#### L.N. 165 of 2014

# NATIONAL INTEREST (ENABLING POWERS) ACT (CAP. 365)

# **Enforcement of European Union Sanctions** (Somalia) Regulations, 2014

IN exercise of the powers conferred by article 3(2) of the National Interest (Enabling Powers) Act, the Prime Minister has made the following regulations:-

- The title of these regulations is the Enforcement of Citation. European Union Sanctions (Somalia) Regulations, 2014.
  - 2. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires - Interpretation.

"the Act" means the National Interest (Enabling Powers) Act; Cap. 365.

"the Council Regulations" means the Council Regulations referred to in regulation 3, any amendment thereto and any repealing Regulation;

"Monitoring Board" means the Board established under regulation 2 of the Sanctions (Monitoring Board) Regulations; S.L. 365.08

"the Treaty" means the Treaty referred to in article 2 of the Cap. 460. European Union Act.

These regulations apply to the following European Council Text of Regulations:

European Council Regulation No. 147/2003 and of Regulation No. 356/2010.

- European Council Regulation (EC) No. 147/2003 European of 27 January, 2003 concerning certain restrictive measures in Council respect of Somalia (as amended); and
- European Council Regulation (EC) No. 356/2010 of 26 April 2010, imposing certain specific restrictive measures directed against certain natural or legal persons, entities or bodies in view of the situation in Somalia (as amended),

which texts are contained in the Schedule to these regulations.

For the purposes of article 3 of the European Union Act, Applicability of the Council Regulations are binding in their entirety in Malta and Union Act. shall be part of the domestic law thereof under the conditions laid Cap. 460. down in the Treaty.

Notification about freezing of assets

5. (1) Where any provision of any regulation made under the Act requires any person or any other entity to carry out the identification of funds or assets belonging to or in the possession of persons or entities as may be identified or identifiable under these regulations, or the freezing or blocking of such funds or assets, such person or entity shall without delay notify in writing any relevant information it may have regarding persons, entities, assets or funds affected by these regulations to the Monitoring Board, or to such other public authority as may be prescribed by any other law.

The disclosure of any information within the terms and requirements of this regulation shall not constitute a breach of the Professional Secrecy Act, where applicable, or of any other confidentiality obligation arising from a contract or any other law.

> Whosoever fails to abide by the provisions of subregulation (1) shall be guilty of an offence as is referred to in article 4 of the Criminal Code.

> **(1)** Where an offence against any provision of the Council Regulations, to which these regulations apply, or against these regulations is committed by a body of persons, whether corporate or unincorporate, every person who, at the time of the commission of the offence, was a director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of such body or association, or was purporting to act in any such capacity, shall be guilty of that offence unless he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge and that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence.

> Where the person found guilty of an offence under these regulations is an officer of a body corporate as is referred to in article 121D of the Criminal Code or is a person having a power of representation or having such authority as is referred to in that article and the offence of which that person was found guilty was committed for the benefit, in part or in whole, of that body corporate, the said person shall for the purposes of these regulations be deemed to be vested with the legal representation of the same body corporate which shall be liable to the payment of a fine of not less than five thousand euro (€5,000) and not more than one hundred and sixteen thousand four hundred and sixty-eight euro (€116,468).

> 7. Any person who commits an offence against any provision of the Council Regulations to which these regulations apply, or against these regulations shall, on conviction, be liable to imprisonment for a term from twelve months to five years or to a fine (multa) not exceeding one hundred and sixteen thousand four hundred and sixty-eight euro (€116,468), or to both such imprisonment and fine.

Cap. 377.

Cap. 9.

Corporate liability.

Cap. 9.

Penalty.

#### **SCHEDULE**

(Regulation 3)

# COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 147/2003 of 27 January 2003 concerning certain restrictive measures in respect of Somalia

# THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Articles 60 and 301 thereof,

Having regard to Council Common Position 2002/960/CFSP of 10 December 2002 concerning restrictive measures against Somalia\*,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

