsible for the proper valuation of the assets of the AIF, the calculation of the net asset value and the publication of that net asset value. The Licence Holder's liability towards the AIF and its investors shall, therefore not be affected by the fact that the Licence Holder has appointed an external valuer.
- 2.38 Notwithstanding SLC 2.32, and irrespective of any contractual arrangements providing otherwise, the external valuer shall be liable to the Licence Holder for any losses suffered by the Licence Holder as a result of the external valuer's negligence or intentional failure to perform its tasks.

Enforcement

- 2.39 In cases where the Licence Holder is unable to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Investment Services Act, the Regulations and the Investment Services Rules issued thereunder for which an AIF or another entity on its behalf is responsible, it shall immediately inform the MFSA and, if applicable the European Regulatory Authority of the AIF concerned. The MFSA shall require the Licence Holder to take the necessary steps to remedy the situation.
- 2.40 If notwithstanding the steps referred to in SLC 2.34 above being taken, the noncompliance persists, and in so far as it concerns the Licence Holder or an AIF set up in Malta or in another EU Member State or EEA State, the Licence Holder shall be required by the MFSA to resign. In such a case, the AIF shall no longer be marketed in any of the Member States or EEA States.
- 2.41 The MFSA shall inform the European Regulatory Authorities of the Licence Holder's host Member States or EEA States.

CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

- 3.01 The Licence Holder shall be expected to comply with the conduct of business rules prescribed hereunder. In particular the Licence Holder shall:
- a. act honestly, with due skill, care and diligence and fairly in conducting its activities;
 - b. act in the best interests of the AIFs or the investors of the AIFs it manages and the integrity of the market;
 - c. have and employ effectively the resources and procedures that are necessary for the proper performance of its business activities;
 - d. take all reasonable steps to avoid conflicts of interest and, when they cannot be avoided, to identify, manage and monitor and, where applicable, disclose, those conflicts of interest in order to prevent them from adversely affecting the interests of the AIFs and their investors and to ensure that the AIFs it manages are fairly treated;
 - e. comply with all regulatory requirements applicable to the conduct of its business activities so as to promote the best interests of the AIFs or the investors of the AIFs it manages and the integrity of the market;
 - f. treat all AIF investors fairly.
- 3.02 In complying with SLC 3.01, the Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision specifying the criteria to be used by the Authority to assess whether the Licence Holder complies with its obligations under SLC 3.01.
- 3.03 No investor in an AIF shall obtain preferential treatment unless such preferential treatment is disclosed in the relevant AIF's fund rules or instruments of incorporation.
- 3.04 Each Licence Holder, the authorisation of which also covers the discretionary portfolio management services referred to in SLC 1.04(a) shall:
- a. Not be permitted to invest all or part of the client's portfolio in units or shares of the AIFs it manages, unless it receives prior general approval from the client;
 - b. With regards to the services referred to in SLC 1.04, be subject to the Investor Compensation Scheme Regulations.

Remuneration

- 3.05 The Licence Holder shall have remuneration policies and practices for those categories of staff, including senior management, risk takers, control functions, and any employees receiving total remuneration that takes them into the same remuneration bracket as senior management and risk takers, whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profile of the Licence Holder or of the AIFs it manages, that are consistent with and promote sound and effective risk management and do not encourage risk taking which is inconsistent with the risk profiles, fund rules or instruments of incorporation of the AIFs it manages.
- 3.06 3.06 The Licence Holder shall further refer to and comply with the provisions of the *ESMA Guidelines on sound remuneration policies and practices under the UCITS Directive and the AIFMD* and the Guidance Notes on the application of the proportionality principle issued by the Authority.

Conflicts of Interest

- 3.07 The Licence Holder shall take all reasonable steps to identify conflicts of interest that arise in the course of managing AIFs between:
- a. the Licence Holder, including its managers, employees or any person directly or indirectly linked to the Licence Holder by control, and the AIF managed by the Licence Holder or the investors in that AIF;
 - b. the AIF or the investors in that AIF, and another AIF or the investors in that AIF;
 - c. the AIF or the investors in that AIF and another client of the Licence Holder;
 - d. the AIF or the investors in that AIF, and a UCITS Scheme managed by the Licence Holder or the investors in that UCITS Scheme; or
 - e. two clients of the Licence Holder.
- 3.08 The Licence Holder shall maintain and operate effective organisational and administrative arrangements with a view to taking all reasonable steps designed to identify, prevent, manage and monitor conflicts of interest in order to prevent them from adversely affecting the interests of the AIFs and their investors.
- 3.09 The Licence Holder shall segregate within its operating environment, tasks and responsibilities which may be regarded as incompatible with each other or which may potentially generate systematic conflicts of interest.
- 3.10 The Licence Holder shall assess whether its operating conditions may involve any other material conflicts of interest and disclose them to the investors of the AIFs.

- 3.11 Where organisational arrangements made by the Licence Holder to identify, prevent, manage and monitor conflicts of interest are not sufficient to ensure with reasonable confidence, that risks of damage to investors' interests will be prevented, the Licence Holder shall clearly disclose the general nature or sources of conflicts of interest to the investors before undertaking business on their behalf, and develop appropriate policies and procedures.
- 3.12 Where the Licence Holder on behalf of an AIF uses the services of a prime broker, the terms shall be set out in a written contract. In particular any possibility of transfer and reuse of AIF assets shall be provided for in that contract and shall comply with the fund rules or instruments of incorporation. The contract shall provide that the Depositary be informed of the contract.

The Licence Holder shall exercise due skill, care and diligence in the selection and appointment of prime brokers with whom a contract is to be concluded.

- 3.13 In complying with SLCs 3.07 to 3.12, the Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision prescribing the reasonable steps which the Licence Holder is expected to take in terms of structures and organisational and administrative procedures in order to identify, prevent, manage, monitor and disclose conflicts of interest.

Marketing Communications

- 3.14 Licence Holders shall comply with the marketing communication requirements stipulated in [ESMA's Guidelines on marketing communications under the Regulation on cross-border distribution of funds](#).
- 3.15 Where the Licence Holder on behalf of the AIF offers or makes the AIF's units available to retail investors or potential retail investors resident in the EEA, it shall follow the requirements laid down by [Regulation \(EU\) No 1286/2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products \(PRIIPs\)](#).

OUTSOURCING AND SUB-DELEGATION

- 4.01 A Licence Holder which intends delegating to third parties the task of carrying out one or more functions on its behalf shall notify the MFSA before the delegation arrangements become effective. The Licence Holder shall comply with the following requirements:
- a. the Licence Holder must be able to justify its entire delegation structure on objective reasons;
 - b. the delegate must dispose of sufficient resources to perform the respective tasks and the persons who effectively conduct the business of the delegate must be of sufficiently good repute and sufficiently experienced;
 - c. where the delegation concerns portfolio management or risk management, it must be conferred only on undertakings which are authorised or registered for the purpose of asset management and subject to supervision, or where that condition cannot be met, only subject to prior approval by the MFSA;
 - d. where the delegation concerns portfolio management or risk management and is conferred on a third country undertaking, in addition to the requirements outlined in point (c) above, cooperation between the MFSA and the supervisory authority of the undertaking must be ensured;
 - e. the delegation must not prevent the effectiveness of supervision of the Licence Holder, and in particular, must not prevent the Licence Holder from acting, or the AIF from being managed, in the best interests of its investors;
 - f. the Licence Holder must be able to demonstrate that the delegate is qualified and capable of undertaking the functions and providing the services in question, that it was selected with all due care and that the Licence Holder is in a position to monitor effectively at any time the delegated activity, to give at any time further instructions to the delegate and to withdraw the delegation with immediate effect where to do so when this is in the interest of investors.
- 4.02 The Licence Holder shall review the services provided by each delegate on an ongoing basis.
- 4.03 No delegation of portfolio management or risk management shall be conferred on:
- a. The Depositary or a delegate of the Depositary; or
 - b. Any other entity whose interests may conflict with those of the Licence Holder or the investors of the AIF, unless such entity has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its portfolio management or risk management tasks from its other potentially conflicting tasks, and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF.

- 4.04 The liability of the Licence Holder towards its clients, the AIF and its investors shall not be affected by the fact that the Licence Holder has delegated functions to a third party, or by any further sub-delegation, nor shall the Licence Holder delegate its functions to the extent that in essence, it can no longer be considered to be the manager of the AIF and to the extent that it becomes a letter-box entity.

The Licence Holder shall ensure that the performance of the functions referred to in SLC 1.03 and the provision of the services referred to in SLC 1.04 of these rules comply with the AIFM Directive. That obligation shall apply irrespective of the regulatory status or location of any delegate or sub-delegate.

- 4.05 The delegate may sub-delegate any of the functions or services delegated to it provided that the following conditions are met:

- a. The Licence Holder consented prior to the sub-delegation;
- b. The Licence Holder notified the MFSA before the sub-delegation arrangements become effective;
- c. The conditions prescribed in SLC 4.01 and 4.02 are fulfilled on the understanding that all references to the 'delegate' are read and construed as referring to the 'sub-delegate'.

- 4.06 No sub-delegation of portfolio management or risk management shall be conferred on:

- a. The Depositary or a delegate of the Depositary; or
- b. Any other entity whose interests may conflict with those of the Licence Holder or the investors of the AIF, unless such entity has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its portfolio management or risk management tasks from its other potentially conflicting tasks, and the potential conflicts of interest are properly identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to the investors of the AIF.

- 4.07 The relevant delegate shall review the services provided by each sub-delegate on an ongoing basis.

- 4.08 Where the sub-delegate further delegates any of the functions delegated to it, the conditions prescribed in SLC 4.05 shall apply mutatis mutandis.

By way of derogation from SLCs 4.01-4.08 of these Rules, where the marketing function referred to in SLC 1.03 point 2(b) of these Rules, is performed by one or several distributors which are acting on their own behalf and which market the AIF in accordance with Directive 2014/65/EU or through insurance-based investment products in accordance with Directive (EU) 2016/97 of the European Parliament and of the Council, such function shall not be considered to be a delegation subject to the requirements of SLCs 4.01-4.08 of these Rules irrespective of any distribution agreement between the Licence Holder and the distributor.

- 4.09 Where a Licence Holder manages or intends to manage an AIF at the initiative of a third party, including cases where that AIF uses the name of a third-party initiator or where a Licence Holder appoints a third-party initiator as a delegate pursuant to SLCs 4.01-4.08 of these Rules shall, taking account of any conflicts of interest, submit detailed explanations and evidence of its compliance with SLCs 3.08, 3.09 and 3.10 of these Rules, to the MFSA, where it is the home supervisor. In particular, the Licence Holder shall specify the reasonable steps it has taken to prevent conflicts of interest arising from the relationship with the third party or, where those conflicts of interest cannot be prevented, how it identifies, manages, monitors and, where applicable, discloses those conflicts of interest in order to prevent them from adversely affecting the interests of the AIF and its investors.
- 4.10 In complying with SLCs 4.01 to 4.08 above, the Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision.
- 4.11 When entering into any and all outsourcing arrangements, the Licence Holder shall make reference to the DORA Regulation.

