

L.N. \_\_\_\_\_ of 2017

**INVESTMENT SERVICES ACT**  
**(CAP. 370)**

**Investment Services Act (Provision of Investment Services and Activities by Third Country Firms) Regulations, 2017**

IN exercise of the powers conferred by article 12 of the Investment Services Act, the Minister for Finance, acting on the advice of the Malta Financial Services Authority, has made the following regulations:

Title and scope.

**1.** (1) The title of these regulations is the Investment Services Act (Provision of Investment Services and Activities by Third Country Firms) Regulations, 2017.

(2) The purpose of these regulations is to implement Article 4(1) paragraphs 3, 10, 11 and 30, and Articles 39 to 43 of MIFID as herein defined, and they shall be interpreted and applied accordingly.

Definitions.

**2.** (1) In these regulations unless the context otherwise requires:

Cap. 370

“the Act” means the Investment Services Act;

“ancillary services” means any of the services listed in the Third Schedule to the Act;

“branch” means a place of business other than the head office which is a part of an investment firm, which has no legal personality and which provides investment services and, or activities and which may also perform ancillary services for which the investment firm has been authorised; all the places of business set up in the same Member State or EEA State by an investment firm with headquarters in another Member State or EEA State shall be regarded as a single branch;

“Directive 97/9/EC” means Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 March 1997 on investor-compensation schemes, as amended from time to time;

“investment firm” means any person, other than persons to whom MiFID does not apply in terms of Article 2 of the said directive, whose regular occupation or business is the provision of any one or more core investment services to third parties on a professional basis;

“MiFID” means Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU, as amended from time to time, and includes any implementing measures that have been or may be issued thereunder;

“MiFIR” means Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012, as may be amended from time to time, and includes any implementing measures, implementing technical standards, regulatory technical standards, guidelines and similar measures that have been or may be issued thereunder;

“professional client” means a client meeting the criteria laid down in Annex II of MiFID;

“retail client” means a client who is not a professional client;

"overseas regulatory authorities", in relation to third country firms, means the national authorities of a third country which are empowered by law or regulation to supervise third-country firms;

"third country" means a country which is not a Member State or an EEA State;

“third-country firm” means a firm that would be a credit institution providing investment services or performing investment activities or an investment firm if its head office or registered office were located within the Union.

(2) Words and expressions used in the Act shall, in these regulations, have the same meaning as is assigned to them in the Act.

Establishment of a branch.

**3. (1)** A third-country firm intending to provide investment services or perform investment activities in Malta, with or without any ancillary services to retail clients or to professional clients, within the meaning of Section II of Annex II of MiFID, shall establish a branch in Malta.

(2) The third-country firms shall acquire a prior authorisation for the branch from the competent authority in accordance with the following conditions:

- a) the provision of services for which the third-country firm requests authorisation is subject to authorisation and supervision in the third country where the firm is established and the requesting third-country firm is properly authorised, whereby the overseas regulatory authority pays due regard to any FATF recommendations in the context of anti-money laundering and countering the financing of terrorism;
- b) cooperation arrangements, that include provisions regulating the exchange of information for the purpose of preserving the integrity of the market and protecting investors, are in place between the competent authority and the overseas regulatory authority of the country where the firm is established;
- c) sufficient initial capital is at free disposal of the branch;
- d) one or more persons are appointed to be responsible for the management of the branch and they all comply with the requirements applicable to the management body prescribed in Investment Services Rules and, or Conduct of Business Rules, as applicable, issued by the competent authority in terms of the Act;;
- e) the third country where the third-country firm is established has signed an agreement with Malta which fully complies with the standards laid down in Article 26 of the OECD Model Tax Convention on Income and on Capital and ensures an effective exchange of information in tax matters, including, if any, multilateral tax agreements;
- f) the firm belongs to an investor-compensation scheme authorised or recognised in accordance with Directive 97/9/EC.

(3) The third-country firm referred to in subregulation (1) shall submit its application to the competent authority.

