

The following is a company announcement issued by AX Holdings Limited (C3595) pursuant to Malta Financial Services Authority Listing Rule 5.16.21:

The Board of Directors of AX Holdings Limited have approved the Company's Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31st October 2018.

These accounts are attached herewith and are available for viewing on the AX Holdings website (https://axholdings.com.mt/investor-relations/annual-reports/) and at the Company's registered office (AX House, Mosta Road, Lija) as from today.

Dr. Ian Vella GaleaCompany Secretary

30th January 2019

Company Announcement AXI91

AX HOLDINGS LIMITED

Report and financial statements
For the year ended 31 October 2018

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018

Contents

Executive directors Mr Angelo Xuereb

Ms Claire Zammit Xuereb Ms Denise Micallef Xuereb Mr Michael Warrington

Non-executive directors Mr John Soler

Mr Christopher Paris Mr Josef Formosa Gauci

Registered Address AX House

Mosta Road Lija LJA 9010

Malta

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the group and the company for the year ended 31 October 2018.

Principal activities

The company is a holding company of AX Holdings Group, which is mainly involved in the provision of hospitality and entertainment services, construction and property development.

Business review

The AX group had another successful year. Revenue increased by €10.6 million over the previous year. The increase was derived from all segments of the group. Operating profits during the year increased by €5.5 million. The group's profit before taxation for the year is €40,217,025 (2017: €13,578,155). As at year end, the AX Group's equity stood at €214,590,046 (2017: €173,323,271).

The directors expect the group to continue to grow in all its core business segments during 2019.

Dividends and reserves

The directors paid an interim dividend from the company and the group amounting to $\[\in \] 2,016,667$ and $\[\in \] 2,451,318$ respectively. They do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Events after the reporting period

There were no other particular important events affecting the group or the company which occurred since the end of the accounting period.

Directors

In accordance with the company's Articles of Association, the present directors remain in office.

Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018

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Directors' responsibilities

The Companies Act (Cap. 386) requires the directors to prepare consolidated financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the group and the company for that year, in accordance with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- adopt the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and the company will continue in business;
- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- account for income and charges relating to the accounting period on the accruals basis;
- value separately the components of asset and liability items; and
- report comparative figures corresponding to those of the preceding accounting period.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the group and the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act (Cap. 386). The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and the company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

The auditors, Nexia BT have intimated their willingness to remain in office and a resolution proposing their reappointment will be put before the members at the next annual general meeting.

This report was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 January 2019, and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Angelo Xuereb

Chairman

Mr Michael Warrington Chief Executive Officer

Independent auditors' report to the members of AX Holdings Limited

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements of AX Holdings Limited, which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 October 2018, and the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of AX Holdings Limited as of 31 October 2018 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU, and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Maltese Companies Act (Cap. 386).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Accountancy Profession Act in Malta, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

With respect to the Directors' report, we also considered whether it includes the disclosures required by Art. 177 of the Companies Act (Cap. 386).

Based on the work we have performed, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the Maltese Companies Act (Cap. 386).

Independent auditors' report to the members of AX Holdings Limited

In addition, in light of the knowledge and understanding of the entity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we are required to report if we have identified material misstatements in the Directors' report and other information. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance to International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements the directors are responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

Independent auditors' report to the members of AX Holdings Limited

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Mr Darren Bugeja

For and on behalf of
Nexia BT
Certified Public Accountants

The Penthouse, Suite 2 Capital Business Centre, Entrance C Triq taz-Zwejt San Gwann SGN 3000 Malta

Date: 30 January 2019

Statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 October 2018

		Gro	oup	Compan	ıy
		2018	2017	2018	2017
	Notes	ϵ	€	ϵ	€
Revenue	4	56,466,680	45,852,010	7,767,678	1,058,613
Other operating income	5	309,099	305,035	342,608	2,300
Other operating charges		(19,576,628)	(16,158,454)	(670,820)	(281,603)
Labour costs	6	(16,251,687)	(14,631,463)	(939,789)	(1,209,638)
Depreciation		(5,347,867)	(5,238,416)	(57,301)	(49,623)
Operating profit/(loss)		15,599,597	10,128,712	6,442,376	(479,951)
Share of results of associates Revaluation of investment		1,034,632	1,087,141	-	-
property		26,588,506	5,811,458	-	2,851,414
Interest income	7	1,539	10,764	-	-
Finance costs	8	(3,007,249)	(3,459,920)	(971,166)	(639,862)
Profit before taxation	9	40,217,025	13,578,155	5,471,210	1,731,601
Taxation	11	(8,259,397)	(1,673,900)	(1,390,407)	148,053
Profit for the year		31,957,628	11,904,255	4,080,803	1,879,654
Attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		31,888,478	11,871,042		
Non-controlling interest		69,150	33,213		
		21 055 (29	11.004.255		
		31,957,628	11,904,255		
Other comprehensive income					
Gain on property revaluation		13,136,473	-	-	-
Taxation	11	(1,384,177)	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income, net of taxation		11,752,296	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income		43,709,924	11,904,255	4,080,803	1,879,654
Attributable to:					
Owners of the company		43,640,774	11,871,042		
Non-controlling interest		69,150	33,213		
Total comprehensive income		43,709,924	11,904,255		

The notes on pages 12 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of financial position at 31 October 2018