THE ROLE OF THE DEPOSITARY

- 5.01 The Licence Holder shall ensure that a single Depositary is appointed for each AIF it manages in accordance with the following:
- a. For a Non-UCITS retail collective investment Scheme or a retail AIF licensed in Malta, a Depositary having a Depositary Investment Services Licence issued by the MFSA;
 - b. For an AIF established in a EEA Member State other than Malta, a Depositary which complies with the requirements applicable in the said Member State;
 - c. For AIFs which have no redemption rights exercisable during the period of 5 years from the date of the initial investments and which, in accordance with their core investment policy, generally do not invest in assets that must be held in custody in accordance with Article 21(8)(a) of the AIFM Directive and which generally invest in issuers or non-listed companies in order to acquire control of such companies in accordance with Article 26 of the AIFM Directive, the Licence Holder shall ensure that where an entity established in Malta is appointed, such entity shall comply with the eligibility requirements prescribed in the Investment Services Act (Control of Assets) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016;

- d. For an AIF established in a third country, a Depositary which is established in the country of the AIF and which is either a credit institution or an investment firm subject to effective prudential regulation including minimum capital requirements and supervision which have the same effect as EU Law and are effectively enforced or a Depositary having a Depositary investment services licence issued by the Authority:

Provided that in complying with paragraph (v) above, the Licence Holder shall also refer to and comply with the applicable provisions of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regards to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision;

Provided further that the appointment of a Depositary established in a third country shall at all times be subject to the following conditions:

- i. The European Regulatory Authorities of the Member States in which the units or shares of the non-EU AIF are intended to be marketed, and, where the AIFM is licenced in Malta, the MFSA, have signed cooperation and exchange of information arrangements with the competent authorities of the Depositary;
- ii. The third country where the Depositary is not identified as a high-risk third country pursuant to Article 9(2) of Directive (EU) 2015/849;
- iii. The Member States in which the units or shares of the non-EU AIF are intended to be marketed, and where the Licence Holder is licenced in Malta, the MFSA, have signed an agreement with the third country where the Depositary is established which fully complies with the standards prescribed in Article 26 of the OECD Model Tax Convention on Income and on Capital and ensures an effective exchange of information in tax matters including multilateral tax agreements and that third country is not mentioned in Annex I to the Council conclusions on the revised EU list of non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax purposes;
- iv. The Depositary shall by contract be liable to the AIF or to the investors of the AIF, consistently with article 21(12) and (13) of the AIFM Directive and shall expressly agree to comply with article 21(11) of the AIFM Directive.

By way of derogation from the introductory wording of the first paragraph, the conditions in points (iii) and (iv) of the above paragraph shall apply at the time of the depositary's appointment. If a third country where a depositary is established is identified as a high-risk third country pursuant to Article 9(2) of Directive (EU) 2015/849, as referred to in the first paragraph, point (c), or is added to Annex I to the Council conclusions on the revised EU list of non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax purposes, as referred to in the above paragraph, point (iv), after the time of the appointment of the depositary, a new depositary shall be appointed within an

appropriate period, taking due account of the interests of investors. That period shall be no longer than two years.

- 5.02 For third country AIFs, which are marketed in the EU/EEA in terms of Article 36 of the AIFM Directive, the Licence Holder shall ensure that one or more entities are appointed to carry out the duties of cash flow monitoring, safekeeping and general oversight as described in Article 21(7), (8), and (9) respectively of the AIFM Directive. Where such entity is established in Malta, it shall be in possession of a Depositary or Depositary Lite Investment Services Licence as prescribed in the Investment Services Act (Custodians of Collective Investment Schemes) Regulations, 2016.
- 5.03 For the purpose of SLCs 5.01 and 5.02, the Licence Holder may not be appointed as Depositary.
- 5.04 The Licence Holder shall further advise the MFSA of the identity of the entity/ies appointed in terms of SLCs 5.01 and 5.02.
- 5.05 The Licence Holder shall ensure that the appointment of the Depositary shall be evidenced by a written contract. This contract shall *inter alia*, regulate the flow of information deemed necessary to allow the Depositary to perform its functions for the AIF for which it has been appointed as Depositary.
- 5.06 In complying with SLC 5.05 above, the Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision prescribing the particulars that need to be included in the written contract referred to above.
- 5.07 The Licence Holder shall ensure that in the execution of its obligations in terms of the AIFM Directive, the Depositary complies with Part BIV of the Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers, where the entity is established in Malta or article 21 of the AIFM Directive where the Depositary is established in another Member State.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES

- 6.01 The Licence Holder shall at all times have financial resources sufficient for the proper performance of its functions. The financial resources of the Licence Holder shall at all times exceed the level prescribed hereunder. The Licence Holder shall maintain own funds equal to or in excess of its capital resources requirement. This shall constitute the Licence Holder's Financial Resources Requirement.
- 6.02 Without prejudice to the generality of SLC 6.01, the Licence Holder must have an initial capital of at least EUR 125,000.

Provided that an AIF which is an internally managed AIF shall have an initial capital of at least EUR 300,000.

- 6.03 For the purposes of these Rules, the term 'initial capital' shall be comprised of:
- a. *Equity capital*: meaning share capital subscribed by shareholders or other proprietors, in so far as it has been paid up, plus share premium accounts but excluding cumulative preference shares; and
 - b. *Reserves*: meaning revenue reserves, interim or year-end net profits/retained profits for the year, unrealised fair value movements in held for trading financial instruments, and other reserves.
- 6.04 Where the value of the portfolios of AIFs managed by the Licence Holder exceeds EUR 250 million, the Licence Holder will be required to provide an additional amount of own funds which is equal to 0.02% of the amount by which the value of the portfolios of the Licence Holder exceeds EUR 250 million:
- Provided that the required total of the initial capital and the additional amount of own funds shall not exceed EUR 10 million.
- 6.05 For the purposes of SLC 6.04 above, AIFs managed by the Licence Holder, including AIFs for which the Licence Holder has delegated functions in accordance with SLCs 4.01 to 4.08, but excluding AIF portfolios that the Licence Holder is managing under delegation, shall be deemed to be the portfolios of the Licence Holder.
- 6.06 Without prejudice to the amounts prescribed in SLC 6.04 above, the own funds of the Licence Holder shall never be less than one quarter of the fixed overheads requirement as outlined in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2033 of the European Parliament and of the Council.
- 6.07 The MFSA may authorise a Licence Holder not to provide up to 50% of the additional amount of own funds referred to in SLC 6.04 above, if it benefits from a guarantee of the same amount given by a credit institution or an insurance undertaking which has its registered office in Malta, in another Member State or EEA State or in a third country where such credit institution or insurance undertaking is subject to prudential rules considered by the MFSA as equivalent to those prescribed by Union Law.
- 6.08 The Licence Holder shall comply with any further Financial Resources Requirements set by the MFSA. If the MFSA so determines, the Licence Holder will be given due notice in writing of the additional Financial Resources Requirements which shall be applied.
- 6.09 The Licence Holder shall immediately advise the MFSA if at any time it is in breach of its Financial Resources Requirement immediately upon becoming aware of the breach. In this case, the MFSA may, if the circumstances justify it, allow the Licence Holder a limited period within which to restore its financial resources to the required level.
- 6.10 The Licence Holders shall at all times maintain Own Funds equal to or in excess of their Initial Capital or the fixed overheads requirement, that is the Capital Requirement.

- 6.11 The meaning of Own Funds and the Capital Requirement applicable to the Licence Holder, as well as the methodology for calculating such a Licence Holder's satisfaction of its financial resources requirement, are set out in Part 2 Title 2 Section 3 Elements of Own Funds and Part 3 Title 2 Section 3 Own Funds of the Part BI of these Rules, SLCs 6.02, 6.03, and 6.04 above, and Appendix 1A.
- 6.11A The Licence Holder shall obtain the Authority's written consent before entering into, amending, and/or terminating a Subordinated Loan Agreement in line with SLC 6.11B of this Rulebook.
- 6.11B A Subordinated Loan Agreement shall be drawn up between the Licence Holder and lender. The Subordinated Loan Agreement shall meet all the criteria for it to be an eligible instrument for inclusion within the own funds calculation in accordance with Appendix 1A.
- 6.11C Prior to entering into a Subordinated Loan Agreement, the Licence Holder shall submit the following to the MFSA on funds@mfsa.mt :
- i. the rationale for entering into the Subordinated Loan Agreement and a copy of an amended version of the applicable Financial Returns evidencing the effect of the loan on the own funds of the Licence Holder;
 - ii. a draft of the agreement; and
 - iii. a declaration from the external Auditors of the Licence Holder that such Subordinated Loan Agreement, qualifies as an eligible instrument for the purpose of the own funds calculation as specified Appendix 1A.

Professional Indemnity Insurance Requirement

- 6.12 To cover professional liability risks resulting from activities which the Licence Holder may carry out pursuant to these Rules, the Licence Holder shall either:
- a. Have additional own funds which are appropriate to cover potential liability risks arising from professional negligence; or
 - b. Hold a professional indemnity insurance against liability arising from professional negligence which is appropriate to the risks covered.
- 6.13 The Licence Holder shall purchase the Professional Indemnity Insurance from an EU or non-EU undertaking authorised to provide professional indemnity insurance in accordance with Union law or Maltese law. The Professional Indemnity Insurance can also be provided by a third party entity.
- 6.14 For the purposes of demonstrating to the satisfaction of the MFSA that the above requirement is being complied with on an ongoing basis, the Licence Holder shall upon request by the MFSA submit a copy of the renewal cover note or such other written evidence as the MFSA may require to establish compliance with these Rules.

- 6.15 The Licence Holder shall, within two days from the date it becomes aware of any circumstances specified in paragraphs (a) to (g) below, inform the MFSA in writing where:
- a. during the term of the policy, the Licence Holder has notified insurers of an incident which may give rise to a claim under the policy;
 - b. during the term of a policy, the insurer has cancelled the policy or has notified its intention of doing so;
 - c. the policy has not been renewed or has been cancelled and another policy satisfying the requirements prescribed in this section has not been taken out from the day on which the previous policy lapsed or was cancelled;
 - d. during the term of a policy, the terms or conditions are altered in any manner so that the policy no longer satisfies the requirements prescribed in this section;
 - e. the insurer has intimated that it intends to decline to indemnify the insured in respect of a claim under the policy;
 - f. the insurer has given notice that the policy will not be renewed or will not be renewed in a form which will enable the policy to satisfy the requirements prescribed in this section;
 - g. during the term of a policy, the risks covered by the policy or the conditions or terms relating thereto are altered in any manner.

6.16 Own funds including any additional own funds as referred to in SLC 6.10(a), shall be invested in liquid assets or assets readily convertible to cash in the short term and shall not include speculative positions.

6.17 SLC 6.02 and SLCs 6.04 to 6.07 shall not apply to Licence Holders which are also UCITS Fund Managers.

Provided that SLCs 6.10 and 6.14 and the applicable articles of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision shall be applicable to Licence Holders which are also UCITS Fund Managers.

6.18 In complying with SLC 6.10 above, the Licence Holder shall also refer and comply with the applicable provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision.

Reporting Requirements

- 6.19 The Licence Holder shall have internal control mechanisms and administrative and accounting procedures which permit the verification of their compliance with these Rules as well as effective procedures for risk assessment and effective control and safeguard arrangements for information processing systems.

The Licence Holder shall in each year prepare an Annual Financial Return in the form set out in Appendix 2B to these Rules signed by at least two directors or partners or any other persons authorised to sign by way of a Board Resolution. In the latter case, the Licence Holder is expected to provide a certified true copy of such Board Resolution to the MFSA.