#### Whereas:

- (1) On 23 January 1992 the United Nations Security Council adopted resolution 733 (1992), imposing a general and complete embargo on all deliveries of weapons and military equipment to Somalia (hereinafter referred to as 'the arms embargo').
- (2) On 19 June 2001 the United Nations Security Council adopted resolution 1356 (2001), permitting certain exemptions to the arms embargo.
- (3) On 22 July 2002 the United Nations Security Council adopted resolution 1425 (2002), extending the arms embargo by prohibiting the direct or indirect supply to Somalia of technical advice, financial and other assistance, and training related to military activities.
- (4) Certain of these measures fall under the scope of the Treaty and, therefore, notably with a view to avoiding distortion of competition, Community legislation is necessary to implement the relevant decisions of the Security Council as far as the territory of the Community is concerned. For the purpose of this Regulation, the territory of the Community is deemed to encompass the territories of the Member States to which the Treaty is applicable, under the conditions laid down in that Treaty.
- (5) The Commission and the Member States should inform each other of the measures taken under this Regulation and of other relevant information at their disposal in connection with this Regulation, and cooperate with the Committee established by paragraph 11 of Resolution 733 (1992), in particular by supplying information to it.

<sup>\*</sup>OJ L 334, 11.12.2002, p. 1.

(6) Violations of the provisions of this Regulation should be subject to sanctions and Member States should impose appropriate sanctions to that end. It is, moreover, desirable that sanctions for violations of the provisions of this Regulation can be imposed on the date of entry into force of this Regulation and that Member States institute proceedings against any persons, entities or bodies under their jurisdiction that have violated any of the provisions,

#### HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### Article 1

Without prejudice to the powers of the Member States in the exercise of their public authority, it shall be prohibited:

- to provide financing or financial assistance related to military activities, including in particular grants, loans and export credit insurance, for any sale, supply, transfer or export of arms and related materiel, directly or indirectly to any person, entity or body in Somalia,
- to grant, sell, supply or transfer technical advice, assistance or training related to military activities, including in particular training and assistance related to the manufacture, maintenance and use of arms and related materiel of all types, directly or indirectly to any person, entity or body in Somalia.

#### Article 2

The participation, knowingly and intentionally, in activities the object or effect of which is, directly or indirectly, to promote the transactions referred to in Article 1 shall be prohibited.

#### Article 3

# 1. Article 1 shall not apply to:

- the provision of financing and financial assistance for the sale, supply, transfer or export of non-lethal military equipment intended solely for humanitarian or protective use, or for material intended for institution building programmes of the Union, Community or Member States, including in the field of security, carried out within the framework of the Peace and Reconciliation Process,
- the provision of technical advice, assistance or training related to such non-lethal equipment, if such activities have been approved in advance by the Committee established by paragraph 11 of Resolution 751 (1992) of the Security Council of the United Nations.
- 2. Article 1 shall not apply either to protective clothing, including flak

jackets and military helmets, temporarily exported to Somalia by United Nations personnel, representatives of the media and humanitarian and development workers and associated personnel for their personal use only.

3. Article 2 shall not apply to the participation in activities the object or effect of which is to promote activities that have been approved by the Committee established by paragraph 11 of Resolution 751 (1992) of the Security Council of the United Nations.

#### Article 4

Without prejudice to the rights and obligations of the Member States under the Charter of the United Nations, the Commission shall maintain all necessary contacts with the Security Council Committee mentioned in Article 3(1) for the purpose of the effective implementation of this Regulation.

#### Article 5

The Commission and the Member States shall immediately informeach other of the measures taken under this Regulation and shall supply each other with relevant information at their disposal in connection with this Regulation, in particular information in respect of violation and enforcement problems and judgments handed down by national courts.

#### Article 6

This Regulation shall apply notwithstanding any rights conferred or obligations imposed by any international agreement signed or any contract entered into or any licence or permit granted before the entry into force of this Regulation.

#### Article 7

- 1. Each Member State shall determine the sanctions to be imposed where the provisions of this Regulation are infringed. Such sanctions shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive. Pending the adoption, where necessary, of any legislation to this end, the sanctions to be imposed where the provisions of this Regulation are infringed shall, where relevant, be those determined by the Member States in order to give effect to Article 7 of Council Regulation (EC) No 1318/2002 of 22 July 2002 concerning certain restrictive measures in respect of Liberia\*.
- 2. Each Member State shall be responsible for bringing proceedings against any natural or legal person, entity or body under its jurisdiction, in cases of violation of any of the prohibitions laid down in this Regulation by such person, entity or body.

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<sup>\*</sup>OJ L 194, 23.7.2002, p. 1.