		Gro	up	Compan	y
		2018	2017	2018	2017
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	Notes	€	€	€	€
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	12	235,044,639	223,929,683	4,413,854	4,397,819
Investment property	13	56,303,424	28,550,188	7,610,000	7,610,000
Investment in subsidiaries	14	-	-	19,660,844	19,669,030
Investment in associates	14	10,708,606	9,672,974	26,164	26,169
Loans	14	918,109	-	33,826,801	13,258,261
		302,974,778	262,152,845	65,537,663	44,961,279
Current assets					
Available for sale investments	14	489,659	-	-	-
Inventories	15	2,369,512	2,971,100	12,466	15,961
Trade and other receivables	16	12,556,888	13,840,668	2,551,108	16,142,136
Cash at bank and in hand	18	6,852,381	7,353,057	1,247	1,024
Current tax assets			-	249,035	
		22,268,440	24,164,825	2,813,856	16,159,121
Total assets		325,243,218	286,317,670	68,351,519	61,120,400
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	19	14,635,579	17,653,643	183,652	247,169
Bank borrowings	21	2,919,013	3,760,533	1,191	300,847
Other financial liabilities	22	-	6,739,842	-	22,060,624
Current tax liabilities		3,663,413	1,142,834	-	18,966
		21,218,005	29,296,852	184,843	22,627,606
Non-current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	19	11,590,942	6,577,739	-	-
Bank borrowings	21	12,866,404	17,321,091	-	1,811,147
Other financial liabilities	22	826,208	1,308,666	32,459,787	3,103,605
Debt securities in issue	20	39,456,339	39,394,010	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-
Deferred tax liabilities	23	24,695,274	19,096,041	1,137,317	1,072,606
		89,435,167	83,697,547	33,597,104	5,987,358
Total liabilities		110,653,172	112,943,399	33,781,947	28,614,964

The notes on pages 12 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of financial position (continued)

at 31 October 2018

		G	Froup	Compan	y
		2018	2017	2018	2017
EQUITY	Notes	€	€	ϵ	€
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	24	470,533	470,533	470,533	470,533
Revaluation reserve		181,393,301	146,935,766	5,228,119	5,228,119
Capital reserve		4,834,969	4,834,969	555,551	555,551
Retained earnings		26,387,785	19,648,283	28,315,369	26,251,233
		213,086,588	171,889,551	34,569,572	32,505,436
Non-controlling interest		1,503,458	1,433,720	<u>-</u>	-
Total equity		214,590,046	173,323,271	34,569,572	32,505,436

The consolidated financial statements on pages 6 to 43 were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 January 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr Angelo Xuereb Chairman Mr Michael Warrington Chief Executive Officer

The notes on pages 12 to 43 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of changes in equity for the year ended 31 October 2018

Group						Attributable to	
					Attributable to	non-	
	Share	Revaluation	Capital	Retained	owners of	controlling	
	capital	reserve	Reserve	earnings	the company	interest	Total
	€	€	€	€	€	€	€
At 1 November 2016	470,533	141,760,122	4,834,969	15,252,885	162,318,509	1,400,507	163,719,016
Profit for the year	-	-	-	11,871,042	11,871,042	33,213	11,904,255
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(2,300,000)	(2,300,000)	-	(2,300,000)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	9,571,042	9,571,042	33,213	9,604,255
Revaluation of investment property, net of tax	-	5,175,644	-	(5,175,644)	-	-	-
At 31 October 2017	470,533	146,935,766	4,834,969	19,648,283	171,889,551	1,433,720	173,323,271
Profit for the year				31,888,478	31,888,478	69,150	31.957.628
Dividends paid Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	- 11,752,296	-	(2,451,318)	(2,451,318) 11,752,296	-	(2,451,318) 11,752,296
Increase in share capital	-	-	-	-	-	588	588
Accumulated loss written off on loss of control	-	-	-	7,581	7,581	-	7,581
Total comprehensive income		11,752,296		29,444,741	41,197,037	69,738	41,266,775
Revaluation of investment property, net of tax	-	22,705,239	-	(22,705,239)	-	-	-
At 31 October 2018	470,533	181,393,101	4,834,969	26,387,785	213,086,588	1,503,458	214,590,046

Statements of changes in equity for the year ended 31 October 2018

Company	Share capital €	Revaluation reserve €	Capital reserve €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 November 2016	470,533	2,712,705	555,551	29,186,993	32,925,782
Profit for the year Dividends paid		- - -	- -	1,879,654 (2,300,000)	1,879,654 (2,300,000)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax Revaluation of investment property, net of tax	-	2,515,414	-	(2,515,414)	-
Total comprehensive					
income/(expense)		2,515,414		(2,935,760)	(420,346)
At 31 October 2017	470,533	5,228,119	555,551	26,251,233	32,505,436
Profit for the year Dividends paid Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	- -	-	4,080,803 (2,016,667)	4,080,803 (2,016,667)
Total comprehensive income				2,064,136	2,064,136
At 31 October 2018	470,533	5,228,119	555,551	28,315,369	34,569,572

Statements of cashflows for the year ended 31 October 2018

	Gro	up	Compa	ny
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Cash flows from/(used in) operating activities Notes	ϵ	€	ϵ	•
Profit before taxation	40,217,025	13,578,155	5,471,210	1,731,60
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation	5,347,867	5,238,416	57,301	49,62
Share of results of associates	(1,034,632)	(1,087,141)	-	
Movement in provision for bad debts	47,188	156,163	-	
Issue cost amortisation	62,329	62,329	-	
Movement in fair value of investment property	(26,588,506)	(5,811,458)	-	(2,851,41
Movement in impairment of financial assets	7,765	-	-	
Property, plant and equipment written off	18,769	7,474	-	
Property, plant and equipment reversed	· •	1,399,457	-	
Gain on disposal investment property	(436,346)	-	-	
Interest expense	3,009,119	3,459,920	971,166	639,862
Interest capitalized reversed	53,710	· · · · · -		
Reversal of interest expensed in previous years	(2,312,905)	-	_	
Group losses (claimed)/ surrendered		_	(6,572)	537,630
Write-off of investment	-	_	10,004	227,02
Accumulated loss written off on loss of control	7,581	-	-	
Operating profit before working capital changes	18,398,964	17,003,315	6,503,109	107,308
Movement in inventories	(334,736)	(313,117)	3,495	
Movement in trade and other receivables	318,483	(1,921,437)	(838,378)	(481,838
Movement in trade and other payables	2,010,204	6,071,851	(63,517)	2,780,557
Movement in trace and other payables				
Cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	20,392,915	20,840,612	5,604,709	2,406,027
Net interest paid	(3,024,184)	(3,440,893)	(971,166)	(639,862
Net taxation (paid) / refunded	(1,523,173)	(563,729)	(1,587,125)	207,024
Net cash flows from operating activities	15,845,558	16,835,990	3,046,418	1,973,189
Cash flows (used in)/from investing activities				
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(4,215,628)	(12,951,327)	(73,336)	(103,833
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	1,167,200	-	(,
Acquisition of investment property	(675,543)	(299,999)	_	(470,78)
Proceeds from disposal of investment property	500,000	-	_	
Acquisition of financial assets	(498,424)	-	(1,813)	
Proceeds from sale of property		-		
Advances to group undertakings	-	-	(6,139,134)	1,656,122
Net cash flows (used in)/from investing activities	(4,889,595)	(12,084,126)	(6,214,283)	1,081,508
Cash flows (used in)/from financing activities				
Movement in bank borrowings	(4,711,310)	(1,741,684)	(2,111,147)	(813,85)
Movement in other loans	(3,709,114)	114,941	(517,662)	56,70
Movement in amounts owed to subsidiaries	-	-	7,813,220	
Bonds redeemed Dividends paid	(2,451,318)	(208,450) (2,300,000)	(2,016,667)	(2,300,000
Net cash flows (used in)/from financing activities	(10,871,742)	(4,135,193)	3,167,744	(3,057,149
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents	84,221	616,671	(121)	(2,452
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year	6,209,211	5,592,540	177	2,629