- 6.20 The Annual Financial Return shall be submitted to the MFSA in soft copy within one month of the Accounting Reference Date.
- 6.21 The Licence Holder shall also submit the original Representations Sheet of the Annual Financial Return, signed in accordance with SLC 6.19.
- 6.22 The Audited Annual Financial Return shall be submitted to the MFSA in soft copy within four months of the Accounting Reference Date. Such Return shall be signed in accordance with SLC 6.19 and by the Auditors.
- 6.23 The Licence Holder shall also submit the original Representations Sheet, and the original Annual Supervisory Fee Calculator Sheet of the Audited Annual Financial Return, signed in accordance with SLC 6.19 and by the Auditors.
- 6.24 Audited annual financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, together with a copy of the auditors' management letter and the auditors' report as required by SLC 6.38 shall be submitted to the MFSA within four months of the Accounting Reference Date.
- 6.25 In addition to the Annual Financial Return and audited financial statements, the Licence Holder shall prepare an Interim Financial Return, in the form set out in Appendix 2B to these Rules, at dates three, six and nine months after the Accounting Reference Date. The first Interim Financial Return should cover the three months immediately following the Accounting Reference Date, the second Interim Financial Return should cover the six months immediately following the Accounting Reference Date and the third Interim Financial Return should cover the nine months immediately following the Accounting Reference Date. In the event of a change to the Accounting Reference Date, the dates for the preparation of the Interim Financial Returns shall be agreed with MFSA.
- 6.26 The Interim Financial Return shall be submitted to the MFSA in soft copy within one month of the date up to which it has been prepared. It shall be signed by at least two directors or partners or any other persons authorised to sign by way of a Board Resolution. In the latter case, the Licence Holder is expected to provide a certified true copy of such Board Resolution to the MFSA.

- 6.27 The Licence Holder shall also submit the original Representations Sheet of the Interim Financial Return, signed in accordance with SLC 6.26 within one month of the date up to which it has been prepared.
- 6.28 The Licence Holder shall prepare and submit such additional financial returns as the MFSA may require.
- 6.29 DELETED
- 6.30 The Licence Holder shall be responsible for the correct compilation of the Financial Returns. The nature and content of the financial returns shall be as follows:
- a. they shall be in the form set out in Appendix 2B;
 - b. they shall be in agreement with the underlying accounting records;
 - c. accounting policies shall be consistent with those adopted in the audited annual financial statements and shall be consistently applied. These accounting policies should adequately cater for the following:
 - i. amounts in respect of items representing assets or income may not be offset against amounts in respect of items representing liabilities or expenditure, as the case may be, or vice versa, unless duly authorised by the MFSA;
 - ii. balances representing clients' money and/or assets held/controlled by the Licence Holder must not form part of the Licence Holder's Balance Sheet;
 - d. information to be included in the financial returns shall be prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards;
 - e. investments shall be included in the balance sheet at valuations arrived at in accordance with the provisions of International Financial Reporting Standards;
 - f. financial returns shall not be misleading as a result of the misrepresentation or omission or miscalculation of any material item;
 - g. where the Annual Financial Return has been submitted before the relevant audited annual financial statements have been produced, it shall be updated to reflect the information in the audited annual financial statements and submitted to the MFSA together with the audited annual financial statements;
 - h. in the case of an individual or individuals in partnership or association, financial returns shall be prepared to show relevant figures for the Investment Services business exclusively. If required by the MFSA to do so, the individual (or individuals) shall submit, in addition, a statement of personal assets and liabilities.
- 6.31 The Licence Holder shall notify the MFSA immediately upon becoming aware:

- a. that it is in breach of the requirements in respect of financial resources, records, reporting or procedures and controls;
- b. that it will be unable to submit an Annual or Interim Financial Return on the due date.

The notification shall give reasons and shall explain what action is being taken to rectify matters.

6.32 The Licence Holder shall notify the MFSA immediately if:

- a. it becomes aware of actual or intended legal proceedings against it;
- b. it decides to claim on a professional indemnity or other policy relating to its Investment Services business;
- c. the Licence Holder's counterparties in repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements or securities and commodities-lending and securities and commodities-borrowing transactions default on their obligations.

Audit

6.33 The Licence Holder shall appoint an auditor approved by the MFSA. The Licence Holder shall replace its auditor if requested to do so by the MFSA. The MFSA's consent shall be sought prior to the appointment or replacement of an auditor.

The Licence Holder shall make available to its auditor the information and explanations he needs to discharge his responsibilities as an auditor and in order to meet the MFSA's requirements.

6.34 The Licence Holder shall not appoint an individual as an auditor, nor appoint an audit firm where the individual directly responsible for the audit, or his firm is:

- a. a director, partner, qualifying shareholder, officer, representative or employee of the Licence Holder;
- b. a partner of, or in the employment of, any person in (a) above;
- c. a spouse, civil partner, parent, step-parent, child, step-child or other close relative of any person in (a) above;
- d. a person who is not otherwise independent of the Licence Holder;
- e. a person disqualified by the MFSA from acting as an auditor of a Licence Holder.

For this purpose, an auditor shall not be regarded as an officer or an employee of the Licence Holder solely by reason of being an auditor of that Licence Holder.

6.35 The Licence Holder shall obtain from its auditor a signed letter of engagement defining clearly the extent of the auditor's responsibilities and the terms of his appointment. The Licence Holder shall confirm in writing to its auditor its agreement to the terms in the letter of engagement. The auditor shall provide the MFSA with a letter of confirmation in the form set out in Annex II to the Application Form for an Investment Services Licence.

6.36 The letter of engagement shall include terms requiring the auditor:

- a. to provide such information or verification to the MFSA as the MFSA may request;
- b. to afford another auditor all such assistance as he may require;
- c. to vacate his office if he becomes disqualified to act as auditor for any reason;
- d. if he resigns, or is removed or not reappointed, to advise the MFSA of that fact and of the reasons for his ceasing to hold office. The auditor shall also be required to advise the MFSA if there are matters he considers should be brought to the attention of the MFSA;
- e. in accordance with article 18 of the Act, to report immediately to the MFSA any fact or decision of which he becomes aware in his capacity as auditor of the Licence Holder which:
 - i. is likely to lead to a serious qualification or refusal of his audit report on the accounts of the Licence Holder; or
 - ii. constitutes or is likely to constitute a material breach of the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to the Licence Holder in or under the Act; or
 - iii. gravely impairs the ability of the Licence Holder to continue as a going concern; or
 - iv. relates to any other matter which has been prescribed.
- f. in accordance with Article 18 of the Act, to report to the MFSA any facts or decision as specified in (e) above of any person having close links, as defined in Appendix 9, with the Licence Holder, of which the auditor becomes aware in his capacity as auditor of the Licence Holder or of the person having such close links.

6.37 If at any time the Licence Holder fails to have an auditor in office for a period exceeding four weeks, the MFSA shall be entitled to appoint a person to fill the vacancy; the fees and charges so incurred being payable by the Licence Holder.

6.38 In respect of each annual accounting period, the Licence Holder shall require its auditor to prepare a management letter in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. The auditor must also confirm to the MFSA that the audit has been

conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and whether, in the auditor's opinion:

- a. the Annual Financial Return together with the audited annual financial statements are in agreement with the Licence Holder's accounting records;
- b. the Annual Financial Return has been prepared in accordance with the MFSA's requirements and is consistent with the audited annual financial statements;
- c. the Financial Resources of the Licence Holder have been properly calculated in accordance with the MFSA's requirements and exceed the Financial Resources Requirement of the Licence Holder as at the Accounting Reference Date;
- d. proper accounting records have been kept, and adequate systems for their control have been maintained, as required by the MFSA, during the period covered by the Annual Financial Return;
- e. the Licence Holder has, either:
 - i. maintained throughout the period covered by the Annual Financial Return, systems adequate to safeguard Customers' Assets and Clients' Money; or
 - ii. based on review procedures performed, nothing has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that the Licence Holder held Customers' Assets or Clients' Money during the period covered by the Annual Financial Return.
- f. all information and explanations necessary for the purpose of the audit have been obtained.

6.39 Where, in the auditor's opinion, one or more of the requirements have not been met, the auditor shall be required to include in his report a statement specifying the relevant requirements and the respects in which they have not been met. Where the auditor is unable to form an opinion as to whether the requirements have been met, the auditor shall be required to specify the relevant requirements and the reasons why he has been unable to form an opinion.

Provided that where the auditor intends to qualify the report, it shall notify the MFSA immediately thereof.

6.40 A Licence Holder which receives a management letter from its auditor which contains recommendations to remedy any weaknesses identified during the course of the audit, shall be required to submit to the MFSA by not later than six months from the end of the financial period to which the management letter relates, a statement setting out in detail the manner in which the auditor's recommendations have been/are being implemented. In the instance where the Licence Holder has not taken/is not taking

any action in respect of any one or more recommendations in the auditor's management letter, the reasons are to be included.

- 6.41 The Licence Holder is required to include in the Directors' Report (which should form part of the annual report to members of the company), a statement regarding breaches of SLCs or other regulatory requirements which occurred during the reporting period, and which were subject to an administrative penalty or other regulatory sanction.

Where there have been no breaches, it is sufficient merely to say so. However if there have been breaches, a summary must be provided of the breach(es) committed and regulatory sanction imposed.

DISCLOSURE AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Annual Report

- 7.01 The Licence Holder, shall, for each of the European AIFs it manages and for each of the AIFs it markets in an EU or EEA Member State, make available an annual report for each financial year no later than 6 months following the end of the financial year. The contents of the annual report shall be those prescribed in Appendix 13.
- 7.02 The Licence Holder shall provide the annual report to investors on request.
- 7.03 The Licence Holder shall make the annual report available to the MFSA and where applicable, the European Regulatory Authority of the home Member State or EEA State of the AIF. The AIF's annual report shall be published and provided to investors in the AIF, and submitted to the MFSA within six months respectively of the end of the period concerned.

Disclosure to investors

- 7.04 The Licence Holder shall, for each European AIF it manages and for each of the AIFs it markets in an EU Member State or EEA State, make available to AIF investors, in accordance with the fund rules or instruments of incorporation, the information prescribed in Section 3 of Appendix 13.

Reporting to the MFSA

- 7.05 The Licence Holder shall regularly report to the MFSA on the principal markets and instruments in which it trades on behalf of the AIFs it manages as outlined in Section 4 of Appendix 13.
- 7.06 In exceptional circumstances and where required in order to ensure the stability and integrity of the financial system or to promote long-term sustainable growth, the MFSA may impose additional reporting requirements following a specific request by ESMA to do so, provided that ESMA has first consulted the ESRB.

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORTING OBLIGATIONS FOR LICENCE HOLDERS MANAGING SPECIFIC TYPES OF AIFS – LEVERAGED AIFS

Use of information by the MFSA, supervisory cooperation and limits to leverage

- 8.01 The Licence Holder shall demonstrate that the leverage limits set by it for each AIF it manages are reasonable and that it complies with those limits at all times. In line with the ESMA Guidelines on Article 25 of Directive 2011/61/EU ([ESMA34-32-701](#)), The MFSA shall assess the risks that the use of leverage by a Licence Holder with respect to the AIFs it manages could entail, and, where deemed necessary in order to ensure the stability and integrity of the financial system, the MFSA, after having notified ESMA, the ESRB and the European Regulatory Authorities of the relevant AIF, shall impose limits to the level of leverage that the Licence Holder is entitled to employ or other restrictions on the management of the AIF with respect to the AIFs under its management, to limit the extent to which the use of leverage contributes to the buildup of systemic risk in the financial system or risks of disorderly markets. The MFSA shall duly inform ESMA, the ESRB and the European Regulatory Authorities of the AIF, of actions taken in this respect, through the procedure stipulated in the MFSA Act and the Investment Services Act.
- 8.02 The notification referred to in SLC 8.01 shall be made not less than 10 working days before the proposed measure is intended to take effect or to be renewed.
- 8.03 The notification referred to in SLC 8.01 shall include details of the proposed measure, the reasons for the measure and when the measure is intended to take effect.
- 8.04 In exceptional circumstances, the MFSA may decide that the proposed measure takes effect within the period of 10 working days referred to in SLC 8.02.
- 8.05 In complying with SLC 8.01 above, the Licence Holder shall also refer and be guided by Article 112 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision specifying the circumstances in which the Competent Authority may exercise its power to impose leverage limits or other restrictions on AIFMs.
- 8.06 Licence Holders subject to measures imposed by the MFSA in accordance with SLC 8.01 above, shall take all reasonable steps to comply with the measures imposed within the timeframes and conditions stipulated by the MFSA.