#### Article 8

This Regulation shall apply

- within the territory of the Community, including its airspace,
- on board any aircraft or any vessel under the jurisdiction of a Member State,
- to any person elsewhere who is a national of a Member State, and
- to any legal person, entity or body which is incorporated or constituted under the law of a Member State.

#### Article 9

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 January 2003.

For the Council
The President
G. PAPANDREOU

# COUNCIL REGULATION (EU) No 356/2010 of 26 April 2010

imposing certain specific restrictive measures directed against certain natural or legal persons, entities or bodies, in view of the situation in Somalia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 215 (1) and (2) thereof,

Having regard to Council Decision 2010/231/CFSP of 26 April 2010 concerning restrictive measures against Somalia and repealing Common Position 2009/138/CFSP\*,

Having regard to the joint proposal from the High Representative of the

<sup>\*</sup>See page 17 of the Official Journal dated 27th April 2010.

Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy and the European Commission,

#### Whereas:

- (1) On 20 November 2008, the United Nations Security Council (hereinafter referred to as the 'Security Council'), acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, adopted Resolution 1844 (2008) confirming the general and complete arms embargo against Somalia imposed by the United Nations Security Council Resolution (UNSCR) 733 (1992) and introducing additional restrictive measures.
- (2) The additional restrictive measures concern restrictions on admission and financial restrictive measures against individuals and entities designated by the Security Council or by the United Nations Sanctions Committee established pursuant to UNSCR 751 (1992) concerning Somalia (hereinafter referred to as the 'Sanctions Committee'). In addition to the general arms embargo, the Resolution introduces a specific prohibition on the direct and indirect supply, sale or transfer, of weapons and military equipment and a specific prohibition on the provision of related assistance and services, to individuals and entities listed by the Sanctions Committee
- (3) The restrictive measures are aimed at individuals and entities designated by the United Nations (UN) as engaging in or providing support for acts that threaten the peace, security or stability of Somalia, including acts that threaten the Djibouti Agreement of 18 August 2008 or the political process, or threaten the Transitional Federal Institutions (TFIs) or the African Union Mission in Somalia (AMISOM) by force, as having acted in violation of the arms embargo and related measures, or as obstructing the delivery of humanitarian assistance to Somalia, or access to, or distribution of, humanitarian assistance in Somalia.
- (4) On 16 February 2009, the Council of the European Union adopted Common Position 2009/138/CFSP concerning restrictive measures against Somalia\* which provides, inter alia, for financial restrictive measures concerning natural or legal persons, entities or bodies listed by the UN, as well as for a prohibition on the direct and indirect provision of assistance and services related to weapons and military equipment to such persons, entities or bodies.
- (5) On 19 March 2010, the Security Council adopted UNSCR 1916 (2010) which, *inter alia*, decided to ease some restrictions and obligations under the sanctions regime to enable the delivery of supplies and technical assistance by international, regional and sub-regional organisations and to ensure the timely delivery of urgently needed humanitarian assistance by the UN.
- (6) On 12 April 2010, the Sanctions Committee adopted the list of persons and entities which are subject to restrictive measures.

<sup>\*</sup>OJ L 46, 17.2.2009, p. 73.

- (7) On that basis, on 26 April 2010 the Council adopted Decision 2010/231/ CFSP.
- (8) These measures fall within the scope of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and, therefore, notably with a view to ensuring their uniform application by economic operators in all Member States, an act of the Union is necessary in order to implement them as far as the Union is concerned.
- (9) Council Regulation (EC) No 147/2003 of 27 January 2003 concerning certain restrictive measures in respect of Somalia\* imposed a general prohibition on the provision of technical advice, assistance, training, financing or financial assistance related to military activities, to any person, entity or body in Somalia. A new Council Regulation should be adopted to implement the measures concerning natural or legal persons, entities or bodies listed by the UN.
- (10) This Regulation respects the fundamental rights and observes the principles recognised in particular by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union\*\* and notably the right to an effective remedy and to a fair trial, the right to property and the right to the protection of personal data. This Regulation should be applied in accordance with those rights and principles.
- (11) This Regulation also fully respects the obligations of Member States under the Charter of the United Nations and the legally binding nature of Security Council Resolutions.
- (12) The power to amend the list in Annex I to this Regulation should be exercised by the Council, in view of the specific threat to international peace and security in the region posed by the situation in Somalia and in order to ensure consistency with the process for amending and reviewing the Annex to Council Decision 2010/231/CFSP.
- (13) The procedure for amending the list in Annex I to this Regulation should include providing to designated natural or legal persons, entities or bodies the reasons for their listing as transmitted by the Sanctions Committee, so as to give them an opportunity to present observations. Where observations are submitted or substantial new evidence is presented, the Council should review its decision in the light of those observations and inform the person, entity or body concerned accordingly.
- (14) In order to create maximum legal certainty within the Union, the names and other relevant data for identifying natural or legal persons, entities or bodies whose funds and economic resources are frozen in accordance with this Regulation should be published.
  - (15) Any processing of personal data of natural persons under this

