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Malta Stakeholder Engagement Survey Have your say Thank you for your interest in participating in this stakeholder survey. This survey seeks to gauge the current state of awareness of key stakeholders on the requirements of sustainable finance disclosure and reporting, and the challenges and opportunities arising from the implementation of these requirements.

The feedback gathered forms part of the Stakeholder Engagement and Awareness component of a project being undertaken with the European Commission Directorate General for Structural Reform Support (DG Reform), for the benefit of the Malta Financial Services Authority (MFSA). Further information regarding the project can be accessed here:

https://commission.europa.eu/news/four-financial-supervisor-national-authorities-ready-enhance-supervisory-capacity-field-2023-01-25 en.

This survey is being carried out on an anonymous basis by Deloitte Malta. No Personal Data will be collected or processed by Deloitte throughout the completion of the survey. The outcomes of this survey shall be used to support the European Commission and the MFSA in better understanding how they can best guide markets in the implementation of various EU Sustainability Disclosures and Reporting requirements. Therefore, we encourage you to respond as openly and honestly as possible such that the necessary support can be provided.

Survey structure The survey is structured to delve into key aspects of the European Union Sustainability Disclosures and Reporting (EU SD&R) initiatives. Throughout the survey, the term EU Sustainability Disclosures and Reporting is used to refer to the following main legislative documents:

EU taxonomy Regulation [1] Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) [2] Non-Financial Reporting Directive (NFRD) [3] and Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD) [4] EU Benchmarks Regulation [5] Green Bond Standard Regulation [6] Amendments to the Capital Requirements Regulation [7].

Questions are posed across the following main themes:

- Awareness and understanding: What is the current level of awareness and maturity among stakeholders regarding sustainable finance regulatory frameworks and EU SD&R?
- Challenges: What challenges are stakeholders encountering and/or identifying in adapting to sustainable finance practices in the context of the EU SD&R? What obstacles do stakeholders see and/or face in meeting the EU SD&R requirements?
- Opportunities: What opportunities do stakeholders identify in aligning with sustainable finance practices in the context of EU SD&R and how do they plan to leverage them?

The survey primarily consists of open-ended questions, giving you the opportunity to answer freely. These are supplemented with single and multiple-choice questions. Furthermore, in certain questions, you will be asked to assess the statements according to the ranking provided or to determine the degree of conformity with given statements. Completion of the survey is estimated to require approximately 30-45 minutes of your time, depending on the type of entity you are representing. Should you encounter any issues with the survey or wish to discuss this topic further, please feel free to reach out on daherrera@deloitte.com.mt.

- [1] Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment, and amending Regulation 2019/2088) and associated delegated acts
- [2] Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector
- [3] Directive (EU) 2014/95/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 amending Directive 2013/34/EU as regards disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by certain large undertakings and groups
- [4] Directive (EU) 2022/2464 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2022 amending Regulation (EU) No 537/2014, Directive 2004/109/EC, Directive 2006/43/EC and Directive 2013/34/EU, as regards corporate sustainability reporting
- [5] Regulation (EU) 2019/2089 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 amending Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 as regards EU Climate Transition Benchmarks, EU Paris-aligned Benchmarks and sustainability-related disclosures for benchmarks
- [6] Regulation (EU) 2023/2631 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 November 2023 on European Green Bonds and optional disclosures for bonds marketed as environmentally sustainable and for sustainability-linked bonds
- [7] European Commission's proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 as regards requirements for credit risk, credit valuation adjustment risk, operational risk, market risk and the output floor & Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 as regards requirements for credit risk, credit valuation adjustment risk, operational risk, market risk and the output floor with respect to Pillar 3 disclosures on ESG risks (Article 449a of Regulation 575/2013) further specified by the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/2453 of 30 November 2022 amending the implementing technical standards laid down in Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/637 as regards the disclosure of environmental, social and governance risks.