SUPPLEMENTARY SLCs FOR LICENCE HOLDERS MANAGING AIFS WHICH ACQUIRE CONTROL OF NON-LISTED COMPANIES AND ISSUERS

9.01 The SLCs included in this Section shall apply to the following:

- a. Licence Holders managing one or more AIFs which either individually or jointly on the basis of an agreement aimed at acquiring control, acquire control of a non-listed company in accordance with SLC 9.02;
- b. Licence Holders cooperating with one or more other AIFMs on the basis of an agreement pursuant to which the AIFs managed by those Licence Holders jointly, acquire control of a non-listed company in accordance with SLC 9.02.

9.02 For the purposes of this section, with regards to non-listed companies, the term 'control' shall mean more than 50% of the voting rights of the companies.

When calculating the percentage of voting rights held by the relevant AIF, in addition to the voting rights held directly by the relevant AIF, the voting rights of the following entities shall be taken into account, subject to the control as referred to above being established:

- a. An undertaking controlled by the AIF; and
- b. a natural or legal person acting in its own name but on behalf of the AIF or on behalf of an undertaking controlled by the AIF.

The percentage of voting rights shall be calculated on the basis of all shares to which voting rights are attached even if the exercise thereof is suspended.

Notwithstanding the definition of 'control'¹ as provided in the Glossary to these Investment Services Rules, for the purpose of SLCs 9.12 – 9.14 and SLCs 9.18 to 9.20 in regard to issuers, control shall be determined in accordance with Article 5(3) of Directive 2004/25/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on takeover bids.

9.03 The SLCs included within this section shall apply subject to the conditions and restrictions set out in Article 6 of Directive 2002/14/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2002 establishing a general framework for informing and consulting employees in the European Community as transposed and implemented in Malta through the Employee (Information and Consultation) Regulations.

9.04 This section shall not apply where the non-listed companies concerned are:

- a. small and medium-sized enterprises within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Annex to Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises; or

¹ 'Control' means control as defined in Article 1 of Directive 83/349/EEC.

- b. ii. SPVs with the purpose of purchasing holding or administrating real estate.
- 9.05 Without prejudice to SLCs 9.01 and 9.04, SLC 9.07 shall also apply to Licence Holders managing AIFs that acquire a non-controlling participation in a non-listed company.
- 9.06 SLCs 9.12 to 9.14 and SLCs 9.18 to 9.20 shall also apply to Licence Holders managing AIFs that acquire control over issuers. For the purposes of those SLCs, SLCs 9.01 and 9.04 shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

Notification of the acquisition of major holdings and control of non-listed companies

- 9.07 When an AIF acquires, disposes of or holds shares of a non-listed company, the Licence Holder managing such AIF shall notify the MFSA of the proportion of voting rights of the non-listed company held by the AIF any time when that proportion reaches, exceeds or falls below the thresholds of 10%, 20%, 30% 50% and 75%.
- 9.08 When an AIF acquires individually or jointly, control over a non-listed company pursuant to SLC 9.01, in conjunction with SLC 9.02, the Licence Holder managing such an AIF shall notify the following of the acquisition of control by the AIF:
- a. The non-listed company;
 - b. The shareholders of which the identities and addresses are available to the Licence Holder or can be made available by the non-listed company or through a register to which the Licence Holder has or can obtain access; and
 - c. The MFSA.
- 9.09 The notification required under SLC 9.08 shall contain the following additional information:
- a. The resulting situation in terms of voting rights;
 - b. The conditions subject to which control was acquired, including information about the identity of the different shareholders involved, any natural person or legal entity entitled to exercise voting rights on their behalf and, if applicable, the chain of undertakings through which voting rights are effectively held;
 - c. The date on which control was acquired.
- 9.10 In its notification to the non-listed company, the Licence Holder shall request the Board of Directors of the company to inform the employees' representatives or, where there are none, the employees themselves, without undue delay of the acquisition of control by the AIF managed by the Licence Holder and of the information referred to in SLC 9.09. The Licence Holder shall use its best efforts to ensure that the employees' representatives, or where there are none, the employees themselves, are duly informed by the board of directors in accordance with SLCs 9.07 to 9.11.

- 9.11 The notifications referred to in SLCs 9.07 to 9.09 shall be made as soon as possible, but no later than 10 working days after the date on which the AIF has reached, exceeded or fallen below the relevant threshold or has acquired control over the non-listed company.

Disclosure in the case of acquisition of control

- 9.12 When an AIF acquires individually or jointly, control over a non-listed company or an issuer pursuant to SLC 9.01, in conjunction with SLC 9.02, the Licence Holder managing such an AIF shall make the information referred to in SLC 9.13 available to:
- a. The company concerned;
 - b. The shareholders of the company of which the identities and addresses are available to the Licence Holder or can be made available by the company or through a register to which the Licence Holder has or can obtain access; and
 - c. The MFSA.

The MFSA may require that the information referred to in SLC 9.13 is also made available to the competent authorities of the non-listed company which the MFSA may designate to that effect.

- 9.13 The Licence Holder shall make available:
- a. The identity of the AIFMs which either individually or in agreement with other AIFMs manage the AIFs that have acquired control;
 - b. The policy for preventing and managing conflicts of interest, in particular between the Licence Holder, the AIF and the company, including information about the specific safeguards established to ensure that any agreement between the Licence Holder and/or the AIF and the company is concluded at arm's length; and
 - c. The policy for external and internal communication relating to the company in particular as regards employees.

- 9.14 In its notification to the company pursuant to SLC 9.12(a), the Licence Holder shall request the Board of Directors of the company to inform the employees' representatives or, where there are none, the employees themselves, without undue delay of the information referred to in SLC 9.12. The Licence Holder shall use its best efforts to ensure that the employees' representatives or, where there are none, the employees themselves, are duly informed by the board of directors in accordance with SLCs 9.12 to 9.17.

- 9.15 When an AIF acquires individually or jointly, control of a non-listed company pursuant to SLC 9.01, in conjunction with SLC 9.02, the Licence Holder managing such AIF shall ensure that the AIF, or the Licence Holder acting on behalf of the AIF, disclose its

intentions with regard to the future business of the non-listed company and the likely repercussions on employment, including any material changed in the conditions of employment to:

- a. The non-listed company; and
 - b. The shareholders of the non-listed company of which the identities and addresses are available to the Licence Holder or can be made available by the non-listed company or through a register to which the Licence Holder has or can obtain access.
- 9.16 In addition, the Licence Holder managing the relevant AIF shall request and use its best efforts to ensure that the board of directors of the non-listed company makes available the information set out in SLC 9.15 to the employees' representatives or, where there are none, the employees themselves, of the non-listed company.
- 9.17 When an AIF acquires control of a non-listed company pursuant to SLC 9.01, in conjunction with SLCs 9.02, the Licence Holder managing such AIF shall provide the MFSA and the AIF's investors with information on the financing of the acquisition.

Asset Stripping

- 9.18 When an AIF, individually or jointly, acquires control of a non-listed company or an issuer pursuant to SLC 9.01, in conjunction with SLC 9.02, the Licence Holder managing such an AIF shall for a period of 24 months following the acquisition of control of the company by the AIF:
- a. Not be allowed to facilitate, support or instruct any distribution, capital reduction, share redemption and/or acquisition of own shares by the company as described in SLC 9.19;
 - b. In so far as the Licence Holder is authorised to vote on behalf of the AIF at the meetings of the governing bodies of the company, not vote in favour of a distribution, capital reduction, share redemption and/or acquisition of own shares by the company as described in SLC 9.19; and
 - c. In any event use its best efforts to prevent distributions, capital reductions, share redemptions and/or the acquisition of own shares by the company as described in SLC 9.19.
- 9.19 The obligations imposed on the Licence Holder pursuant to SLC 9.18 shall relate to the following:
- a. any distribution to shareholders made when on the closing date of the last financial year the net assets as set out in the company's annual accounts are, or following such a distribution would become, lower than the amount of the subscribed capital plus those reserves which may be not distributed under the law or the statutes, on the understanding that where the uncalled part of the subscribed capital is not included in the assets shown in the balance sheet, this amount shall be deducted from the amount of subscribed capital;

- b. any distribution to shareholders the amount of which would exceed the amount of the profits at the end of the last financial year plus any profits brought forward and sums drawn from reserves available for this purpose, less any losses brought forward and sums placed to reserve in accordance with the law or the statutes;
- c. to the extent that acquisitions of own shares are permitted, the acquisitions by the company, including shares previously acquired by the company and held by it, and shares acquired by a person acting in his own name but on the company's behalf, that would have the effect of reducing the net assets below the amount mentioned in point (a).

9.20 For the purposes of SLC 9.19:

- a. the term 'distribution' referred to in SLC 9.19(a) and (b) shall include, in particular, the payment of dividends and of interest relating to shares;
- b. the provisions on capital reductions shall not apply on a reduction in the subscribed capital, the purpose of which is to offset losses incurred or to include sums of money in a non-distributable reserve provided that, following that operation, the amount of such reserve is not more than 10 % of the reduced subscribed capital; and
- c. the restriction set out in SLC 9.19(c) shall be subject to points (b) to (h) of Article 20(1) of the Second Council Directive 77/91/EEC of 13 December 1976 on coordination of safeguards which, for the protection of the interests of members and others, are required by Member States of companies within the meaning of the second paragraph of Article 58 of the Treaty, in respect of the formation of public limited liability companies and the maintenance and alteration of their capital, with a view to making such safeguards equivalent.

Supplementary Licence Conditions concerning the additional information which needs to be included in the annual report of AIFs exercising control of non-listed companies

9.21 When an AIF acquires, individually or jointly, control of a non-listed company pursuant to SLC 9.01 in conjunction with SLC 9.02, the Licence Holder managing such AIF shall include the additional information prescribed in SLCs 2.08 to 2.10 of Appendix 13 in the annual report.

SUPPLEMENTARY LICENCE CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO AIFMS MARKETING AIFS IN MALTA TO RETAIL INVESTORS

Note: *These Supplementary Licence Conditions are intended to complement Regulation 6 of the Investment Services Act (Marketing of AIFs) Regulations and Regulation 30 of the Investment Services Act (AIFM Third Country) Regulations.*

In the context of this section of Part BIII of the Rule Book, AIFM shall refer to a Licence Holder or a European AIFM passporting into Malta or a Third Country AIFM where marketing to retail investors is carried out in Malta.

10.01 An AIF can only be marketed to retail investors in Malta by an AIFM if it is in possession of an authorisation granted to it for this purpose by the MFSA in terms of the applicable regulations issued in terms of the Investment Services Act.

10.02 An AIF investing in products which fall within the definition of a non-complex financial instrument in terms of MiFID II and its Delegated Acts needs an authorisation to market to retail investors in Malta, as per Regulation 6 of SL 370.21, Investment Services Act (Marketing Of Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations.

For the avoidance of doubt, AIFs investing in products which fall within the definition of a complex financial instrument in terms of MiFID II and its Delegated Acts cannot market to retail investors under any circumstances.