<sup>\*</sup>OJ L 24, 29.1.2003, p. 2.

<sup>\*\*</sup>OJ C 364, 18.12.2000, p. 1.

Regulation should respect Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data\* and Directive 95/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 October 1995 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data\*\*

(16) Member States should determine the penalties applicable to infringements of the provisions of this Regulation. The penalties provided for should be proportionate, effective and dissuasive,

#### HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### Article 1

For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) 'funds' means financial assets and benefits of every kind, including but not limited to:
  - (i) cash, cheques, claims on money, drafts, money orders and other payment instruments;
  - (ii) deposits with financial institutions or other entities, balances on accounts, debts and debt obligations;
  - (iii) publicly and privately traded securities and debt instruments, including stocks and shares, certificates representing securities, bonds, notes, warrants, debentures and derivatives contracts;
  - (iv) interest, dividends or other income on or value accruing from or generated by assets;
  - (v) credit, right of set-off, guarantees, performance bonds or other financial commitments;
    - (vi) letters of credit, bills of lading, bills of sale;
  - (vii) documents evidencing an interest in funds or financial resources;
- (b) 'freezing of funds' means preventing any move, transfer, alteration, use of, access to, or dealing with funds in any way that would result in any change in their volume, amount, location, ownership,

\*\*OJ L 281, 23.11.1995, p. 31.

<sup>\*</sup>OJ L 8, 12.1.2001, p. 1.

possession, character, destination or other change that would enable the funds to be used, including portfolio management;

- (c) 'economic resources' means assets of every kind, whether tangible or intangible, movable or immovable, which are not funds but may be used to obtain funds, goods or services;
- (d) 'freezing of economic resources' means preventing their use to obtain funds, goods or services in any way, including, but not limited to, by selling, hiring or mortgaging them;
- (e) 'Sanctions Committee' means the Committee of the Security Council established pursuant to UNSCR 751 (1992) concerning Somalia;
- (f) 'technical assistance' means any technical support related to repairs, development, manufacture, assembly, testing, maintenance, or any other technical service, and may take forms such as instruction, advice, training, transmission of working knowledge or skills or consulting services; including verbal forms of assistance;
  - (g) 'investment services' means:
  - (i) reception and transmission of orders in relation to one or more financial instruments;
    - (ii) execution of orders on behalf of clients;
    - (iii) dealing on own account;
    - (iv) portfolio management;
    - (v) investment advice;
  - (vi) underwriting of financial instruments and/or placing of financial instruments on a firm commitment basis;
  - (vii) placing of financial instruments without a firm commitment basis; or
    - (viii) operating of multilateral trading facilities,

provided that the activity relates to any of the financial instruments listed in Section C of Annex I to Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments\*;

(h) 'territory of the Union' means the territories to which the

<sup>\*</sup>OJ L 145, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

Treaties are applicable, under the conditions laid down in the Treaties;

(i) 'statement of reasons' means the publicly releasable portion of the statement of case and/or, where applicable, the narrative summary of reasons for listing as provided by the Sanctions Committee.

#### Article 2

- 1. All funds and economic resources belonging to, owned, held or controlled by natural or legal persons, entities, or bodies listed in Annex I, shall be frozen
- 2. No funds or economic resources shall be made available, directly or indirectly, to or for the benefit of natural or legal persons, entities or bodies listed in Annex I.
- 3. Annex I shall consist of natural or legal persons, entities or bodies designated by the Security Council or by the Sanctions Committee in accordance with UNSCR 1844 (2008).
- 4. The participation, knowingly and intentionally, in activities the object or effect of which is, directly or indirectly, to circumvent the measures referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be prohibited.
- 5. The prohibition set out in paragraph 2 shall not give rise to liability of any kind on the part of the natural or legal persons, entities or bodies which made funds or economic resources available, where they did not know, and had no reasonable cause to suspect, that their actions would infringe this prohibition.