Part A – Introduction

Represen	ited stakeholder category:		
	AIF managers		Retirement scheme administrators
	de minimis AIF managers		Retirement scheme
	EUVECA fund managers		Insurance intermediaries
	Investment firms		Listed entities
	UCITS managers		Public sector organisation
	Credit institutions		Trade/professional association
	Insurance undertakings		Other
Does you	r organisation currently service any re	tail clients?	
	Yes	□ No	□ N/A
(listed o	atitica auto) la varra proprientian the co		÷0
	ntities only) Is your organisation the parties. Yes		No No
	res	u	NO
Does you	r organisation form part of a larger gr	oup?	
	Yes		No
ls your ul	timate parent undertaking based in a	third country (i.e. non-E	·U)?
	Yes		No

	mber of employees at group level (if a ar):	vailable, please indica	te average number of FTEs in last closed financial
	□ <10		1 100-249
	1 0-25		250-500
	25-50		□ 501-1000
	□ 50-99		□ >1000
	mber of employees at entity level (if a	vailable, please indica	te average number of FTEs in last closed financial
	□ <10		1 100-249
	□ 10-25		2 50-500
	25-50		501-1000
	□ 50-99		□ >1000
Wh	nat estimated percentage of FTEs are a	llocated to sustainabil	ity disclosures and reporting?
	□ <1%	□ 5%-10%	25%-50%
	1 %-5%	☐ 10%-25%	□ >50%
	ance sheet in EUR - last closed financia inagement rather than Balance sheet	al year. In the case of f	und managers, please indicate Assets Under
	□ < €100,000		□ €20,000,000 - €50,000,000
	□ €100,000 - €1,000,000		□ €50,000,000 - €250,000,000
	□ €1,000,000 - €5,000,000		□ €250,000,000 - €1,000,000,000
	□ €5,000,000 - €20,000,000		□ > €1,000,000,000
Ne	t turnover in EUR - last closed financia	l year	
	□ < €100,000		□ €20,000,000 - €50,000,000
	□ €100,000 - €1,000,000		□ €50,000,000 - €250,000,000
	□ €1,000,000 - €5,000,000		□ €250,000,000 - €1,000,000,000
	□ €5,000,000 - €20,000,000		□ > €1,000,000,000

For the last closed financial year, was your organisation or the organisations you represent required to prepare

☐ I don't know

☐ No

taxonomy disclosures (under Article 8 EU regulation 2020/852)?

☐ Yes

•	() - Is your organisation required to prepares (meaning, under EU regulation 2019/20	
☐ Yes	□ No	☐ I don't know
briefly explain whether you a	() - How does your organisation apply the re a financial market participant or financ sures your organisation prepares, if any.	applicable EU SD&R legislation? Please ial advisor within the meaning of SFDR, and
☐ At Group level (ple	ase explain)	
☐ At Entity level (plea	ase explain)	
☐ Not Applicable (ple	ase explain)	
•	/) - For the last closed financial year, was t required to report under CRR Article 449a	the institution(s) you represent or your (Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, prudential
☐ Yes	□ No	☐ I don't know
· ·	/) - For the last closed financial year, did the eport under CRR Article 449a?	ne institution(s) you represent or your
☐ Yes	□ No	☐ I don't know
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ng on prudential disclosures on ESG risks? in the EU (a foreign parent institution rep	? I.e., was the information disclosed at the ported), or did your bank report on an

individual basis?

Does at least one of the following regulations (EU Delegated Acts applicable to investments) apply to your organisation?

- Commission Delegated Directive (EU) 2021/1270 as regards the sustainability risks and sustainability factors to be taken into account for UCITS;
- Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1255 as regards the sustainability risks and sustainability factors to be taken into account by Alternative Investment Fund Managers;
- Commission Delegated Directive (EU) 2021/1269 as regards the integration of sustainability factors into the product governance obligations; and

- Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1253 as regards the integration of sustainability factors, risks and preferences into certain organisational requirements and operating conditions for investment firms.		
☐ Yes	□ No	☐ I don't know
(Insurance undertaking / Intermediary) – Does at least one of the following regulations (EU Delegated Acts relevant for insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings) apply to your organisation? - Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1257 as regards the integration of sustainability factors, risks and preferences into the product oversight and governance requirements for insurance undertakings and insurance distributors and into the rules on conduct of business and investment advice for insurance-based investment products; and - Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1256 as regards the integration of sustainability risks in the governance of insurance and reinsurance undertakings.		
☐ Yes	□ No	☐ I don't know
Did you have any doubts about was not clear (you can briefly re		ations to your company? Which one? What
To your knowledge, which susta organisation in the future?	ainability disclosures and reporting regul	lation will be applicable to your