10.03 Where an AIF is to be marketed to retail investors in Malta, the AIF or the AIFM on behalf of the AIF shall submit an application to the MFSA requesting authorisation to market the AIF in Malta to retail investors. The application shall be accompanied by the following documentation:

- a. A prospectus of the AIF;
- b. A declaration by the Directors of the AIFM that the AIF does not invest in products which fall within the definition of a complex financial instrument in terms of MiFID II and its Delegated Acts together with an explanation of why such products do not fall within such definition.

10.04 The Application shall be accompanied by such fees as may be prescribed in the Investment Services Act (Licence and other Fees) Regulations.

10.05 An AIFM wishing to market an AIF to retail investors in Malta shall also be subject to the requirements prescribed hereunder.

Disclosure Requirements for Information to Retail Clients, including Marketing Communications

General

10.06 All information, including marketing communications addressed by the AIFM to retail investors or potential retail investors is subject to the requirements of Article 11 of the Act and shall be fair, clear and not misleading by complying with the conditions set out below. Marketing communications (which include 'investment advertisements' as defined in Article 2(1) of the Act) shall:

- a. be clearly identifiable as such; and

- b. be considered to be fair, clear and not misleading if they comply with the conditions prescribed in SLCs 10.08 to 10.14.

For the avoidance of doubt the following are not subject to the rules contained in SLCs 10.08 – 10.18 but are still subject to the requirements of this SLC, requiring them to be “fair, clear and not misleading”:

- a. marketing communications which fall within the definition of “advertorial” as defined in the Glossary to these Rules; and
- b. marketing communications which consist only of one or more of the following: the name of the AIFM, a logo or other image associated with the AIFM, a contact point, a reference to the AIFs managed by the AIFM.

10.07 The AIFM shall ensure that appropriate records of all issued and/or approved marketing communications are maintained and made available for inspection by the MFSA within 24 hours of its request, for not less than five years from the date of publication or broadcast. Such records should include:

- a. the name of the individual who approved the communications;
- b. the date of approval of the information;
- c. the publication/s in which the marketing communication was included; and
- d. evidence to support any statement made in the information and which is not a statement of fact.

Marketing Information and Other Information for retail clients and potential retail clients

For further Guidance as to how these following Rules may be complied with, the AIFM may refer to the section entitled: “*Disclosure Requirements for information to clients including marketing communications [Adverts]*” contained in the Guidance Notes for Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers.

10.08 The AIFM shall ensure that all information it addresses to, or disseminates in such a way that it is likely to be received by retail investors or potential retail investors, including marketing communications, satisfies the following conditions. It shall:

- a. include the name of the AIFM;
- b. be accurate, and in particular shall not emphasise any potential benefits of the AIF without also giving a fair and prominent indication of any relevant risks;

- c. be sufficient for, and presented in a way that is likely to be understood by, the average member of the group to whom it is directed, or by whom it is likely to be received;
- d. not disguise, diminish or obscure important items, statements or warnings.

10.09 Where the information contains an indication of past performance of an AIF the following conditions shall be satisfied:

- a. that indication must not be the most prominent feature of the communication;
- b. the information must include appropriate performance information which covers the immediately preceding 5 years, or the whole period for which the AIF has been offered, if less than 5 years, or such longer period as the AIFM may decide, and
- c. in every case that performance information must be based on complete 12 month periods;
- d. the reference period and the source of information must be clearly stated;
- e. the information must contain a prominent warning that the figures refer to the past and that past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results;
- f. where the indication relies on figures denominated in a currency other than that of the country in which the retail investor or potential retail investor is resident, the currency must be clearly stated, together with a warning that the return may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations;
- g. where the indication is based on gross performance, the effect of commissions, fees or other charges must be disclosed.

10.10 Where the information relates to future performance, the following conditions shall be satisfied:

- a. the information must not be based on or refer to simulated past performance;
- b. it must be based on reasonable assumptions supported by objective dates;
- c. where the indication is based on gross performance, the effect of commissions, fees or other charges must be disclosed;
- d. it must contain a prominent warning that such forecasts are not a reliable indicator of future performance.

10.11 Where the information includes or refers to simulated past performance of the AIF, the following conditions shall be satisfied:

- a. the simulated past performance must be based on the actual past performance of one or more Instruments or financial indices which are the same as, or underlie, the AIF concerned;
 - b. in respect of the actual past performance referred in point (a), the conditions set out in points (a) to (c), (e) and (f) of SLC 10.09 must be complied with;
 - c. the information must contain a prominent warning that the figures refer to simulated past performance and that past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.
- 10.12 Where the information refers to a particular tax treatment, it shall prominently state that the tax treatment depends on the individual circumstances of each investor which may be subject to change in the future.
- 10.13 The information shall not use the name of the MFSA or other competent Authority in such a way that would indicate or suggest endorsement or approval by that authority of the products or services of the AIFM.
- 10.14 Where a marketing communication contains an offer or invitation of the following nature and specifies the manner of response or includes a form by which any response may be made, it shall include such information referred in SLCs 10.15 to 10.18 and as is relevant to the offer or invitation:
- a. an offer to enter into an agreement in relation to investment into the AIF with any person who responds to the communication;
 - b. an invitation to any person who responds to the communication to make an offer to enter into an agreement for investment in the AIF.

However, paragraph (a) shall not apply if, in order to respond to an offer or invitation contained in the marketing communication, the investor or the potential investor must refer to another document or documents, which, alone or in combination, contain that information.

Information about the AIFs

These requirements which are similar to the ones emanating from MiFID are being imposed on AIFMs which market units of AIFs to Retail investors on the basis that in this case AIFMs will have a direct interface with retail clients and should accordingly be subject to the same marketing requirements established under MiFID for Investment Firms providing similar services.

- 10.15 The AIFM shall provide retail investors or potential retail investors with a general description of the nature and risks of the AIFs, taking into account, in particular, the investor's categorisation as either a retail investor. That description must explain the nature of the AIF, as well as the risks particular to that specific type of instruments in

which the AIF invests in sufficient detail to enable the investor or potential investor to take investment decisions on an informed basis.

- 10.16 The description of risks shall include, where relevant to the AIF concerned and the status and level of knowledge of the investor or potential investor , the following elements:
- a. The risks associated with the AIF including an explanation of leverage and its effects and the risk of losing the entire investment;
 - b. The volatility of the price of the units in the AIF;
- 10.17 Where the AIF being marketed to retail investors or potential retail investors incorporates a guarantee by a third party, the information about the guarantee shall include sufficient detail about the guarantor and the guarantee to enable the retail investor or potential retail investor to make a fair assessment of the guarantee.
- 10.18 The AIFM shall provide retail investors or potential retail investors with the following general information, where relevant:
- a. The name and address of the AIFM, and the contact details, necessary to enable investors to communicate effectively with the AIFM;
 - b. The languages in which the investor may communicate with the AIFM, and receive documents and other information from the AIFM;
 - c. The methods of communication to be used between the AIFM and the client including, where relevant, those for the sending and reception of orders;
 - d. A statement of the fact that the AIFM is licensed by the MFSA together with the address of the MFSA;
 - e. A description, which may be provided in summary form, of the conflicts of interest policy maintained by the AIFM;
 - f. At any time that the client requests it, further details of that conflicts of interest.

Performance fee

- 10.19 The AIFM shall at all times observe and be bound by the provisions of the [ESMA Guidelines on performance fees in investment funds, applicable to Undertakings for the Collective Investment in Transferable Securities \(UCITS\) and certain types of Alternative Investment Funds \(AIFs\)](#).

ADDITIONAL RULES APPLICABLE TO AIFMS IN RELATION TO AIFS WHICH ARE NOTIFIED TO THE MFSA IN TERMS OF THE INVESTMENT SERVICES ACT (LIST OF NOTIFIED AIFS) REGULATIONS, 2016 (THE 'REGULATIONS').

THE RULES INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION WILL BE APPLICABLE UP TO 23 JUNE 2021. FROM 24 JUNE 2021 ONWARDS, NOTIFIED AIFS WILL BE SUBJECT TO THE INVESTMENT SERVICES RULES FOR NOTIFIED ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUNDS.

11.01 An AIFM may submit a notification to the MFSA in terms of the Regulations for inclusion of an AIF (hereinafter referred to as 'NAIF') in the List of Notified AIFs. The AIFM shall be:

- a. an AIFM:
 - i. which is in possession of an investment services licence issued in terms of the Investment Services Act to provide fund management services to AIFs established in Malta;
 - ii. which has satisfied all post-licencing business conditions imposed by the MFSA; and
 - iii. whose Portfolio Manager(s) (and where applicable, in terms of SLC 1.18(i) above, also Investment Committee members), have been approved by the MFSA and the MFSA is satisfied with the competence assessment carried out.

OR

- b. an AIFM which is authorised to provide services to an AIF established in Malta in accordance with Article 33 of the AIFM Directive as transposed in regulations 6 and 7 of the Investment Services Act (Alternative Investment Fund Manager) (Passport) Regulations.

11.02 An AIFM falling within the scope of SLC 11.01(a) shall comply with the following on an ongoing basis:

- a. the provisions of the Regulations;
- b. sections 1 to 9 of this Part of the Investment Services Rules applicable to AIFMs together with the rules included in this section:

Provided that the AIFM shall endeavour to comply on a best efforts basis with the Corporate Governance Manual for Directors of Investment Companies and Collective Investment Schemes.

11.03 An AIFM falling within the scope of SLC 11.01(b) shall comply with the following on an ongoing basis:

- a. the provisions of the Regulations;
- b. this **section** of the Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers.

11.04 The AIFM may submit a notification to the MFSA in terms of the Regulations, for AIFs which:

- a. are managed by the AIFMs; and
- b. are marketed solely and exclusively to professional and, or qualifying investors as defined in the Investment Services Act (List of Notified AIFs) Regulations, 2016.

Provided that:

- i. AIFs which are self-managed;
- ii. AIFs established as loan funds or loan-originating AIFs which fall to be authorised in terms of the Act and regulated by the Standard Licence Conditions applicable to Collective Investment Schemes authorised to invest through loans until 16th April 2029, or SLCs 8.89 to 8.99 of Part B of the Investment Services Rules following 16th April 2029;
- iii. AIFs which invest in instruments and assets other than financial instruments listed in Section C of Annex I of Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments

cannot become Notified AIFs in terms of the Regulations:

Provided that AIFs established as private equity funds shall not be deemed to fall within the scope of paragraph [iii] above;

Provided that AIFs which invest in immovable property, infrastructure or certain non-financial assets i.e. vintage cars, works of art, precious metals and antiques (or as determined by the Authority) shall not be deemed to fall within the scope of paragraph [iii] above;

Provided further that in the case of SPVs, a look-through approach will be applied in determining whether the AIF falls within the provisions of paragraphs [ii] and [iii];

Provided further that AIFs which are already in possession of a collective investment Scheme license issued in terms of the Act may not convert to Notified AIFs in terms of the Regulations.

11.05 The AIFM may establish the NAIF using any one of the following structures:

- a. an investment company with variable share capital under the Companies Act (Investment Companies with Variable Share Capital) Regulations;

- b. an investment company with fixed share capital under the Companies Act (Investment Companies with Fixed Share Capital) Regulations;
- c. an incorporated cell company under the Companies Act (SICAV Incorporated Cell Company) Regulations;
- d. an incorporated cell of a Recognised Incorporated Cell Company under the Companies Act (Recognised Incorporated Cell Companies) Regulations;
- e. a limited partnership under the Companies Act;
- f. a unit trust under the Trusts and Trustees Act;
- g. a contractual fund under the Investment Services Act (Contractual Fund) Regulations.

The AIF may be established as an open-ended or a closed-ended collective investment Scheme as defined in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 694/2014 of 17 December 2013 supplementing Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards determining types of alternative investment fund managers.