Obligation to provide

**4.** A third-country firm intending to obtain authorisation for the provision of any investment services or the performance of investment activities with or without any ancillary services in Malta through a branch shall provide the competent authority with the following:

- a) the name of the overseas regulatory authority responsible for the supervision of the third country firm in the third country concerned:

Provided that when more than one overseas regulatory

authority is responsible for supervision, the details of the respective areas of competence shall be provided;

- b) all relevant details of the third country firm (name, legal form, registered office and address, members of the management body, relevant shareholders) and a programme of operations setting out the investment services and, or activities as well as the ancillary services to be provided and the organisational structure of the branch, including a description of any outsourcing to third parties of essential operating functions;
- c) the name of the persons responsible for the management of the branch and the relevant documents to demonstrate compliance with requirements prescribed in the applicable Investment Services Rules and, or Conduct of Business Rulebook as applicable, issued by the competent authority in terms of the Act;
- d) information about the initial capital at free disposal of the branch.

Granting  
authorisation.

of

**5.** (1) The competent authority shall only grant authorisation to the third-country firm which has established or which intends to establish its branch in Malta when it is satisfied that:

- (a) the conditions prescribed under regulation 3 of these regulations are fulfilled; and
- (b) the branch of the third-country firm will be able to comply with the provisions referred to in subregulation (3) of this regulation.

(2) The competent authority shall inform the third-country firm, within six months of submission of a complete application, whether or not the authorisation has been granted.

(3) The branch of the third-country firm authorised in accordance with subregulation (1) above, shall comply with the obligations laid down in Articles 16 to 20, 23, 24, 25 and 27, Article 28(1), and Articles 30, 31 and 32 of MiFID, as transposed in Regulations issued under the Act or in Investment Services Rules or in Conduct of Business Rules issued by the competent authority in terms of the Act and in Articles 3 to 26 of the MiFIR and the measures adopted pursuant thereto. Thereafter the branch of the third-country firm shall be subject to the supervision of the competent authority.

(4) The competent authority shall not impose any additional requirements on the organisation and operation of the branch in respect of the matters covered by MiFID and any branch of a third-country firm shall not be treated more favourably than Union firms.

Provision of services at the exclusive initiative of the client.

6. (1) Where a retail client or professional client, established or situated in the Malta, initiates at its own exclusive initiative the provision of an investment service or activity by a third-country firm, the requirement for authorisation under regulation 3 shall not apply to the provision of that service or activity by the third country firm to that person including a relationship specifically relating to the provision of that service or activity.

(2) An initiative by such clients shall not entitle the third-country firm to market otherwise than through the branch, where one is required in accordance with Maltese law, new categories of investment products or investment services to that client.

Withdrawal of authorisations.

7. The competent authority may withdraw the authorisation issued to a third country firm where such a firm:

- (a) does not make use of the authorisation within 12 months,
- (b) expressly renounces the authorisation or has provided no investment services or performed no investment activity for the preceding six months;
- (c) has obtained the authorisation by making false statements or by any other irregular means;
- (d) no longer meets the conditions under which authorisation was granted;
- (e) has seriously and systematically infringed the provisions adopted pursuant to the MiFID governing the operating conditions for investment firms and applicable to third-country firms;
- (f) falls within any of the cases where Maltese law, in respect of matters outside the scope of MiFID, provides for withdrawal.

Administrative Penalties, other administrative measures and Appeals

8. (1) Where a person falling within the scope of these regulations fails to comply with any provisions of such regulations or any rules issued thereunder further implementing such regulations, the competent authority may, by notice in writing and without recourse to a court hearing, impose on such person an administrative penalty and other administrative measures in accordance with the provisions of the Investment Services Act (MiFID and MiFIR Administrative Penalties, Measures and Investigatory Powers).

(2) A right of appeal to the Financial Services Tribunal shall lie from the decisions which the competent authority shall take under these regulations and the provisions of article 19 of the Act shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.