for the year ended 31 October 2018

1 General information

AX Holdings Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Malta. The company is a holding company of AX Holdings Group, which is mainly involved in the provision of hospitality and entertainment services, construction and property development. Its registered office is at AX House, Mosta Road, Lija LJA 9010, Malta.

2 Accounting policies

Accounting convention and basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements are presented using the Euro, being the currency that reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the group and the company. They are prepared under the historical cost basis except for freehold land and buildings which are stated at their revalued amounts and investment property and other financial instruments which are stated at their fair values. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the group and the company's accounting policies (see note 3 - Critical accounting estimates and judgements).

Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards

In 2018, the company adopted new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are mandatory for the company's accounting period beginning on 1 November 2017. The adoption of these revisions to the requirements of IFRSs as adopted by the EU did not result in substantial changes to the company's accounting policies.

The company has not applied the following and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments', addresses the classification and measurement of financial assets, and replaces the multiple classification and measurement models in IAS 39 with a single model that has only two classification categories: amortised cost and fair value. Classification under IFRS 9 is driven by the reporting entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual characteristics of the financial assets. IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments', also addresses the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, and retains the majority of the requirements in IAS 39 in relation to financial liabilities. This standard is effective for financial periods beginning on, or after, 1 January 2018. The application of IFRS 9 will have no material impacts on the company's financial statements.

IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' deals with revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of a good or service and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service.

for the year ended 31 October 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

The standard replaces IAS 18 'Revenue' and IAS 11 'Construction contracts' and related interpretations. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 and earlier application is permitted. The application of IFRS 15 will have no impact on the company's financial statements.

IFRS 16, 'Leases' introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. IFRS 16 will supersede the current lease guidance of IAS 17 Leases and the related interpretations when it becomes effective. This standard is mandatory for financial years commencing on or after 1 January 2019. The application of IFRS 16 will have no impact on the company's financial statements.

Basis of consolidation

These financial statements include the results of the holding company and all entities that are controlled by the parent company; AX Holdings Limited.

Subsidiaries

Control is presumed to exist where more than one half of the subsidiary's voting power is controlled by the parent company, or the parent company is able to govern the financial and operating policies of the subsidiary, or control the removal or appointment of a majority of the subsidiary's board of directors. Intra group balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

The results of subsidiary companies acquired or sold during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from or to the effective date of acquisition or disposal. The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for by applying the purchase method. The cost of the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at the date of exchange of assets less liabilities incurred and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination.

Any excess of the cost of the business combination over the group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill. Goodwill is initially recognised at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any impairment losses. Any excess of the group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the business combination, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

The interest of minority shareholders in the acquiree is initially measured at the minority's proportion of the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised. After initial recognition, minority interest in the net assets consists of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the minority's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Associated undertakings

An associate is an entity over which the group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control over those policies.

Investments in associated undertakings are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases. Under the equity method, investments in associates are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the group's share of net assets of the associates, less any impairment in the value of the investments. The group's share of the post-acquisition reserves is recognised directly in equity. The group's share of losses in excess of its interest in that associate is not recognised, unless the group has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associated undertakings.

Property, plant and equipment

The group and the company's property, plant and equipment are classified into the following classes; land and buildings, improvement to premises, plant and machinery, motor vehicles, and furniture, fixtures and other equipment.

Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Except for land and buildings, they are subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Land and buildings are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Subsequent to initial recognition, land and buildings are stated at fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent impairment losses. Revaluations are made for the entire class of land and buildings and with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the date of the statement of financial position. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation is credited to the revaluation reserve unless it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, in which case, the increase is credited to the statement of comprehensive income to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income to the extent that it

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

exceeds the balance, if any, held in the revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of an asset.

Every year, the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings. When the asset is derecognised, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the revaluation reserve is transferred to retained earnings.

Property, plant and equipment are derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition represent the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount, and are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period of derecognition.

Depreciation is provided at rates intended to write down the cost of the assets over their expected useful lives. The annual rates used are as follows:

Line
Line
Line
Line
Line

No depreciation is provided on land.

Investment property

Investment property is property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Investment property is recognised as an asset when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are associated with the investment property will flow to the enterprise and the cost can be measured reliably. Investment property is initially recognised at cost, including transaction costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at fair value unless the investment property is classified or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale, in which case, the investment property is measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of investment property are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which the changes arise.

Investment property is derecognised on disposal or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Gains or losses on derecognition

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Investment property (continued)

represent the difference between the net disposal of proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount, and are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in the period of derecognition.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs for all financial assets or financial liabilities not classified at fair value through the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or when the entity transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished. This occurs when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. The terms of financial instruments that are issued, the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument are evaluated to determine whether the financial instruments are financial liabilities or equity instruments or whether they contain both a liability and an equity component, in which case such components are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity instruments.