11.06 When structuring the AIF as an investment company, the AIF shall at all times have one or more directors independent from the AIFM, the Depositary, the promoter and all other service providers appointed by the AIF and/or the AIFM. Furthermore, the board of directors of the investment company shall be composed of at least three members one of whom must be resident in Malta:

Provided that the governing body of the AIF shall endeavour to comply with the Corporate Governance Manual for Directors of Investment Companies and Collective Investment Schemes ("the Manual").

11.07 An AIFM shall submit a request to the MFSA for the inclusion of a Notified AIF or one or more sub-funds of a NAIF in the List of Notified AIFs in accordance with regulation 6 of the Regulations.

11.08 NAIFs may only be marketed to:

- a. professional investors, being investors which are considered to be professional clients or may, on request, be treated as professional clients within the meaning of Annex II to Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments; and, or
- b. qualifying investors, being investors that fulfil the following criteria:
 - i. invest a minimum of EUR 100,000 or its currency equivalent in the AIF which investment may not be reduced below this minimum amount at any time by way of a partial redemption;

- ii. declare in writing to the AIFM and the AIF that they are aware of and accept the risks associated with the proposed investment; and
- iii. satisfy at least one of the following:
 1. a body corporate which has net assets in excess of EUR 750,000 or which is part of a group which has net assets in excess of EUR 750,000 or, in each case, the currency equivalent thereof;
 2. an unincorporated body of persons or association which has net assets in excess of EUR 750,000 or the currency equivalent;
 3. a trust where the net value of the trust's assets is in excess of EUR 750,000 or the currency equivalent;
 4. an individual whose net worth or joint net worth with that of the person's spouse, exceeds EUR 750,000 or the currency equivalent; or
 5. a senior employee or director of a service provider to the AIF.

Provided that the marketing of a the NAIF in Member States or EEA States other than Malta to investors other than professional investors as defined above is not automatic and may be allowed subject to national provisions applicable in the respective jurisdiction as prescribed in Article 43 of the AIFM Directive.

11.09 The notification request made by the AIFM shall be made in the prescribed format and shall be accompanied by the following documentation:

- a. a prospectus containing the minimum contents outlined in SLC 11.16 and duly compiled having regard to the templates attached to these Rules. The prospectus templates available are marked as Annexes 'IA', 'IB', and 'IC' in the NAIF Notification Form to these Rules;
- b. a resolution by the governing body of the AIF marked as Annex 'II' to the NAIF Notification Form certifying that the prospectus has the minimum contents outlined in SLC 11.16 and that it has been drafted in accordance therewith and with the applicable templates referred to in paragraph (a) above;
- c. a self-certification by the AIFM marked as Annex 'III' to the NAIF Notification Form in which the AIFM certifies that, having regard to any delegate manager(s) or advisers it has in place, it has the necessary competence and experience to manage the AIF and monitor effectively any delegate. The self-certification is to be given in respect of the applicable investment strategy;
- d. a joint declaration by the AIFM and the governing body of the AIF marked as Annex 'IV' to the NAIF Notification Form, by which each undertakes responsibility for the Notified AIF, including, inter alia, the obligations arising under the AIFMD;

- e. a declaration by the AIFM marked as Annex 'V' to the NAIF Notification Form confirming that it has carried out the necessary due diligence with regard to the service providers and the governing body of the AIF. This declaration must include a statement that the AIFM is satisfied with the outcome of this due diligence exercise and there are no untoward features.

Provided that in the case of AIFMs licenced by the MFSA:

- a. any changes to the investment management function of the AIFM, which are subject to the approval of the MFSA, shall be submitted for the consideration and approval of the Authority at least 2 months prior to the filing of the notification documents with the Authority for the entry of the NAIF in the List of Notified AIFs;
- b. where the AIFM does not deem that changes to the valuation arrangements or investment management function are necessary, the AIFM should provide a detailed outline of the basis on which the AIFM considers the relevant individuals/entities to be competent to carry out the investment management or valuation function of the AIFM in relation to the nature of the underlying assets of the NAIF, taking into consideration the competence criteria ordinarily adopted by the Authority. This information would need to be submitted together with the documentation outlined above;
- c. any changes to the risk management policy of the AIFM shall be submitted for the consideration and approval of the Authority at least 2 months prior to the filing of the notification documents with the Authority for the entry of the NAIF in the List of Notified AIFs.

Thereafter, following the inclusion of the AIF in the List of Notified AIFs but in any case not later than **1 month** from the listing of such NAIF, the AIFM (where the AIFM is licenced by the MFSA) shall submit to the Authority a copy of the updated Risk Management Policy together with the risk limits applicable to the relevant NAIF.

- 11.10 The notification form together with the accompanying documents referred to in SLC 11.09 shall be submitted to the MFSA within **30 calendar days** from the date of the resolution of the governing body of the AIF as referred to in paragraph (b) of SLC 11.09 and prior to the effective date of the prospectus.
- 11.11 The MFSA will proceed to include the AIF in the List of Notified AIFs within **10 working days** from the date of filing of a duly completed notification pack in original including the assessment referred to in paragraph (b) of the proviso to SLC 11.09 above, and the notification fee. Thereafter the prospectus may be dated:

Provided that, where, following (i) an assessment of the proposed valuation/ investment management arrangements/ risk management policy provided pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (c) of SLC 11.09 above, or (ii) a review of the assessment provided to the Authority pursuant to paragraph (b) of the proviso to SLC 11.09 above, the Authority deems that the set-up of the AIFM is not satisfactory to manage the NAIF proposed, it shall communicate its decision to the AIFM and the notification process shall be halted until the satisfactory resolution of any outstanding matters.

- 11.12 All rights, other than any rights to income or capital, of any founder or similar shares shall be retained by the holders of the founder shares upon inclusion of the AIF in the List of Notified AIFs subject to compliance with the following conditions:
- a. the appointment of a new member to the governing body of the AIF shall be subject to the approval of the AIFM;
 - b. any changes to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the AIF shall be subject to the approval of the AIFM.
- 11.13 The compliance function of the NAIF shall be carried out by the compliance officer of the AIFM. In this regard, the AIFM shall ensure that a NAIF complies on an ongoing basis with the provisions of the Act and any applicable rules or regulations issued thereunder, including the Regulations. The AIFM shall also comply with any obligations in respect of the NAIF and its investors under the AIFMD and the relevant rules and regulations thereunder as well as any other applicable regulations in any jurisdiction where the NAIF is marketed.
- 11.14 The MFSA shall reject notifications which do not comply with the requirements prescribed in the Regulations and these Rules.

Contents of the prospectus

- 11.15 The prospectus accompanying the notification made in accordance with SLC 11.07 shall as a minimum include the following contents:
- a. information concerning the NAIF;
 - b. the date of establishment of the NAIF and information on the duration of the NAIF;
 - c. sub-funds and/or NAIF's unit classes;
 - d. the NAIF's investment objectives, policies and restrictions and how these may be changed;
 - e. the manner in which the value of the NAIF's units (NAV) may be calculated;
 - f. a detailed description of the valuation methodology for the NAIF's assets particularly for hard to value assets;
 - g. where the NAIF is established as a SICAV, the amounts of authorised and paid up share capital;
 - h. the manner in which accounting records will be maintained and distributed;
 - i. information regarding the AIFM;
 - j. information on the depository and its responsibilities towards the NAIF;

- k. identification of the NAIF's auditor;
- l. identification of the NAIF's legal advisors in any relevant jurisdiction;
- m. information regarding the NAIF's other service providers such as the administrator, prime brokers and investment advisors (as applicable);
- n. a description of all entities involved in the implementation of the investment policy;
- o. subscription and redemption procedures;
- p. fees and expenses regime specifying which costs are borne by the NAIF, the AIFM and the investors;
- q. disclosures on conflicts of interest;
- r. disclosures of side letters;
- s. disclosure of any dealing commission arrangements;
- t. risk warnings and a clear indication of the principal risks associated with investing in the NAIF;
- u. any listing, where relevant;
- v. the manner and content of periodic and regular investor reporting, including a description of the manner in which reporting will be provided to investors on a regular basis regarding the NAIF's performance and commission sharing arrangements; and
- w. an explanation regarding the NAIF's winding up, liquidation or dissolution procedures.

11.16 The prospectus shall include, or the AIFM shall otherwise make available to investors, the information required pursuant to Appendix 13 of these Rules.

11.17 A disclaimer shall be included in the following form on the front page of the prospectus in a prominent position printed in font whose pitch is at least 12:

"XXXXX Fund is a Notified AIF under the Investment Services Act (List of Notified AIFs) Regulations. The Fund has been entered onto the List of Notified AIFs on the basis of a notification submitted by the AIFM confirming that:-

- (a) the AIFM is in possession of either:
 - (i) a licence granted by the MFSA under the Investment Services Act; or
 - (ii) a management passport under Article 33 of AIFMD; and
- (b) the governing body of the XXXXX Fund has approved the prospectus.

The entry of the xxxxxx Fund on the List of Notified AIFS is not an endorsement, guarantee or statement of approval by the MFSA nor is the MFSA responsible for the contents of this document or the selection or adequacy of its governing body or service providers. The MFSA has made no assessment or value judgment of the soundness of the Fund or for the accuracy or completeness of statements made or opinions expressed with regard to it. The MFSA has not reviewed or approved this document. Any person making statements to the contrary may be prosecuted under the Maltese Criminal Code [Chapter 9 – Laws of Malta]. Investors must rely solely upon their own and their advisors' due diligence in making any decision to invest."

- 11.18 The procedure outlined above in relation to notification of an AIF to the MFSA shall also be applicable to the notification of additional sub-funds of a Notified AIF to the MFSA.
- 11.19 All necessary information for the sub-fund(s) and class(es) may be included (i) in the main prospectus, (ii) in a separate document that is distributed with and directly references the main prospectus, or (iii) in a prospectus which contains all relevant information for the Notified AIF and the relevant sub-fund and/or class(es) concerned and references the existence and brief terms of the other sub-fund(s) and/or class(es) including any material risks that such other sub-fund(s)/class(es) may pose to the sub-fund(s) and/or class(es) concerned.

Due Diligence

- 11.20 Prior to submitting a request for notification of an AIF to the MFSA, the AIFM shall carry out the necessary due diligence processes to ensure that the service providers and the governing body of the NAIF satisfy at the time of notification and on an ongoing basis, the high fitness and properness standards expected by the MFSA.
- 11.21 In carrying out the necessary due diligence processes, the AIFM shall apply the "fit and proper" test in order to ensure that service providers, members of the NAIF's governing body and founder shareholders meet the following three criteria namely:
- a. integrity - which means that the service providers, members of the NAIF's governing body and founder shareholders are able to act honestly and in a trustworthy fashion;
 - b. competence - which requires that the service providers, members of the AIF's governing body and founder shareholders are able to demonstrate professional expertise and experience; and
 - c. solvency - which requires that service providers, members of the NAIF's governing body and founder shareholders demonstrate and are able to ensure proper financial controls and management of liquidity and capital where applicable.

The MFSA shall make available to AIFMs *ad hoc* Guidance on the manner in which it expects AIFMs to carry out the due diligence exercise.

- 11.22 The AIFM shall ensure that each service provider and member of the governing body of the NAIF maintains such standards on an ongoing basis and immediately notifies the MFSA of any change in such circumstances as they become known to the AIFM.
- 11.23 The AIFM shall retain records of all evidence and correspondence related to the due diligence process carried out in relation to each service provider and member of the governing body of the NAIF.
- 11.24 The AIFM shall make available to the MFSA all the documentation related to the due diligence exercise carried out in relation to each service provider and member of the governing body of the NAIF, upon request for inspection by the MFSA.
- 11.25 The AIFM shall ensure that the due diligence records are updated annually. The AIFM shall retain records of all the updates carried out and shall make these available to the MFSA upon request.
The MFSA may carry out random check on compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and these Rules and give all the necessary directions it deems fit in the circumstances. Any adverse findings by the MFSA in relation to any appointment of service providers and members of the governing body of the NAIF may lead, *inter alia* to the removal of the NAIF from the List of Notified AIFs.