#### Article 3

- 1. Article 2(2) shall not apply to the addition to frozen accounts of:
  - (a) interest or other earnings on those accounts; or
- (b) payments due under contracts, agreements or obligations that were concluded or arose before the date on which the natural or legal person, entity or body referred to in Article 2 was designated by the Sanctions Committee or the Security Council,

provided that any such interest, other earnings and payments continue to be subject to Article 2(1).

2. Article 2(2) shall not prevent financial or credit institutions in the Union from crediting frozen accounts where they receive funds transferred to the account of a listed natural or legal person, entity or body, provided that any additions to such accounts will also be frozen. The financial or credit institution shall inform the competent authorities in the Member States, as indicated in the websites listed

in Annex II, about such transactions without delay.

#### Article 4

- 1. Article 2(1) and (2) shall not apply to the making available of funds, or economic resources necessary to ensure the timely delivery of urgently needed humanitarian assistance in Somalia, by the United Nations, its specialised agencies or programmes, humanitarian organisations having observer status with the United Nations General Assembly that provide humanitarian assistance, or their implementing partners.
- 2. The exemption set out in paragraph 1 shall not give rise to liability of any kind on the part of the natural or legal persons, entities or bodies which made funds or economic resources available, where they did not know, and had no reasonable cause to suspect, that their actions would not be covered by this exemption.

#### Article 5

- 1. By way of derogation from Article 2, the competent authorities in the Member States, as indicated in the websites listed in Annex II, may authorise, under such conditions as they deem appropriate, the release of certain frozen funds or economic resources, or the making available of certain funds or economic resources, if the following conditions are met:
  - (a) the competent authority concerned has determined that the funds or economic resources are:
    - (i) necessary to satisfy the basic needs of the persons listed in Annex I, and their dependent family members, including payments for foodstuffs, rent or mortgage, medicines and medical treatment, taxes, insurance premiums, and public utility charges;
    - (ii) intended exclusively for payment of reasonable professional fees and reimbursement of incurred expenses associated with the provision of legal services; or
    - (iii) intended exclusively for payment of fees or service charges for routine holding or maintenance of frozen funds or economic resources; and
  - (b) the Member State concerned has notified the Sanctions Committee of that determination and its intention to grant an authorisation, and the Sanctions Committee has not objected to that course of action within three working days of the notification.
- 2. By way of derogation from Article 2, the competent authorities in the Member States, as listed in Annex II, may authorise the release of certain frozen

funds or economic resources or the making available of certain funds or economic resources, after having determined that these are necessary to cover extraordinary expenses, provided that the Sanctions Committee has been notified of this determination by the Member State concerned and that the determination has been approved by that Committee.

3. The relevant Member State shall inform the other Member States and the Commission of any authorisation granted under paragraphs 1 and 2.

#### Article 6

By way of derogation from Article 2, the competent authorities in the Member States, as indicated in the websites listed in Annex II, may authorise the release of certain frozen funds or economic resources, if the following conditions are met:

- (a) the funds or economic resources are the subject of a judicial, administrative or arbitral lien established before the date on which the natural or legal person, entity or body referred to in Article 2 has been designated by the Sanctions Committee or the Security Council or of a judicial, administrative or arbitral judgment rendered prior to that date;
- (b) the funds or economic resources will be used exclusively to satisfy claims secured by such a lien or recognised as valid in such a judgment, within the limits set by applicable laws and regulations governing the rights of persons having such claims;
- (c) the lien or judgment is not for the benefit of a natural or legal person, entity or body listed in Annex I;
- (d) the lien or judgment is not contrary to public policy in the Member State concerned; and
- (e) the Sanctions Committee has been notified by the Member State of the lien or judgment.

#### Article 7

The freezing of funds and economic resources or the refusal to make funds or economic resources available, carried out in good faith on the basis that such action is in accordance with this Regulation, shall not give rise to liability of any kind on the part of the natural or legal person or entity implementing it, or its directors or employees, unless it is proved that the funds and economic resources were frozen as a result of negligence.