End of section A

Section B – Awareness

How mar	ny times did your	organisation prepare a Dire	ector's report required by the Cor	npanies Act to this date?
	0	□ 1	□ 3	4
How mar	ny times did your	organisation prepare EU ta	xonomy disclosures to this date?	
	0	1	2	□ 3
		nstitutions, and listed entiti risks to this date?	ties only) How many times did yo	ur organisation prepare CRF
	0	□ 1	2	□ 3
organisat		tainability reporting and dis a voluntary non-financial re	sclosures for the last closed finan eport or disclosures?	cial year, did your
	st, for the purpos rks/guidelines?	es of either mandatory or v	oluntary reporting, did you use t	he following reporting
	GRI	☐ TCFD	☐ TNFD	☐ SASB
	European Comn information (20		financial reporting: Supplement of	on reporting climate-related
	European Comn information) (20		financial reporting (methodology	for reporting non-financial
	None of the abo	ve.		

Does you	r organisation have a non-financial reporting policy in place relating to NFRD or CSRD?
	Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-financial reporting with final responsibility on board-level.
	Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-financial reporting elsewhere in the organisation than on board-level.
	Yes, a formal policy was implemented as a declarative approach towards non-financial reporting rather than establishment of internal controls, roles and responsibilities.
	Yes, an informal policy was introduced.
	No, the organisation does not have a sustainability reporting policy.
Does you	r organisation have a non-financial reporting policy in place in relation to EU taxonomy?
	r organisation have a non-financial reporting policy in place in relation to EU taxonomy? Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-financial reporting with final responsibility on board-level.
	Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-
	Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-financial reporting with final responsibility on board-level. Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-
	Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-financial reporting with final responsibility on board-level. Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-financial reporting elsewhere in the organisation than on board-level. Yes, a formal policy was implemented as a declarative approach towards non-financial reporting rather

Does you	r organisation have a non-financial reporting policy in place in relation to SFDR?
	Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-financial reporting with final responsibility on board-level.
	Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-financial reporting elsewhere in the organisation than on board-level.
	Yes, a formal policy was implemented as a declarative approach towards non-financial reporting rather than establishment of internal controls, roles and responsibilities.
	Yes, an informal policy was introduced.
	No, the organisation does not have a sustainability reporting policy.
Does you	r organisation have a non-financial reporting policy in place in relation to CRR?
	Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-financial reporting with final responsibility on board-level.
	Yes, a formal policy establishing internal controls was implemented with a system of monitoring ESG data quality and compliance with policies and practices, as well as assigning responsibility for non-financial reporting elsewhere in the organisation than on board-level.
	Yes, a formal policy was implemented as a declarative approach towards non-financial reporting rather than establishment of internal controls, roles and responsibilities.
	Yes, an informal policy was introduced.
	No, the organisation does not have a sustainability reporting policy.

Does your organisation have dedicated ESG data collection tools or do you currently conduct the process "manually" (e.g. manual filing of data templates from the company's reports)?
Yes, we have our own (internally developed) ESG data collection technology tool.
No, we currently conduct ESG data collection manually, but we plan to introduce a dedicated IT too
■ No, we do not have a dedicated IT tool for ESG data collection, but we have used an IT tool or tools developed externally.
□ No, we do not have a dedicated tool for ESG data collection and conduct the process manually.

	re new employees to prepare for the reporting requirements? If yes, can you briefly share what kind of nal background/skillset
	Yes, in relation to CSRD and the professional background/skillset we look for is:
	Yes, in relation to EU taxonomy and the professional background/skillset we look for is:
0	Yes, in relation to SFDR and the professional background/skillset we look for is:
	Yes, in relation to CRR (Pillar 3 with regards to ESG risk) and the professional background/skillset we look for is:
	Yes, in relation to six delegated acts and the professional background/skillset we look for is:
	Yes, but not in relation to a specific requirement / we're hiring cross-cutting ESG experts and the professional background/skillset we look for is:
	No, my organisation does not have such plans at the moment:

Regarding the new European Union sustainability disclosure and reporting obligations, does your organisation

	r organisation currently envisage changing internal processes to comply with EU SD&R? Can you briefly what ways?
	Yes, in relation to CSRD in the following way:
	Yes, in relation to EU taxonomy in the following way:
٥	Yes, in relation to SFDR in the following way:
	Yes, in relation to CRR (Pillar 3 with regards to ESG risk) in the following way:
	Yes, in relation to six delegated acts in the following way:
	Yes, in relation to many requirements/general ESG reporting needs:
	No, my organisation does not have such plans at the moment:

organisation designate a member of the Board of Directors directly responsible for sustainability and reporting? If yes, can you provide a short description of how the responsibility was assigned?
Yes, in relation to NFRD/CSRD:
Yes, in relation to EU taxonomy:
Yes, in relation to SFDR:
Yes, in relation to CRR (Pillar 3 with regards to ESG risk):
Yes, in relation to six delegated acts:
Yes, but not in relation to a specific legal requirement/responsibility for ESG reporting in general was assigned:
No, we did not designate such responsibility to a member of the board:

	es and reporting? If yes, please briefly describe where the responsibility for such disclosures and is placed in the structure of the organisation, if not please explain what team or department is in charge e.
	Yes, in relation to NFRD/CSRD:
	Yes, in relation to EU taxonomy:
	Yes, in relation to SFDR:
	Yes, in relation to CRR (Pillar 3 with regards to ESG risk):
	Yes, in relation to six delegated acts (listed in previous questions):
	Yes, but not in relation to ESG reporting in general:
_	No, my organisation does not have such plans at the moment:

Did your organisation designate a unit in its organisational structure responsible for preparing EU sustainability

	e dynamically evolving regulatory land resources to keep up with the curren		pe related to EU SD&R, in your view, ligations?	does your organisation
	Yes			
	No (Please elaborate)			
Does you	r organisation use external ESG rating	gs?	Do you verify them / are familiar with	the rating methodology?
	Yes (please elaborate)			
	No (please elaborate)			
	r organisation find any difficulties in ations for it in its operations?	und	erstanding the concept of greenwash	ing and implementing
	Yes (please elaborate)			
	No (please elaborate)			
			s the general assessment of the effort om the relevant regulations applicabl	
	0-0.5 FTE		1-3 FTE	☐ 5-10 FTE
	0.5-1FTE		3-5 FTE	□ >10 FTE
	ganisation engaged in any dialogue / nability Disclosures and Reporting re		nsultations with third parties (public or ements?	r private) in terms of the
	Yes (please elaborate)			
	No (please elaborate)			

 r organisation use services of law firms/external consultar ports required by relevant legislation?	nts v	when preparing sustainability disclosures
Yes, law firms		Yes, other (please elaborate)
Yes, consulting firms		No, we do not use such services
 r organisation find any difficulties in understanding the continuous for it in its operations?	once	pt of greenwashing and implementing
Yes (please elaborate)		
No (please elaborate)		

End of section B

Section C – Challenges

e from 1-5, how comp pliant, 5 = fully compli		n with the requi	rements applicable to it as per N	IFRD? (1 =
1] 2	□ 3	4	5
	challenging aspect of no rengthening internal pro	•	rting for your organisation (e.g.	in terms of
Capacity building			Appropriate third-party suppor	t
Aligning internal poli	cies and processes		Data quality	
Management buy-in			Data availability	
Customer buy-in			Other (please elaborate)	
of reporting on due dil the most effort to repo		financial risks, KI	Pls and outcomes, which sustain	ability topic
Human rights				
Environment				
Corruption, bribery,	ethics			
Employee and social	matters			

	following initiatives from most to least supportive for your organis ility disclosures and reporting:	ation i	in the	conte	ext of	EU	
	Industry-specific trainings conducted by ESG industry experts.						
	Guidance on NFRD and CSRD criteria, to determine whether a concould include, for example, guidance on the calculation method of financial year).	-					
	Guidance on SFDR criteria, to determine whether a financial prod 9.	uct is	withir	n scop	e of A	rticle	8 and/or
	Industry-specific reporting frameworks.						
	Regulatory guidance on non-financial reporting from the market s	superv	isor.				
	A publication on good practices in the area of non-financial report	ting.					
-	ntities only) Rank your levels of agreement with the following state ness for future reporting in connection with the new CSRD directiv		s rega	rding	your (organi	sation's
		1	2	3	4	5	
	nisation is ready for the interpretation of CSRD criteria and the g scope (who needs to report).						
My orga	nisation is ready for the double materiality analysis.						
	nisation is ready for reporting according to European bility Reporting Standards (ESRS).						
	nisation is ready to report taking into account data from the alue chain.						
	My organisation conducted a gap analysis or implemented a roadmap with measures to be worked through in sequence to report under CSRD.						