Available for sale investments

Available for sale investments are non-derivative financial assets, where the company does not have a significant interest, that are designated as available for sale, or which cannot be classified as held to maturity. After initial recognition, available for sale investments are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised directly in equity until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or

for the year ended 31 October 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

loss previously recognised in equity is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value (FVPTL)

Financial assets at FVPTL are financial assets held for trading or financial assets designated as at FVPTL. Financial assets at FVPTL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other short-term receivables are stated at cost less specific impairment losses. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at nominal value.

Bank borrowings

Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing bank loans are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing bank overdrafts are stated at face value in view of their short-term maturities.

Other borrowings

Subsequent to initial recognition, other borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Debt securities in issue

Debt securities in issue are stated at amortised cost. Amortisation is calculated using the effective yield method and is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the debt security.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends are recognised in the period in which they are declared.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 October 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses.

Property held for development and re-sale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost includes the purchase price of the property and development costs incurred to date. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs to completion and costs to be incurred in marketing and selling.

The cost of development and common costs are apportioned on the basis of the costs absorbed during the stage of development and the cost of land is apportioned on the basis of the floor area.

Impairment

The carrying amounts of the company's assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed annually to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of the asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate used to determine the recoverable amount.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of taxes.

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer.

Provision of services

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accruals basis.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

Borrowing costs

Interest-related charges related to immovable property are capitalized and included with immovable property until construction is complete. Other interest-related charges are recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. The tax expense is calculated on net income, adjusted for non-temporary differences between taxable and accounting income. The tax effect of temporary differences, arising from items brought into account in different periods for income tax and accounting purposes, is carried in the statement of financial position as deferred tax debits or credits. Such deferred tax balances are calculated on the liability method taking into account the estimated tax that will be paid or recovered when the temporary differences reverse. Deferred tax debits are only carried forward if there is a reasonable expectation of realisation. Deferred tax debits, arising from tax losses yet to be recovered, are only carried forward if there is a reasonable assurance and to the extent that future taxable income will be sufficient to allow the benefit of the tax loss to be realised or to the extent of the net credits in the deferred tax balance.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases when the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases. Lease classification is made at the inception of the lease, which is the earlier of the date of the lease agreement and the date of commitment by the parties to the principal provisions of the lease.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised in the statement of financial position at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments and include initial direct costs. Capitalised leased assets are tested for impairment in accordance with the respective group company's accounting policy on property, plant and equipment over the shorter of the lease term and their useful life, unless there is reasonable certainty that the company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, in which case the assets are depreciated over the period of their useful life. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 October 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

Assets leased out under operating leases are included in investment property in the statement of financial position. Lease income from operating leases shall be recognised in income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Employee benefits

The company contributes towards the state pension in accordance with local legislation. The only obligation of the company is to make the required contributions. Costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and balances with banks less bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statements of cash flows.

Dividends

Dividends to holders of equity instruments are recognised as liabilities in the period in which they are declared.

Dividends to holders of equity instruments are debited directly in equity.

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Fair value of property

Land and buildings and investment property owned by the group's subsidiaries are being recognised at fair value to reflect the values attributed to the property by professional architects taking account alternative use of the property held.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018

4	Revenue
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			2018 €	2017 €
Group				
Construction works, building n	naterials and manag	ement services	8,146,435	5,502,976
Hospitality and entertainment			39,495,143	35,743,666
Healthcare			4,763,261	3,124,010
Sale of property and real estate			2,198,220	50,000
Rental income			642,035	537,948
Dividends receivable			1,221,586	893,410
			56,466,680	45,852,010
			2018	2017
			€	€
Company			C	_
Management services			1,289,532	1,057,495
Dividends receivable			4,893,845	1,037,173
Overstatement of dividend rece	ivahla in prior vaar		-,023,043	(225,666)
Rental income	ivable in prior year		273,901	176,784
			1,310,400	50,000
Sale of property				
			7,767,678	1,058,613
Other operating income				
-				
	Group		Company	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	$oldsymbol{\epsilon}$	€
Ancillary services	309,099	305,035	342,608	2,300

for the year ended 31 October 2018

6. Labour costs and employee information

	Gro	up	Compa	any
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Staff costs				
Wages and salaries	11,891,276	11,870,936	1,418,709	1,163,495
Social security costs	819,659	882,389	58,200	46,143
Total staff costs	12,710,935	12,753,325	1,476,909	1,209,638
Subcontracted labour	3,540,752	1,878,138	-	-
Recharge of salaries to a related party	-	-	(537,120)	-
Total labour costs	16,251,687	14,631,463	939,789	1,209,638

The average number of employees directly employed (including the directors) during the year were:

	Group		Com	pany
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Management and administration	140	121	31	26
Operations and distribution	526	586	-	-
	666	707	31	26

7. Interest income

	Gr	Group		pany
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Interest received from				
investments	1,539	10,764	-	-

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018

8.	Finance	costs

	Group		Compa	ny
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Interest on bank loans and				
overdrafts	591,287	838,494	2,742	511
Interest on debt securities				
in issue	2,400,000	2,400,000	-	-
Interest on amounts payable				
to related parties	-	-	968,424	639,351
Interest on other loans	15,962	221,426	-	-
	3,007,249	3,459,920	971,166	639,862

Profit before taxation 9.

	Group		Company	y
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Profit before taxation is stated after charging:				
Auditors' remuneration	73,450	71,150	10,000	9,450

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018

10. **Key management personnel compensation**

	Group)	Compar	ıy
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Directors' compensation				
Short-term benefits	707,055	688,497	664,055	608,358
	Group		Compar	ny
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Other key management personnel compensation Salaries and social security				
contributions	434,298	446,082	161,203	161,025

for the year ended 31 October 2018

11. Taxation

As at year-end, unabsorbed tax losses and other temporary differences for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in the company amounted to \in 8,266,080 (2017: \in 8,266,080) and \in Nil (2017: \in Nil) and in the group amounted to \in 8,412,091 (2017: \in 10,060,586) and \in 9,199,972 (2017: \in 9,117,393).