Anti-Money Laundering Obligations

- 11.26 The AIFM shall appoint a money laundering reporting officer to carry out the money laundering reporting function in relation to the Notified AIF:

Provided that the AIFM shall notify the MFSA of the appointment, resignation or removal of the money laundering reporting officer.

- 11.27 Without prejudice to its ongoing responsibilities under these Rules, the AIFM may, in terms of the Implementing Procedures issued pursuant to the Prevention of Money Laundering and Fund of Terrorism Regulations [S.L. 373.01] delegate the money laundering reporting function of the NAIF to either one of the following:
- a. the administrator of the NAIF, provided that such administrator is a Recognised Fund Administrator in terms of Article 9A of the Act or is authorised in an EU Member State, or in a reputable jurisdiction:
 - b. an officer of the NAIF who is resident in Malta and has sufficient seniority and command in accordance with the Implementing Procedures referred to above;
or
 - c. the money laundering reporting officer of the AIFM itself.

- 11.28 The outsourcing of the money laundering reporting function shall be made by means of a written agreement entered into between the AIFM, the NAIF and the fund administrator² (as applicable).
- 11.29 Where the fund administrator is entrusted with the money laundering reporting function, it shall be responsible to carry out the reporting obligations of the NAIF.
- 11.30 The governing body of the NAIF will at all times remain responsible for compliance with its obligations as prescribed in the Prevention of Money Laundering and Funding of Terrorism Regulations and the Implementing Procedures issued thereunder and for the carrying out of the measures specifically assigned to the NAIF.
- 11.31 For the purpose of ensuring compliance with the customer due diligence requirements in relation to the anti-money laundering obligations, the AIFM, the administrator or the money laundering reporting officer shall at least on a quarterly basis, submit to the governing body of the NAIF a periodic report which includes the following information:
- a. a complete list of unit-holders of the NAIF;
 - b. details of subscriptions and redemptions carried out by the unit-holders within that period of time to which the report relates; and
 - c. a description of the customer due diligence measures carried out by the NAIF or the administrator on the unit-holders.

The governing body of the NAIF will be responsible for reviewing the report. Where the report has been drafted by the administrator, a copy thereof shall be transmitted to the AIFM.

- 11.32 The governing body of the NAIF shall ensure that the customer due diligence measures being carried out by the administrator comply with the requirements prescribed in the Prevention of Money Laundering and Funding of Terrorism Regulations and the Implementing Procedures issued thereunder.
- 11.33 Where the implementation of the anti-money laundering or counter financing terrorism measures and procedures is outsourced to an administrator, the administrator shall be required to confirm to the AIFM and the governing body of the NAIF that the record-keeping, reporting, ongoing monitoring, risk management and any other measure being conducted by the administrator are in line with the requirements of the Prevention of Money Laundering and Funding of Terrorism Regulations and the Implementing Procedures issued thereunder.
- 11.34 The governing body of the NAIF must ensure the taking of any action it may deem fit based on the conclusions and findings of the administrator's report or other anti-money laundering concerns that the governing body of the NAIF may become aware of at any time.

² The written agreement may form part of the administration agreement.

11.35 Notwithstanding that the reporting obligations have been outsourced to the administrator, should a suspicion of money laundering or financing of terrorism be identified by the governing body of the NAIF or the AIFM, it shall file a report with the Financial Intelligence Analysis Unit in accordance with the Prevention of Money Laundering and Funding of Terrorism Regulations and the Implementing Procedures issued thereunder.

Amendments to the prospectus and other reporting obligations

11.36 The AIFM shall make the annual report of the NAIF available to the MFSA and where applicable, the European Regulatory Authority of the home Member State or EEA State of the AIFM. The NAIF's annual report shall be published and provided to investors in the AIF, and submitted to the MFSA within six months respectively of the end of the period concerned.

Together with the annual report and audited financial statements, through the LH Portal submission platform, the Licence Holder shall prepare and submit:

- i. the Annual Fund Return in the form set out in Appendix 18 to these rules.
- ii. the Representation Sheet as found in the Annual Fund Return template, signed by at least two directors; and
- iii. a signed Auditor's Report, confirming that:
 - o the contents of items 1.1 and 2.1 within the Annual Fund Return agree with the independent auditor's report and the management letter issued by the Auditor, respectively;
 - o the contents of items 5, 6, 7 and 8 within the Annual Fund Return agree with the annual report and audited financial statements; and
 - o the portfolio statement reported under item 16 within the Annual Fund Return is consistent with the portfolio statement disclosed in the annual report and audited financial statements (or the underlying records of the Scheme).

Both the Representation Sheet and the Auditor's Report are also to be submitted in original to the MFSA.

11.37 The AIFM shall submit to the MFSA any statistical returns in relation to the NAIFs which may be required by the Central Bank of Malta to fulfil European and other relevant reporting obligations, on the following e-mail address:
fundreporting@mfsa.mt

11.38 Where the NAIF has already been included in the List of Notified AIFs, the AIFM will submit to the MFSA a notification with any amendments to the prospectus in terms of regulation 11 of the Regulations and provided the following requirements are met:

- a. the NAIF's prospectus continues to have regard to the templates referred to in SLC 11.09 (a) above;
- b. the governing body of the NAIF certifies under its own responsibility that:

- i. the amendments are not contrary to the requirements prescribed in the Regulations;
- ii. the NAIF's prospectus, as amended, has the minimum contents required in terms of these Rules; and
- iii. the NAIF's prospectus, as amended, is compliant with the appropriate template referred to in SLC 11.09(a) above.

11.39 The AIFM shall include with the notification to the MFSA the following documents:

- a. a resolution of the governing body of the NAIF certifying that the amendments to the prospectus comply with the standards prescribed in these Rules and with the templates available;
- b. if changes to the investment objectives, policies and restrictions are being made, the governing body of the NAIF should also confirm that the NAIF currently operates in line with the investment objectives, policies and restrictions as set out in the prospectus and that the NAIF and its sub-fund(s) are not in breach of either the provisions set out in the prospectus and Constitutional Documents;
- c. confirmation from the governing body of the NAIF confirming that changes to the prospectus have been undertaken in accordance with the provisions of the Constitutional Documents and in line with the relevant SLCs; and
- d. the NAIF's prospectus as amended, both a clean version and a version showing the amendments made for records purposes only.

11.40 Changes to the investment objectives of the NAIF shall be notified to investors in advance of the change. The notice period should be sufficiently long to allow for redemption requests to be submitted by investors and processed prior to the change being effected. The change in the investment objectives should only become effective after all pending redemptions linked to the change in the investment objectives have been satisfied. Any applicable redemption fees would also need to be waived accordingly.

11.41 Any changes to the prospectus shall be carried out in accordance with any procedures set out in the NAIF's prospectus.

11.42 The AIFM shall submit a notification in relation to any amendments to the prospectus together with the documents required in terms of SLC 11.39 within thirty calendar (30) days from the date of the resolution of the governing body of the NAIF approving the amendments to the prospectus of the NAIF.

11.43 The MFSA shall acknowledge receipt of the amendments to the prospectus within ten (10) business days from the date of filing of the notification request together with the

documents required in terms of SLC 11.39 with the MFSA. Changes to the prospectus shall not be effective until such time as they are acknowledged by the MFSA.

Removal from the List of Notified AIFs

11.44 The MFSA may remove a NAIF, including any sub-fund, from the List of Notified AIFs at any time at its sole discretion, following notification thereof to the AIFM.

11.45 The AIFM shall report to the MFSA issues which have a material impact on the NAIF and/or its investors as soon as it becomes aware of such issues. These material issues may include, but are not limited to, breaches of the provisions of the offering documentation, pricing errors and valuation errors:

Provided that the MFSA, may, at its discretion allow the AIFM a period of time, which shall be established by the Authority, within which to rectify the issue or breach. Where, after expiry of such period of time, the issue or breach has not been rectified or resolved to the satisfaction of the MFSA, then the Authority may proceed to remove the NAIF from the List of Notified AIFs.

11.46 The AIFM may submit a request to the MFSA for the removal of a NAIF from the list of Notified AIFs. In particular, a request shall be submitted in the following circumstances:

- a. upon expiration of the duration of the NAIF or its winding up;
- b. in any case where the Depositary has given notice of termination under the custody agreement or is in liquidation or subject to bankruptcy proceedings or has had its license to provide custody services in respect of NAIFs suspended or cancelled:

Provided that the AIFM shall request the competent authority to remove the NAIF from the List of Notified AIFs where the transitional period agreed to between the parties in terms of regulation 8 of the Investment Services Act (Custodians of Collective Investment Schemes) Regulations will expire in less than 10 days and the AIFM has not entered into any arrangements with a substitute Depositary or where at any time during such transitional period, it becomes clear to the AIFM that a replacement Depositary will not be appointed before the end of the transitional period;

- c. in any case where the AIFM has given notice of termination or is in liquidation or subject to bankruptcy proceedings or has had its licence to act as an AIFM suspended or cancelled and an eligible replacement AIFM has not been appointed within thirty (30) days from notice of termination;
- d. in any case where any member of the governing body of the NAIF or any service provider appointed by the NAIF or by the AIFM on behalf of the NAIF fails to comply on an ongoing basis with the required high standards of fitness and probeness and the AIFM has not within thirty (30) days arranged for a

replacement member of the governing body or service provider to be appointed;

- e. in all other cases as may be specified in the agreement between the NAIF and the AIFM as grounds for requesting removal of the NAIF from the List of NAIFs in terms of the regulations and these rules;
- f. in all other cases as may be specified in the custody agreement between the NAIF or the AIFM on behalf of the NAIF and the Depositary as grounds for requesting removal of NAIF from the List of Notified AIFs in terms of the regulations and these rules; and
- g. in any other case where the AIFM reports to the MFSA material issues or breaches pursuant to SLC 11.45 and such issue or breach has not been rectified or resolved within the period of time established by the MFSA .

11.47 Following a notification for removal of a NAIF or sub-fund of a NAIF from the List of Notified AIFs, the MFSA will proceed to strike off the NAIF or sub-fund from the List of Notified AIFs and thereafter the NAIF or sub-fund shall cease trading other than for the purpose of winding down the operations of the NAIF or the sub-fund and the NAIF or sub-fund must be liquidated or otherwise terminated in accordance with the requirements of Maltese law.

LOAN ORIGINATION

12.01 A Licence Holder shall ensure that, where an AIF it manages originates loans, the notional value of the loans originated to any single borrower by that AIF does not exceed in aggregate 20 % of the capital of the AIF where the borrower is one of the following:

(a) a financial undertaking as defined in Article 13, point (25), of Directive 2009/138/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on the taking-up and pursuit of the business of Insurance and Reinsurance (Solvency II);

(b) an AIF; or

(c) a UCITS.

The restriction set out in the first paragraph of this SLC shall be without prejudice to the thresholds, restrictions and conditions set out in Regulations (EU) No 345/2013, (EU) No 346/2013 and (EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

12.02 A Licence Holder shall ensure that the leverage of a loan-originating AIF it manages represents no more than:

(a) 175 %, where that AIF is open-ended;

(b) 300 %, where that AIF is closed-ended.