(<i>Listed en</i> of CSRD:	tities only) Please explain the ma	ain challenges you	are encou	ntering in preparation	n for entry into force
	e from 1-5, how compliant is your ? (1 = non-compliant, 5 = fully co	_	·	rements applicable to	it as per the EU
What's th	e most challenging aspect of pre	paring taxonomy	disclosures	from the perspective	of your organisation?
	Scope of reporting.			Minimum safeguard interpretation.	s compliance criteria
	Reporting format (correctly filling regulatory templates).	g out the		Climate risks assessr	nent interpretation.
	Financial aspects.				criteria interpretation.
	Internal data availability (e.g. da			DNSH.	
	confirming meeting technical sc criteria).	reening		Other (please elabor	rate).
	External data availability (e.g., d clients).	ata from			
	oe helpful for your organisation in minimum safeguards disclosure				•
	Yes, very helpful	Yes, rath	ner helpful		No, not needed
	perspective of your organisation solutions to support your organis	· ·	•		would expect

	e from 1-5, how on the from 1-5 for the		organisation with	n the require	ements applicable	e to it as per the SFDR? (1
	1	□ 2	□ 3	 4	1 [3 5
Disclosure	e Regulation ('SF	the state of the s	•			g Sustainable Finance , in terms of capacity
-	entities except listion in relation to	sted) Out of the fo SFDR?	ollowing guidance	e, which wou	ıld be the most n	eeded for your
	•	of non-binding pr y risks in the finan		oractice princ	ciples) for superv	rised entities in the area
	a report on revi	iew findings.				
	a sector letter o	outlining superviso	ory points of atte	ntion.		
	feedback tailore	ed to your compa	ny.			
	none of the abo	ove.				

•	entities except listed) Do you offer financial products mentioned in Article 8 SFDR or Article 9 SFDR (so- tht green" or "dark green products")?
	Yes, manufacture product(s) mentioned in Article 8 SFDR.
	Yes, distribute product(s) mentioned in Article 8 SFDR.
	Yes, manufacture and distribute product(s) mentioned in Article 8 SFDR.
	Yes, manufacture product(s) mentioned in Article 9 SFDR.
	Yes, distribute product(s) mentioned in Article 9 SFDR.
	Yes, manufacture and distribute product(s) mentioned in Article 9 SFDR.
	No, my organisation does not offer Article 8 or 9 SFDR products but it does plan to do so within the next 24 months.
	No, my organisation does not offer Article 8 or 9 SFDR products and it does not plan to do so within the next 24 months.
(<i>Private &</i> SFDR pro	entities except listed) What was the main driver behind the decision whether (or not) to offer Article 8 ducts?
(Private & SFDR pro	entities except listed) What was the main driver behind the decision whether (or not) to offer Article 9 ducts?
-	entities except listed) Do you need support in understanding the definition of 'sustainable investment' e Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ('SFDR')? Yes (please elaborate) No (please elaborate)

	* *			anisation with the requirement, 5 = fully compliant)	ents
1	2	3	4	5	
(Credit institutions on when preparing prude				ion (or the organisations you n?	represent)
	s of having a reliab			d taxonomy data, rate your i data and method of calculat	
1	2	3	4	5	
	, for the year 2023	3? Did you imple	ment estimation	es and alignment metrics for to methodologies where neces	
	ng to Pillar 3 requi			es for the identification and rease elaborate on the challer	

(*Credit institutions only*) Does your organisation collect EPC certificates of collateral and do they cover a significant part of its portfolio? Do you have estimation methodologies for the missing part of the portfolio? If possible, please elaborate on the associated challenges.

disclosure	25.
	Lack of counterparty data.
	Dynamically evolving regulatory landscape.
	Varying interpretations of certain taxonomy screening criteria and minimum safeguards.
	Internal procedures and organisational issues.
	Difficulties revolving around an adequate ESG risk assessment (methodologies).
	Lack of regulatory interpretations.
	Lack of methodologies for physical risk measurement.
	Lack of data on energy effectiveness of collateral.