	Group		Company	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Malta Income Tax:				
Current – for the year	4,023,941	1,270,888	1,319,124	26,302
losses surrenderedlosses surrendered in respect	-	-	-	(338,735)
of previous years – tax adjustment in respect of	-	-	6,572	(198,901)
previous years	20,400	(105,651)	-	71,685
Deferred tax through Statement of				
profit or loss	4,215,056	508,663	64,711	291,596
	8,259,397	1,673,900	1,390,407	(148,053)
Deferred tax through Other comprehensive income	1,384,177	-	-	-
Tax charge/(credit) for the year	9,643,574	1,673,900	1,390,407	(148,053)

The profit before taxation and tax charge/(credit) for the year are reconciled as follows:

	Group		Compa	ny
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Profit before taxation	40,217,025	13,578,155	5,471,210	1,731,601
Tax thereon at 35%	14,075,959	4,752,354	1,914,923	606,060
Tax effect of permanent differences Tax effect of unrecognised	(3,904,714)	(6,002,272)	(524,516)	(825,798)
temporary differences Tax adjustment in respect of	(548,071)	3,029,469	-	-
previous years	20,400	(105,651)	-	71,685
Tax charge/(credit) for the year	9,643,574	1,673,900	1,390,407	(148,053)

for the year ended 31 October 2018

12. Property, plant and equipment

Group

Group					E	
	Land and buildings	Improvements	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	Total
Fair value/cost	€	ϵ	€	€	ϵ	€
At 01.11.2016	203,891,158	782,001	22,135,098	487,234	29,841,177	257,136,668
Additions	7,617,490	71	2,010,621	-	3,323,145	12,951,327
Disposals	(973,237)	(312,519)	-	-	-	(1,285,756)
Reversals	(667,045)	-	(195,003)	-	(606,704)	(1,468,752)
Write offs					(9,342)	(9,342)
At 31.10.2017	209,868,366	469,553	23,950,716	487,234	32,548,276	267,324,145
Additions	2,012,634	-	569,039	107,664	1,526,291	4,215,628
Revaluation Reversal of interest	13,136,472	-	-	-	-	13,136,472
capitalised	(53,710)	-	-	-	-	(53,710)
Reclassifications	-	-	(2,024,482)	-	2,024,482	-
Transfers	(926,748)	-	-	-	(112,149)	(1,038,897)
Write offs			(1,796,490)	(10,552)	(85,245)	(1,892,287)
At 31.10.2018	224,037,014	469,553	20,698,783	584,346	35,901,655	281,691,351
Depreciation						
At 01.11.2016	7,712,578	511,343	13,753,676	406,184	15,961,984	38,345,765
Provision for the year	2,041,964	40,791	707,455	24,324	2,423,882	5,238,416
Released on disposal	-	(118,556)	-	-	-	(118,556)
Released on reversals/write offs	-	-	(9,930)	-	(61,233)	(71,163)
At 31.10.2017	9,754,542	433,578	14,451,201	430,508	18,324,633	43,394,462
Provision for the year	2,182,223	14,979	844,294	38,758	2,267,613	5,347,867
Reclassifications	-	-	(2,000,338)	-	2,000,338	-
Released on transfer	(185,350)	-	-	-	(36,749)	(222,099)
Released on write offs	-	-	(1,797,752)	(10,552)	(65,214)	(1,873,518)
At 31.10.2018	11,751,415	448,557	11,497,405	458,714	22,490,621	46,646,712
Net book value						
At 31.10.2018	212,285,599	20,996	9,201,378	125,632	13,411,034	235,044,639
At 31.10.2017	200,113,824	35,975	9,499,515	56,726	14,223,643	223,929,683

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018

12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Comp	any
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Company	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
Cost / Fair value	$oldsymbol{\epsilon}$	€	€	€
At 1.11.2016	4,554,606	849,391	236,503	5,640,500
Additions	-	103,833	-	103,833
At 31.10.2017	4,554,606	953,224	236,503	5,744,333
Additions	3,273	70,063	-	73,336
At 31.10.2018	4,557,879	1,023,287	236,503	5,817,669
Depreciation				
At 1.11.2016 Provision for the year	354,606 -	762,567 37,489	179,718 12,134	1,296,891 49,623
At 31.10.2017	354,606	800,056	191,852	1,346,514
Provision for the year		45,172	12,129	57,301
At 31.10.2018	354,606	845,228	203,981	1,403,815
Net book value At 31.10.2018	4,203,273	178,059	32,522	4,413,854
Net book value At 31.10.2017	4,200,000	153,168	44,651	4,397,819

The fair value of the company's land and buildings has been arrived on the basis of a valuation carried out on 22 December 2015 by an independent professionally qualified valuer. The valuation method was based on a 5% capitalisation rate of a commercial lease. The commercial lease was based on a comparative analysis of properties in the same area.

The fair value of the group's land and buildings has been arrived at on the basis of valuations not older than five years carried out by independent professionally qualified valuers. The directors are of the opinion that the fair value of the property has not altered significantly since the date of the valuations and hence this is an appropriate estimate of fair value.

for the year ended 31 October 2018

12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Had the group's and company's land and buildings been measured on a historical cost basis, their carrying amount would have been as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2018 2017	2018	2017	
	€	€	$oldsymbol{\epsilon}$	€
Freehold land and buildings	90,570,229	89,612,200	617,726	622,065

13. Investment property

	Group	Company
	€	€
Fair value		
At 01.11.2017	28,550,188	7,610,000
Additions	675,543	-
Revaluation	26,588,506	-
Disposals	(63,654)	-
Transfers from inventory	1,011,724	-
Transfers from property, plant and equipment	741,398	-
Reversal of interest capitalised	(1,200,281)	-
At 31.10.2018	56,303,424	7,610,000

The fair value of the company's investment property has been arrived on the basis of four valuations on different properties carried on 7 August 2013, 22 August 2013, 20 September 2017 and 19 January 2018. The fair value was based on the market comparable approach that reflects transaction prices for similar properties.