#### Article 8

1. It shall be prohibited to provide, directly or indirectly, any of the

following to any natural or legal person, entity or body listed in Annex I:

- (a) technical assistance related to military activities or to the supply, sale, transfer, manufacture, maintenance or use of goods and technology included in the Common Military List of the European Union\*;
- (b) financing or financial assistance related to military activities or to the supply, sale, transfer, manufacture, maintenance or use of goods and technology included in the Common Military List of the European Union;
- (c) investment services related to military activities or to the supply, sale, transfer, manufacture, maintenance or use of goods and technology included in the Common Military List of the European Union.
- 2. The participation, knowingly and intentionally, in activities the object or effect of which is, directly or indirectly, to circumvent the prohibition referred to in paragraph 1 shall be prohibited.
- 3. The prohibition set out in paragraph 1(b) shall not give rise to liability of any kind on the part of the natural or legal persons, entities or bodies which provided financing or financial assistance, where they did not know, and had no reasonable cause to suspect, that their actions would infringe this prohibition.

#### Article 9

- 1. Without prejudice to the applicable rules concerning reporting, confidentiality and professional secrecy, natural or legal persons, entities or bodies shall:
  - (a) supply immediately the competent authorities, as indicated on the websites listed in Annex II for the country where they are resident or located, with any information which would facilitate compliance with this Regulation, such as accounts and amounts frozen in accordance with Article 2, and shall forward such information, directly or through these competent authorities, to the Commission; and
  - (b) cooperate with the competent authorities as indicated on the websites listed in Annex II in any verification of this information.
- 2. Any information provided or received in accordance with this Article shall be used only for the purposes for which it was provided or received.

#### Article 10

The Commission and Member States shall immediately inform each other of the measures taken under this Regulation and shall supply each other with any

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<sup>\*</sup>OJ C 69, 18.3.2010, p. 19.

other relevant information at their disposal in connection with this Regulation, in particular information in respect of violation and enforcement problems and judgments handed down by national courts.

#### Article 11

The Commission shall be empowered to amend Annex II on the basis of information supplied by Member States.

#### Article 12

- 1. Where the Security Council or the Sanctions Committee lists a natural or legal person, entity or body and has provided a statement of reasons for the designation, the Council shall include such natural or legal person, entity or body in Annex I. The Council shall communicate its decision and the statement of reasons to the natural or legal person, entity or body concerned, either directly, if the address is known, or through the publication of a notice, providing such natural or legal person, entity or body an opportunity to present observations.
- 2. Where observations are submitted, or where substantial new evidence is presented, the Council shall review its decision and inform the person, entity or body accordingly.

#### Article 13

Where the UN decides to de-list a person, entity or body, or to amend the identifying data of a listed person, entity or body, the Council shall amend Annex I accordingly.

#### Article 14

Annex I shall include, where available, information provided by the Security Council or by the Sanctions Committee necessary to identify the natural or legal persons, entities or bodies concerned. With regard to natural persons, such information may include names including aliases, date and place of birth, nationality, passport and ID card numbers, gender, address, if known, and function or profession. With regard to legal persons, entities or bodies, such information may include names, place and date of registration, registration number and place of business. Annex I shall also include the date of designation by the Security Council or by the Sanctions Committee.

#### Article 15

1. Member States shall lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of the provisions of this Regulation and shall take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. The penalties provided for must be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.

2. Member States shall notify the Commission of those rules without delay after the entry into force of this Regulation and shall notify it of any subsequent amendment.

#### Article 16

- 1. Member States shall designate the competent authorities referred to in this Regulation and identify them in, or through, the websites listed in Annex II.
- 2. Member States shall notify the Commission of their competent authorities without delay after the entry into force of this Regulation, and shall notify it of any subsequent amendment thereto.
- 3. Where this Regulation sets out a requirement to notify, inform or otherwise communicate with the Commission, the address and other contact details to be used for such communication shall be those indicated in Annex II.

#### Article 17

This Regulation shall apply:

- (a) within the territory of the Union, including its airspace;
- (b) on board any aircraft or any vessel under the jurisdiction of a Member State;
- (c) to any person inside or outside the territory of the Union who is a national of a Member State;
- (d) to any legal person, entity or body which is incorporated or constituted under the law of a Member State;
- (e) to any legal person, entity or body in respect of any business done in whole or in part within the Union.