The leverage of a loan-originating AIF shall be expressed as the ratio between the exposure of that AIF, calculated according to the commitment method as defined in the delegated acts adopted pursuant to Article 4(3) of the AIFM Directive, and its net asset value.

Borrowing arrangements which are fully covered by contractual capital commitments from investors in the loan-originating AIF shall not be considered to constitute exposure for the purpose of calculating the ratio referred to in the second paragraph.

In the event that a loan-originating AIF infringes the requirements laid down in this paragraph and the infringement is beyond the control of the Licence Holder that manages it, the Licence Holder shall, within an appropriate period, take such measures as are necessary to rectify the position, taking due account of the interests of the investors in the loan-originating AIF.

Without prejudice to the powers of the competent authority referred to in Regulation 6(3), 6(4) and 6(5) of the Investment Services Act (Alternative Investment Fund Managers) Regulations, the requirements set out in the first paragraph of this SLC shall not apply to a loan-originating AIF whose lending activities consist solely of originating shareholder loans, provided that the notional value of those loans does not exceed in aggregate 150 % of the capital of the AIF.

12.03 The investment limit of 20 % laid down in SLC 12.01 shall:

(a) apply by the date specified in the AIF rules, instruments of incorporation or prospectus, which shall be no later than 24 months from the date of the first subscription for units or shares of the AIF;

(b) cease to apply once the Licence Holder starts to sell assets of the AIF in order to redeem units or shares as part of the liquidation of the AIF; and

(c) be temporarily suspended where the capital of the AIF is increased or reduced.

12.04 The application date referred to in SLC 12.03, first paragraph, point (a), shall take account of the particular features and characteristics of the assets to be invested by the AIF. In exceptional circumstances, the MFSA upon submission of a duly justified investment plan, may approve an extension of that time limit of no more than 12 additional months.

12.05 The Licence Holder shall ensure that an AIF it manages does not grant loans to the following entities:

(a) the Licence Holder or the staff of that Licence Holder;

(b) the AIF's depositary or the entities to which the depositary has delegated functions in respect of the AIF in accordance with Rules 4.14-4.17 of Part BIV of the ISP Rules;

(c) an entity to which the Licence Holder has delegated functions in accordance with SLCs 4.01-4.08 of these Rules or the staff of that entity;

(d) an entity within the same group, as defined in Article 2, point (11), of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and the Council, as the Licence Holder, except where that entity is a financial undertaking that exclusively finances borrowers that are not referred to in points (a), (b) and (c) of this paragraph.

12.06 Where an AIF originates loans, the proceeds of the loans, minus any allowable fees for their administration, shall be attributed to that AIF in full. All costs and expenses linked to the administration of the loans shall be disclosed in accordance with SLC 7.04 of these Rules.

12.07 An AIF which originates loans shall not grant loans to consumers, as defined in Article 3(a) of Directive 2008/48/EC, within the territory of Malta.

An AIF shall not, within the territory of Malta, service credit agreements granted to consumers as defined in Article 3(a) of Directive 2008/48/EC.

This SLC shall not affect the marketing, within the European Union, of AIFs which grant loans to consumers or service credits granted to consumers outside the territory of Malta.

12.08 Licence Holders shall not manage AIFs that engage in loan origination where the whole or part of the investment strategy of those AIFs is to originate loans with the sole purpose of transferring those loans or exposures to third parties.

12.09 A Licence Holder shall ensure that the AIF it manages retains 5 % of the notional value of each loan that the AIF has originated and subsequently transferred to third parties.

That percentage of each loan shall be retained:

(a) until maturity, for loans whose maturity is a period of up to eight years, or for loans granted to consumers regardless of their maturity; and

(b) for a period of at least eight years for other loans.

By way of derogation from the first paragraph, the requirement set out therein shall not apply where:

(a) the Licence Holder starts to sell assets of the AIF in order to redeem units or shares as part of the liquidation of the AIF;

(b) the disposal is necessary for the purposes of compliance with restrictive measures adopted under Article 215 TFEU, or with product requirements;

(c) the sale of the loan is necessary to enable the Licence Holder to implement the investment strategy of the AIF it manages in the best interests of the AIF's investors; or

(d) the sale of the loan is due to a deterioration in the risk associated with the loan, detected by the Licence Holder as part of its due diligence and risk management process referred to in SLC 2.08 of these Rules, and the purchaser is informed of that deterioration when buying the loan.

Upon the request of the MFSA, the Licence Holder shall demonstrate that it meets the conditions for the application of the relevant derogation set out in the second paragraph.

12.10 A Licence Holder shall ensure that the loan-originating AIF it manages is closed-ended.

By way of derogation from the first paragraph, a loan-originating AIF may be open-ended provided that the Licence Holder that manages it is able to demonstrate to the competent authorities of the home Member State of the Licence Holder that the AIF's liquidity risk management system is compatible with its investment strategy and redemption policy.

The requirement set out in the first paragraph of this SLC shall be without prejudice to the thresholds, restrictions and conditions set out in Regulations (EU) No 345/2013, (EU) No 346/2013 and (EU) 2015/760.

12.11 A Licence Holder managing an AIFs that originates loans that was constituted before 15 April 2024 in accordance with the *“Standard Licence Conditions Applicable to Collective Investment Schemes authorised to invest through loans”* shall be deemed to comply with SLC 12.01 to 12.04 and SLC 12.07 until 16 April 2029.

Until 16 April 2029, where the notional value of the loans originated by an AIF to any single borrower, or the leverage of an AIF, is above the limits referred to in SLC following 12.01 and 12.02 respectively, Licence Holders managing those AIFs shall not increase that value or that leverage.

Licence Holders managing AIFs that originate loans, that were constituted before 15 April 2024 and that do not raise additional capital after 15 April 2024 shall be deemed to comply with SLC following 12.01 and 12.02 and SLC following 12.08 in respect of those AIFs.

Notwithstanding the first, second and third paragraphs of this paragraph, a Licence Holder managing AIFs that originate loans and that were constituted before 15 April 2024 may choose to be subject to SLC following 12.01 to 12.04 and SLC 12.07 provided that the competent authorities of the home Member State of the Licence Holder are notified thereof.

Where the AIF originates loans before 15 April 2024, Licence Holders may continue to manage such AIFs without complying with SLC 2.08 point (d), and SLC 2.09 (v) to (viii) in respect of those loans.

SUPPLEMENTARY SLCS FOR LICENCE HOLDERS WHICH INVEST IN SHARES TRADED ON A REGULATED MARKET

13.01 Terms and notions referred to in this Section are defined in the Glossary to the Investment Services Rules for Investment Services Providers.

13.02 Provisions of this Section shall not apply in the case of the use of resolution tools, powers and mechanisms provided for in Title IV of Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.

13.03 This Section shall apply solely to Licence Holders which invest in shares traded on a regulated market on behalf of an institutional investor, as defined in the Glossary, whether on a discretionary client-by-client basis or through an AIF.

Engagement policy

13.04 Licence Holder shall develop and publicly disclose an engagement policy that describes how it integrates shareholder engagement in its investment strategy.

Such engagement policy stipulated how the Licence Holder:

- a. monitors the listed company on relevant matters, including:
 - i. strategy;

- ii. financial and non-financial performance and risk;
 - iii. capital structure; and
 - iv. social and environmental impact and corporate governance;
- b. conducts dialogues with the listed companies;
 - c. exercises voting rights and other rights attached to shares;
 - d. cooperates with other shareholders;
 - e. communicates with relevant stakeholders of the listed companies; and
 - f. manages actual and potential conflicts of interests in relation to the engagement in line with SLC 3.07 to 3.13.
- 13.05 Further to the SLC 12.04, the Licence Holder shall publicly disclose, on an annual basis, how such engagement policy has been implemented, including:
- a. a general description of voting behaviour;
 - b. an explanation of the most significant votes; and
 - c. the use of the services of proxy advisors

Provided that the Licence Holder shall publicly disclose how it has cast votes in the general meetings of listed companies in which it holds shares. Such disclosure may exclude votes that are insignificant due to the subject matter of the vote or the size of the holding in the listed company.

- 13.06 Any information referred to in SLC 12.04 and 12.05 shall be available free of charge on the Licence Holder's website. In addition, such information can be made available free of charge by other means that are easily accessible online.
- 13.07 Where the Licence Holder decides not to comply with SLCs 12.04 to 12.06, it shall publicly disclose a clear and reasoned explanation as to why it has chosen not to comply with one or more of those requirements.

Transparency provisions

- 13.08 Where applicable, the Licence Holder shall disclose to institutional investors how the investment strategy and implementation thereof, as referred to in SLCs 12.04 and 12.05 contributes to the medium to long-term performance of the assets of institutional investors or the AIF.

Such disclosure shall be made together with the annual report of the AIF for the financial year and shall include reporting on:

- a. the key material medium to long-term risks associated with the investments;
- b. portfolio composition; and

- c. turn-over and turn-over costs; and
- d. policy on securities lending and how it is applied to fulfil the engagement activities, if applicable, particularly at the time of the general meeting of the listed companies.

Such disclosure shall also include information on whether and, if so, how, the Licence Holder makes investment decisions based on evaluation of medium to long-term performance of the listed company, including non-financial performance, and on whether and, if so, which conflicts of interests have arisen in connection with engagements activities and how the Licence Holder has dealt with such conflicts of interest in line with SLCs 3.07 to 3.13.

- 13.09 Where the information disclosed pursuant to first paragraph of this SLC is already publicly available, the Licence Holder is not required to provide the information to the institutional investor directly.

Provided further that where the Licence Holder does not manage the assets on a discretionary client-by-client basis, it shall disclose the information pursuant to SLC 12.08 also to other investors of the same AIF at least upon request.

- 13.10 When the Licence Holder is engaged in shareholder identification and/or is involved in the transmission of information, including the transmission of information along the chain of intermediaries and/or facilitate the exercise of shareholders rights, the Licence Holder shall comply with the provisions of the [Commission Implementing Regulation \(EU\) 2018/1212](#) in its entirety.

SUPPLEMENTARY LICENCE CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO AIFMS MANAGING MMFS

- 13.01 The Licence Holder shall regularly provide the MFSA with information on Money Market Funds (“MMFs”) under management as stipulated in Article 37 of Regulation [\(EU\) 2017/1131](#) of the European Parliament and the Council of 14 June 2017. The Licence Holder shall also comply with the ESMA Guidelines on reporting to competent authorities under article 37 of the MMF Regulation [\[ESMA34-49-168\]](#).
- 13.02 The Licence Holder shall measure the impact of common reference stress test scenarios on all MMFs under management as stipulated in Article 28 of Regulation [\(EU\) 2017/1131](#) of the European Parliament and the Council of 14 June 2017.
- 13.03 The Licence Holder shall also submit to the MFSA the results of stress tests and, where applicable, the proposed action plan and shall further comply with the ESMA Guidelines on stress test scenarios under the MMF Regulation [\[ESMA50-481369926-30848\]](#).
- 13.04 The Scheme shall make reference to Commission Implementing Regulation 2018/708 with regard to the template to be used by managers of money market funds when reporting to competent authorities as stipulated by Article 37.

LICENCE CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO AIFMS PROVIDING SERVICES UNDER THE MICA REGULATION

14.01 Licence Holders shall make reference to Title V of the [MiCA Regulation](#) where they offer crypto-asset Services in terms of such Title.

14.02 The Licence Holder shall comply with any applicable Guidelines and Delegated Acts/Regulatory Technical Standards issued by the European Supervisory Authorities (ESAs), as implemented in the Authority's MiCA Rulebook. The Licence Holder shall carry out and maintain a documented assessment to determine the applicability of such Guidelines and Delegated Acts/Regulatory Technical Standards, having regard to the authorised services and activities as stipulated in the Licence.

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