The fair value of the group's investment property has been arrived at on the basis of valuations not older than five years carried out by independent professionally qualified valuers. The directors are of the opinion that the fair value of the property has not altered significantly since the date of the valuations and hence this is an appropriate estimate of fair value.

for the year ended 31 October 2018

14. Financial assets

Group

	Other related party loan	Parent company loan	Available for sale investments Quoted Fair Value	Investment in associates
At 01.11.2016	€	€	€	€ 8,585,833
Share of profits	-	-	-	1,087,141
At 31.10.2017		-		9,672,974
Share of profits	-	-	-	1,034,632
Reclassified from short-term	832,798	85,311	-	-
Additions Movement in impairment of financial assets	- -	- -	497,424 (7,765)	1,000
At 31.10.2018	832,798	85,311	489,659	10,708,606
Non-current	832,798	85,311	-	10,708,606
Current		-	489,659	-

Loans to other related party and parent company

Loans to other related party and parent company are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed date of repayment.

for the year ended 31 October 2018

14. Financial assets (continued)

Details of the group's associates at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Grou of eq capita	uity I held	Group % of preference capital held	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Valletta Cruise Port p.l.c.	36	36	-	-
Imselliet Solar Limited	33	-	-	-
Summarised financial information on the group's Current assets	associates is se	2018	E	2017 € ,431,758
Non-current assets		26,616,315	5 27	,004,007
Current liabilities		3,896,175	5 3	,582,277
Non-current liabilities		8,815,280) 10	,408,210
Revenue		11,199,548	3 11 - —	,681,130
Profit for the year		2,843,966	5 2	,988,704

for the year ended 31 October 2018

14. Financial assets (continued)

Company

	Investment in subsidiaries €	Investment in associates €	Loans to group undertakings €	Total €
Cost	_		_	_
At 01.11.2017	19,669,030	26,169	13,258,261	32,953,460
Additions	1,813	-	5,796,526	5,798,339
Write-off	(9,999)	(5)	-	(10,004)
Transfer from current assets	-		14,772,014	14,772,014
At 31.10.2018	19,660,844	26,164	33,826,801	53,513,809
Impairment loss At 01.11.2017 Movement for the year		-	-	
At 31.10.2018	-	-	-	
Net book value At 31.10.2018	19,660,844	26,164	33,826,801	53,513,809
At 31.10.2017	19,669,030	26,169	13,258,261	32,953,460

Investment in subsidiaries

The group financial statements consolidate the results and position of all subsidiary undertakings, which have 31 October year ends.

Loans to group undertakings

Loans to group undertakings are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed date of repayment except for a loan amounting to \in 4,625,230 which is unsecured, bears interest at 8% and has no fixed date of repayment.

for the year ended 31 October 2018

14. Financial assets (continued)

The registered address of the following subsidiaries is AX House, Mosta Road, Lija LJA 9010, Malta:

	Group % of ordinary		Group % of preference	
	capita	•	_	al held
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	2010	2017	2010	2017
AX Construction Limited	100	100	-	-
AX Contracting Limited	100	100	-	-
AX Finance Limited	100	100	-	-
AX Hotel Operations p.l.c.	100	100	-	-
AX Investments p.l.c.	100	100	-	-
AX Port Holding Company Limited	100	100	-	-
AX Port Investments Company Limited	100	100	-	-
Capua Palace Investments Limited	100	100	-	-
Central Hotels Limited	100	100	100	100
Central Leisure Developments Limited	100	100	-	-
Construction & Demolition Waste Limited				
(liquidated)	-	51	-	51
Harbour Connections Limited	100	100	-	-
Hardrocks Estates Limited	51	51	-	-
Heritage Developments Limited	100	100	-	-
Hilltop Gardens Retirement Village Limited	100	100	-	-
Hilltop Management Services Limited	100	100	-	-
Holiday Resorts Limited	100	100	-	-
Luzzu Properties Limited	100	100	-	-
Marine World Limited	100	100	-	-
Palazzo Merkanti Leisure Limited	100	100	-	-
Prime Buildings Limited	75	75	-	-
Quayside Catering Ltd	100	100	-	-
Renewables Limited	100	-	-	-
Royal Hotels Limited	100	100	-	-
Simblija Care Home Limited (merged into Hilltop		100	-	-
Gardens Retirement Village Limited)	-	100		
Simblija Developments limited	100	100	-	-
Skyline Developments Limited	100	100	-	-
St. John's Boutique Hotel Limited	100	100	-	-
Suncrest Finance Limited	100	100	-	-
Suncrest Hotels p.l.c.	100	100	-	-
The Constructors Limited	75	75	-	-
The Waterfront Entertainment Venture Ltd	100	100	-	-
Verdala Mansions Limited	100	100	-	-

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 October 2018

15.	Inventories	Grou	ір	Compar	ny
		2018 €	2017 €	2018 €	2017 €
	Property held for development and re-sale Raw materials and	714,046	1,574,979	12,466	15,961
	consumables	1,655,466	1,396,121	-	-
		2,369,512	2,971,100	12,466	15,961

16. Trade and other receivables

	Gro	up	Company	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Trade receivables	8,487,457	9,153,247	21,245	126,891
Provisions for doubtful debts Amounts owed by parent	(574,700)	(527,512)	-	-
company Amounts owed by	-	750,700	-	750,700
subsidiaries	-	-	120,000	14,344,095
Amounts owed by associates Amounts owed by other	25,998	-	· -	-
related parties	50,852	832,072	-	8,726
Shareholders' current				
accounts	-	-	116,126	16,834
Other receivables	2,905,338	2,103,920	1,293,737	678,133
Indirect taxation	-	-	-	51,102
Prepayments and accrued				
income	1,661,943	1,528,241	1,000,000	165,655
	12,556,888	13,840,668	2,551,108	16,142,136

Amounts owed by parent company, amounts owed by subsidiaries and amounts owed by other related parties are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed date of repayment.