(Credit institutions only) Rank the following issues from the most to least challenging in the context of ESG Pillar 3

(Insurance intermediary / undertaking only) On a scale from 1-5 (1= non-compliant, 5 = fully compliant), how compliant is your organisation with the requirements applicable to it as per:

	1	2	3	4	5
Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1257 as regards the integration of sustainability factors, risks and preferences into the product oversight and governance requirements for insurance undertakings and insurance distributors and into the rules on conduct of business and investment advice for insurance-based investment products; and					
Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1256 as regards the integration of sustainability risks in the governance of insurance and reinsurance undertakings					

(Insurance intermediary / undertaking only) Based on your organisation's experience, do you find the term 'sustainability-related objectives' in the regulations clear and unambiguous, or are there potential areas of interpretation that could impact the assessment of product compliance?

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Insurance intermediary / undertaking only) Would your organisation benefit from any additional guidelines or dentifying the target market and the group of compatible customers for insurance products?

(Insurance intermediary / undertaking only) Do you need support in implementing sustainability risk management information in your remuneration rules?

The remaining questions in this section are to be answered by private sector entities excluding credit institutions, insurance intermediary/undertaking, and listed entities

On a scale of 1 - 5 (1 = non-compliant, 5 = fully compliant), how compliant is your organisation with the requirements applicable to it as per:

	1	2	3	4	5
Commission Delegated Directive (EU) 2021/1270 as regards the sustainability risks and sustainability factors to be taken into account for UCITS.					
Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1255 as regards the sustainability risks and sustainability factors to be taken into account by Alternative Investment Fund Managers.					
Commission Delegated Directive (EU) 2021/1269 as regards the integration of sustainability factors into the product governance obligations.					
Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1253 as regards the integration of sustainability factors, risks and preferences into certain organisational requirements and operating conditions for investment firms.					

Would your organisation benefit from assistance in effectively implementing sustainability risk considerations, particularly in establishing, implementing, and maintaining decision-making procedures and an organisational structure? Please try to be specific on the manner in which such assistance may be provided.
From your organisation's standpoint, what specific challenges does the integration of sustainability risks pose in its processes, systems, and internal controls?
Do you see difficulties in analysing the coherence of the financial instrument with the needs, objectives, and objectives of the target market, including its possible sustainability objectives?
Do you need support in the creation and implementation of internal regulations specifying the obligation to regularly review the financial instruments you create, with the identification of events affecting the potential risk for a specific financial mark?
Based on your organisation's experience, do you see any difficulties related to establishing, implementing and maintaining appropriate risk management strategies and procedures to ensure that your organisation takes into account sustainability risks?

End of section C

Section D – Opportunities

From the perspective of your organisation, what opportunities do you see in integrating sustainability into corporate reporting? If possible, please be specific.

From the perspective of your organisation, rate these opportunities stemming from credible sustainability reporting and disclosures. (1 = not relevant, 5 = very relevant)

	1	2	3	4	5
Attracting investors					
Attracting new talent					
Increasing consumer demand					
Increasing client trust					
Building a stakeholder communication platform with insights into the long-term value of the business					
Managing long-term risks (e.g. credit, operational)					
Managing short-term risks (i.e., reputational, greenwashing)					
Clarifying strategy position (transition plans)					
Sustainability risk integration					

Does your organisation use the EU taxonomy to plan investments and set transition targets?

_	activities.
	No, we currently do not use EU taxonomy for further purposes than reporting, but we plan to do so in the future.
	No, and we currently do not have any plans to do so in the future.

	perspective of your organisation, which of the following opportunities connected with EU sustainability es and reporting do you consider relevant?
	Receiving financing of taxonomy-aligned projects.
	Green bond issuance.
	Receiving an ESG-rating-linked loan.
	Receiving a sustainability-linked loan.
	I don't find any of the above relevant for my organisation.
	perspective of your organisation, do you envisage any additional opportunities connected with the EU ility disclosures and reporting framework/obligations? Please, specify.
	e of engagement do you prefer from the MFSA's side for further market outreach regarding the EY le finance regulatory framework? (e.g., Workshops, Q&A section on website, newsletter, webinar etc.)
Company	registration number (optional)

Deloitte.

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