#### Article 18

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 26 April 2010.

For the Council
The President
C ASHTON

#### ANNEX I

# NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS, ENTITIES OR BODIES REFERRED TO IN ARTICLES 2 AND 8

# I. Natural persons

- 1. Yasin Ali Baynah (a.k.a. a) Ali, Yasin Baynah, b) Ali, Yassin Mohamed, c) Baynah, Yasin, d) Baynah, Yassin, e) Baynax, Yasiin Cali, f) Beenah, Yasin, g) Beenah, Yassin, h) Beenax, Yasin, i) Beenax, Yassin, j) Benah, Yasin, k) Benah, Yassin, l) Benax, Yassin, m) Beynah, Yasin, n) Binah, Yassin, o) Cali, Yasiin Baynax) Date of birth: circa 1966. Nationality: Somalia. Alt. Nationality: Sweden. Location: Rinkeby, Stockholm, Sweden; Mogadishu, Somalia.
- 2. Hassan Dahir Aweys (a.k.a. a) Ali, Sheikh Hassan Dahir Aweys, b) Awes, Hassan Dahir, c) Awes, Shaykh Hassan Dahir, d) Aweyes, Hassen Dahir, e) Aweys, Ahmed Dahir, f) Aweys, Sheikh, g) Aweys, Sheikh Hassan Dahir, h) Dahir, Aweys Hassan, i) Ibrahim, Mohammed Hassan, j) OAIS, Hassan Tahir, k) Uways, Hassan Tahir, l) 'Hassan, Sheikh') Date of birth: 1935. Citizen: Somalia. Nationality: Somalia. Location: Somalia; Eritrea.
- 3. Hassan Abdullah Hersi Al-Turki (a.k.a. a) Al-Turki, Hassan, b) Turki, Hassan, c) Turki, Hassan Abdillahi Hersi, d) Turki, Sheikh Hassan, e) Xirsi, Xasan Cabdullahi, f) Xirsi, Xasan Cabdulle) Date of birth: circa 1944. Place of birth: Ogaden Region, Ethiopia. Nationality: Somalia. Location: Somalia.
- 4. Ahmed Abdi aw-Mohamed (a.k.a. a) Abu Zubeyr, Muktar Abdirahman, b) Abuzubair, Muktar Abdulrahim, c) Aw Mohammed, Ahmed Abdi, d) Aw-Mohamud, Ahmed Abdi, e) 'Godane', f) 'Godani', g) 'Mukhtar, Shaykh', h) 'Zubeyr, Abu') Date of birth: 10 July 1977. Place of birth: Hargeysa, Somalia. Nationality: Somalia.
- 5. Fuad Mohamed Khalaf (a.k.a. a) Fuad Mohamed Khalif, b) Fuad Mohamed Qalaf, c) Fuad Mohammed Kalaf, d) Fuad Mohamed Kalaf, e) Fuad Mohammed Khalif, f) Fuad Khalaf, g) Fuad Shongale, h) Fuad Shongole, i) Fuad Shangole, j) Fuad Songale, k) Fouad Shongale, l) Fuad Muhammad Khalaf Shongole) Nationality: Somalia. Location: Mogadishu, Somalia. Alt. Location: Somalia.
- 6. Bashir Mohamed Mahamoud (a.k.a. a) Bashir Mohamed Mahmoud, b) Bashir Mahmud Mohammed, c) Bashir Mohamed Mohamud, d) Bashir Mohamed Mohamoud, e) Bashir Yare, f) Bashir Qorgab, g) Gure Gap, h) 'Abu Muscab', i) 'Qorgab') Date of birth: circa 1979-1982. Alt. date of birth: 1982. Nationality: Somalia. Location: Mogadishu, Somalia.
- 7. Mohamed Sa'id (a.k.a. a)'Atom', b) Mohamed Sa'id Atom, c) Mohamed Siad Atom) Date of birth: circa 1966. Place of birth: Galgala, Somalia.

Location: Galgala, Somalia. Alt.Location: Badhan, Somalia.

8. Fares Mohammed Mana'a (a.k.a.: a) Faris Mana'a, b) Fares Mohammed Manaa) Date of birth: 8 February 1965. Place of birth: Sadah, Yemen. Passport No.: 00514146; place of issue: Sanaa, Yemen. ID Card No.: 1417576; place of issue: Al-Amana, Yemen; date of issue: 7 January 1996.