Shareholders' current accounts are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand.

for the year ended 31 October 2018

17. Construction contracts

As at year end, retentions held by customers for contract works amounted to \in 591,793 (2017: \in 475,589).

18. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise of the following:

	Group		Compan	y
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts/ balances	6,852,381	7,353,057	1,247	1,024
overdrawn	(558,949)	(1,143,846)	(1,191)	(847)
	6,293,432	6,209,211	56	177

19. Trade and other payables

	Group		Company	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Trade payables	5,822,647	6,387,659	43,768	71,774
Other payables Indirect taxation and social	2,657,369	2,660,201	33,312	29,216
security	604,032	1,021,611	57,102	-
Accruals and deferred income	17,142,473	14,161,911	49,470	146,179
	26,226,521	24,231,382	183,652	247,169
Current	14,635,579	17,653,643	183,652	247,169
Non-current	11,590,942	6,577,739	-	-
	26,226,521	24,231,382	183,652	247,169

for the year ended 31 October 2018

20. Debt securities in issue

As at year end, a subsidiary had a balance of \in 39,664,789 (2017 : \in 39,602,460) from the bond issue of \in 40 million 6% bonds of \in 100 nominal value each, redeemable at par in 2024. The amount is made up of the bond issue of \in 40 million net of the bond issue costs which are being amortised over the lifetime of the bonds. Interest on the bonds is due and payable annually in arrears on 6 March of each year at the above mentioned rate.

	2018	2017
	€	€
At beginning of year Bonds purchased by a group company	39,394,010	39,540,131 (208,450)
Bond issue costs amortisation for the year	39,394,010 62,329	39,331,681 62,329
At end of year	39,456,339	39,394,010
Falling due after more than five years	39,456,339	39,394,010
At end of year	39,456,339	39,394,010

21. Bank borrowings

	Group		Compa	ny
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Bank overdrafts/balances				
overdrawn	558,949	1,143,846	1,191	847
Bank loans	15,226,468	19,937,778	-	2,111,147
	15,785,417	21,081,624	1,191	2,111,994

for the year ended 31 October 2018

21. Bank borrowings (continued)

Bank overdrafts and loans are repayable as follows:

	Group		Comp	any
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
On demand or within one year	2,919,013	3,760,533	1,191	300,847
Between two and five years	8,380,650	10,547,363	-	1,200,000
After five years	4,485,754	6,773,728	-	611,147
T	15,785,417	21,081,624	1,191	2,111,994
Less: amounts due for settlement within one year	(2,919,013)	(3,760,533)	(1,191)	(300,847)
Amounts due for settlement after one year	12,866,404	17,321,091		1,811,147

The company had a bank loan in 2017 of €2,111,147 which was paid during the year under review.

The group has aggregate bank facilities of \in 15,726,468 (2017 : \in 23,137,778). These facilities are secured by general hypothecs over the group assets, by special hypothecs over various immovable properties, by pledges over various insurance policies, and by personal guarantees of the group chairman. They bear interest at 3.9% to 5.15% per annum (2017 : 3.9% to 5.15%).

for the year ended 31 October 2018

22. Other financial liabilities

	Grou	р	Comp	any
	2018 2017		2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Amounts owed to subsidiaries Amounts owed to other related	-	-	32,265,388	24,452,168
parties	484,256	210,956	-	-
Other loans Amounts owed to ultimate beneficial	-	6,528,886	-	-
owners	237,131	1,203,845	194,399	712,061
Other payables	104,821	104,821	· -	-
				
	826,208	8,048,508	32,459,787	25,164,229

Other financial liabilities are repayable as follows:

	Group		Company		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	€	€	€	€	
On demand or within					
one year	-	6,739,842	-	22,060,624	
Between two and five					
years	104,821	104,821	32,459,787	-	
After five years	721,387	1,203,845	-	3,103,605	
					
	826,208	8,048,508	32,459,787	25,164,229	
Less: amounts due for settlement within					
one year	-	(6,739,842)	-	(22,060,624)	
Amounts due for					
settlement after one					
year	826,208	1,308,666	32,459,787	3,103,605	

Amounts owed to subsidiaries

Amounts owed to subsidiaries are unsecured, have no fixed date of repayment and interest-free, except for an aggregate amount of \in 13,098,382 (2017 : \in 8,981,461) which bears interest at 7.4%.

for the year ended 31 October 2018

22. Other financial liabilities (continued)

Shareholder's loan

The shareholder's loan is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed date of repayment.

23. Deferred tax liabilities

	Gro	oup	Company		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	€	€	€	€	
Arising on: Excess of capital allowances					
over depreciation	(321,545)	(569,176)	(10,131)	(7,475)	
Unabsorbed tax losses, tax					
credits and capital allowances	1,765,943	2,399,540	53,814	115,869	
Provision for doubtful debts	201,145	184,629	-	-	
Revaluation of property	(26,321,658)	(21,084,214)	(1,181,000)	(1,181,000)	
Unrealised difference on					
exchange	(19,159)	(26,820)	-	-	
					
	(24,695,274)	(19,096,041)	(1,137,317)	(1,072,606)	
					

24. Called up issued share capital

	2018 €	2017 €
Authorised 202,000 ordinary shares of €2.329373 each	470,533	470,533
Called up issued and fully paid-up 202,000 ordinary shares of €2.329373 each	470,533	470,533

Each ordinary share gives the right to one vote, participates equally in profits distributed by the company and carries equal rights upon the distribution of assets by the company in the event of a winding up.

for the year ended 31 October 2018

25. Contingent liabilities

At 31 October 2018, the group had the following contingent liabilities, for which no provision has been made in these financial statements:

- The Commissioner of Lands is claiming damages for illegal occupation of land by a subsidiary. This case has been pending for many years, and the subsidiary is objecting to these claims.
- As at year-end, two subsidiaries had blocked funds relating to a garnishee order in favour of third parties amounting to €74,994 (2017 : €73,294). The directors are confident that the outcome of all the above claims will be in favour of the subsidiaries.
- At 31 October 2018, the subsidiaries had contingent liabilities in respect of claims made by various third parties which, in total, amount to €146,433 (2017: €146,433).
- Various guarantees were given in favour of a third parties amounting to $\in 8,720,659$ (2017: $\in 8,396,845$).
- A subsidiary is engaged in legal action in respect of a claim against it amounting to $\[\in \]$ 5,000 (2017 : $\[\in \]$ 5,000). The subsidiary is objecting to this claim. No provision has been made in these financial statements in respect of this action.