# II. Legal persons, entities or bodies

AL-SHABAAB (a.k.a. a) Al-Shabab, b) Shabaab, c) The Youth, d) Mujahidin Al-Shabaab Movement, e) Mujahideen Youth Movement, f) Mujahidin Youth Movement, g) MYM, h) Harakat Shabab Al-Mujahidin, i) Hizbul Shabaab, j) Hisb'ul Shabaab, k) Al-Shabaab Al-Islamiya, l) Youth Wing, m) Al-Shabaab Al-Islam, n) Al-Shabaab Al-Jihaad, o) The Unity Of Islamic Youth, p) Harakat Al-Shabaab Al-Mujaahidiin, q) Harakatul Shabaab Al Mujaahidiin, r) Mujaahidiin Youth Movement) Location: Somalia.

#### ANNEX II

# WEBSITES FOR INFORMATION ON THE COMPETENT AUTHORITIES REFERRED TO IN ARTICLES 3(2), 5, 6 AND 9 AND ADDRESS FOR NOTIFICATIONS TO THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION

#### **BELGIUM**

http://www.diplomatie.be/eusanctions

# **BULGARIA**

http://www.mfa.government.bg

#### **CZECH REPUBLIC**

http://www.mfcr.cz/mezinarodnisankce

#### **DENMARK**

http://www.um.dk/da/menu/Udenrigspolitik/

FredSikkerhedOgInternationalRetsorden/Sanktioner/

#### **GERMANY**

http://www.bmwi.de/BMWi/Navigation/Aussenwirtschaft/Aussenwirtschaftsrecht/embargos.html

#### **ESTONIA**

http://www.vm.ee/est/kat 622/

#### **IRELAND**

http://www.dfa.ie/home/index.aspx?id=28519

#### **GREECE**

http://www.ypex.gov.gr/www.mfa.gr/en-US/Policy/Multilateral+Diplomacy/International+Sanctions/

#### **SPAIN**

www.mae.es/es/MenuPpal/Asuntos/Sanciones+Internacionales

#### **FRANCE**

http://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/autorites-sanctions/

#### **ITALY**

http://www.esteri.it/UE/deroghe.html

#### **CYPRUS**

http://www.mfa.gov.cy/sanctions

#### LATVIA

http://www.mfa.gov.lv/en/security/4539

#### LITHUANIA

http://www.urm.lt/sanctions

#### LUXEMBOURG

http://www.mae.lu/sanctions

# **HUNGARY**

http://www.kulugyminiszterium.hu/kum/hu/bal/Kulpolitikank/nemzetkozi szankciok/felelos illetekes hatosagok.htm

#### **MALTA**

http://www.doi.gov.mt/EN/bodies/boards/sanctions monitoring.asp

#### **NETHERLANDS**

www.minbuza.nl/nl/Onderwerpen/Internationale\_rechtsorde/ Internationale\_Sancties/Bevoegde\_instnties\_algemeen

# **AUSTRIA**

http://www.bmeia.gv.at/view.php3?f id=12750&LNG=en&version=

#### **POLAND**

http://www.msz.gov.pl

# PORTUGAL

http://www.mne.gov.pt/mne/pt/AutMedidasRestritivas.htm

#### **ROMANIA**

http://www.mae.ro/index.php?unde=doc&id=32311&idlnk=1&cat=3

# **SLOVENIA**

http://www.mzz.gov.si/si/zunanja\_politika/mednarodna\_varnost/omejevalni\_ukrepi/

### **SLOVAKIA**

http://www.foreign.gov.sk

# **FINLAND**

http://formin.finland.fi/kvyhteistyo/pakotteet

#### **SWEDEN**

http://www.ud.se/sanktioner

#### **UNITED KINGDOM**

http://www.fco.gov.uk/en/about-us/what-we-do/services-we-deliver/business-services/export-controls-sanctions/

Address for notifications to the European Commission:

**European Commission** 

DG for External Relations

Directorate A. Crisis Platform and Policy Coordination in CFSP

Unit A.2. Crisis Management and Conflict Prevention

CHAR 12/106

B-1049

Bruxelles/Brussel (Belgium)

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