26. Contingent asset

During the year a subsidiary was adjudicated a compensation amounting to €310,848 for damages in a court case it had initiated relating to a building permit which was withheld. Both parties are appealing to this decision and are requesting a revision of the compensation.

27. Capital commitments

As at 31 October 2018, one of the subsidiaries had a capital commitment to undertake the refurbishment of a hotel in Sliema. Moreover, two other subsidiaries had capital commitments to finalise construction works and make operational a hotel in Valletta. Another subsidiary had a capital commitment to construct a mixed development in Mosta for an estimate value of €6.5 million.

for the year ended 31 October 2018

28. Related parties

The company had the following related party transactions:

	2018	2017
	€	€
Transactions with subsidiaries:		
Capital expenditure from subsidiaries	-	370,781
Dividends receivable	4,893,845	-
Finance costs	968,424	639,351
Purchases from subsidiaries	100,000	-
Expenses recharged to subsidiaries	816,331	636,573
Wages recharged to subsidiaries	537,120	-
Expenses recharged from subsidiaries	67,745	94,832
Management fees receivable	1,289,530	1,057,495
Rent receivable from subsidiaries	96,250	-

29. Ultimate controlling party

The parent and ultimate parent company of AX Holdings Limited is Fulcrum Services Limited, which is incorporated in Malta. The group financial statements of AX Holdings Limited are incorporated in the group financial statements of Fulcrum Services Limited, the registered address of which is AX House, Mosta Road, Lija LJA 9010, Malta. The ultimate controlling party is Mr Angelo Xuereb, who holds a controlling interest in the equity of the ultimate parent company.

for the year ended 31 October 2018

30. Risk management objectives and policies

The company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk through its use of financial instruments which result from its operating and investing activities. The company's risk management of the group and the company is co-ordinated by the director and focuses on actively securing the group and the company's short to medium term cash flows by minimizing the exposure to financial risk.

The most significant financial risks to which the company is exposed to are described below.

The group and the company are exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk through its use of financial instruments which result from its operating and investing activities. The group's and the company's risk management is coordinated by the directors and focuses on actively securing the group's and the company's short term to medium term cash flows by minimising the exposure to financial risks. The most significant financial risks to which the company are exposed to are described below.

Credit risk

The group's and the company's credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the date of the statement of financial position, which are disclosed in notes 14, 16 and 18.

The group and the company continuously monitor defaults of customers and other counterparts, and incorporate this information into their credit risk controls. The group and the company's policy is to deal with creditworthy counterparties.

None of the group's and the company's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

The credit risk for liquid funds is considered to be negligible, since the counterparties are reputable institutions with high quality external credit ratings.

Quoted investments are acquired after assessing the quality of the relevant investments.

Cash is placed with reliable financial institutions.

Liquidity risk

The group's and the company's exposure to liquidity risk arises from its obligations to meet financial liabilities, which comprise debt securities, trade and other payables and other financial liabilities. Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and committed credit facilities to ensure the availability of an adequate

for the year ended 31 October 2018

30. Risk management objectives and policies (continued)

amount of funding to meet the group's and the company's obligations when they become due.

At 31 October 2018 and 31 October 2017, the contractual maturities on the financial liabilities of the company and the group were as summarized below. Contractual maturities reflect gross cash flows, which may differ from the carrying values of financial liabilities at the date of the statement of financial position.

Group

	Less than 6 months 2018 €	From 6 to 12 months 2018 €	From 1 to 5 years 2018 €	More than 5 years 2018 €	Less than 6 months 2017 €	From 6 to 12 months 2017 €	From 1 to 5 years 2017 €	More than 5 years 2017 €
Bank borrowings Other borrowings	1,399,120 1,560,000 —————————————————————————————————	1,590,429 1,560,000 —————————————————————————————————	9,920,877 12,480,000 —————————————————————————————————	4,976,757 42,110,898 ——— 47,087,655	1,441,244 8,328,886 ——————————————————————————————————	1,625,671 5,163,136 —— 6,788,807	10,734,235 12,480,000 —————————————————————————————————	7,653,305 57,226,841 ————————————————————————————————————
Company	Less than 6 months 2018 €	From 6 to 12 months 2018 €	From 1 to 5 years 2018 €	More than 5 years 2018 €	Less than 6 months 2017 €	From 6 to 12 months 2017 €	From 1 to 5 years 2017 €	More than 5 years 2017 €
Bank borrowings	· 	 		 	202,057	198,292 ———————————————————————————————————	1,450,771 ———————————————————————————————————	646,297 ————————————————————————————————————

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency transactions arise when the group and the company enter into transactions denominated in a foreign currency. Foreign currency transactions mainly comprise transactions in US Dollars and GB Pounds.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 October 2018

30. Risk management objectives and policies (continued)

The risk arising from foreign currency transactions is managed by regular monitoring of the relevant exchange rates.

Interest rate risk

The group and the company's exposure to interest rate risk is limited to the variable interest rates on borrowings. Based on observations of current market conditions, the director considers an upward or downward movement in interest of 1% to be reasonably possible.

31. Capital management policies and procedures

The group's and the company's capital management objectives are to ensure its ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing commensurately with the level of risk, and maintaining an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The group and the company monitor the level of debt, which includes debt securities, trade and other payables and other financial liabilities less cash and cash equivalents, against total capital on an ongoing basis.